

MyETF THOMSON REUTERS ASIA PACIFIC ex-JAPAN ISLAMIC AGRIBUSINESS

UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

	<u>Note</u>	<u>30 June 2018</u> RM	<u>Audited</u> <u>31 December 2017</u> RM
ASSETS			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4	19,063,667	19,428,340
Dividends receivable	5	25,701	-
Cash and cash equivalents	6	187,358	460,655
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>19,276,726</u>	<u>19,888,995</u>
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Manager		11,721	11,592
Amount due to Trustee		884	953
Auditors' remuneration		4,285	15,094
Tax agent's fee		12,178	4,091
Shariah adviser's fee		7,035	7,113
Payables	7	32,676	35,164
TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u>68,779</u>	<u>74,007</u>
NET ASSET VALUE OF THE FUND		<u>19,207,947</u>	<u>19,814,988</u>
EQUITY			
Unit holders' capital		17,945,700	19,042,100
Retained earnings		1,262,247	772,888
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS	9	<u>19,207,947</u>	<u>19,814,988</u>
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION	9	<u>18,000,000</u>	<u>19,000,000</u>
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT (RM)		<u>1.0671</u>	<u>1.0429</u>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

MyETF THOMSON REUTERS ASIA PACIFIC ex-JAPAN ISLAMIC AGRIBUSINESS

UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2018 TO 30 JUNE 2018

		<u>01.04.2018</u>	<u>01.04.2017</u>
		<u>to</u>	<u>to</u>
	<u>Note</u>	<u>30.06.2018</u>	<u>30.06.2017</u>
		RM	RM
INVESTMENT INCOME/(LOSS)			
Gross dividend income		133,271	135,605
Profit from short term Shariah-compliant deposits		1,905	1,704
Net (loss)/gain on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	4	456,655	(615,850)
Net foreign exchange loss		(22,807)	(30,792)
		<u>569,024</u>	<u>(509,333)</u>
EXPENSES			
Management fee	11	(37,277)	(37,416)
Trustee's fee	12	(2,992)	(2,992)
Transaction cost		(11,153)	(13,783)
Auditors' remuneration		(1,994)	(2,045)
Tax agent's fee		(3,623)	(2,339)
Shariah adviser's fee		(1,621)	(1,994)
Purification of non Shariah-compliant income		(6,133)	(5,341)
Other expenses	13	(8,833)	(11,809)
		<u>(73,626)</u>	<u>(77,719)</u>
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION		495,398	(587,052)
Taxation	14	(12,604)	(16,683)
		<u>482,794</u>	<u>(603,735)</u>
PROFIT/(LOSS) AFTER TAXATION AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		<u>482,794</u>	<u>(603,735)</u>
Profit/(loss) after taxation is made up as follows:			
Realised amount		385,865	845,811
Unrealised amount		96,929	(1,449,546)
		<u>482,794</u>	<u>(603,735)</u>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

MyETF THOMSON REUTERS ASIA PACIFIC ex-JAPAN ISLAMIC AGRIBUSINESS

UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	<u>Note</u>	<u>YTD</u> <u>30.06.2018</u> RM	<u>YTD</u> <u>30.06.2017</u> RM
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Gross dividend income		219,083	233,359
Profit from short term Shariah-compliant deposits		5,257	1,704
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	4	440,445	923,745
Net foreign exchange loss		(23,425)	(30,646)
		<u>641,360</u>	<u>1,128,162</u>
EXPENSES			
Management fee	11	(73,441)	(74,076)
Trustee's fee	12	(5,918)	(5,951)
Transaction cost		(11,153)	(13,783)
Auditors' remuneration		(3,945)	(4,089)
Tax agent's fee		(7,166)	(5,902)
Shariah adviser's fee		(3,206)	(3,967)
Purification of non Shariah-compliant income		(10,052)	(9,740)
Other expenses		(14,070)	(23,250)
		<u>(128,951)</u>	<u>(140,758)</u>
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		512,409	987,404
Taxation		(23,050)	(25,085)
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		<u><u>489,359</u></u>	<u><u>962,319</u></u>
Profit after taxation is made up as follows:			
Realised amount		408,640	872,030
Unrealised amount		80,719	90,289
		<u><u>489,359</u></u>	<u><u>962,319</u></u>

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MyETF THOMSON REUTERS ASIA PACIFIC ex-JAPAN ISLAMIC AGRIBUSINESS

UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2018 TO 30 JUNE 2018

	Note	Unit holders' capital RM	Retained earnings RM	Total RM
Balance as at 1 April 2018		19,042,100	779,453	19,821,553
Total comprehensive income for the financial period		-	482,794	482,794
Cancellation of units	9	(1,096,400)	-	(1,096,400)
Balance as at 30 June 2018		17,945,700	1,262,247	19,207,947

FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Balance as at 1 January 2018		19,042,100	772,888	19,814,988
Total comprehensive income for the financial period		-	489,359	489,359
Cancellation of units	9	(1,096,400)	-	(1,096,400)
Balance as at 30 June 2018		17,945,700	1,262,247	19,207,947

The accompanying notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

MyETF THOMSON REUTERS ASIA PACIFIC ex-JAPAN ISLAMIC AGRIBUSINESS

UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2018 TO 30 JUNE 2018

		<u>01.04.2018</u>	<u>01.04.2017</u>
		<u>to</u>	<u>to</u>
	<u>Note</u>	<u>30.06.2018</u>	<u>30.06.2017</u>
		RM	RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash used in purchase of investments		(2,306,916)	(3,174,336)
Proceeds from sales of investments		3,092,723	3,302,202
Dividends received		139,192	150,341
Profit from short-term Shariah-compliant deposits		1,906	1,704
Management fee paid		(37,753)	(24,573)
Trustee fee paid		(3,979)	(1,941)
Payment for other fees and expenses		(61,296)	(40,696)
Net cash generated from operating activities		<u>823,877</u>	<u>212,701</u>
Payments for cancellation of units, representing net cash used in financing activities	20	<u>(1,096,400)</u>	<u>-</u>
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(272,523)	212,701
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		<u>459,881</u>	<u>67,224</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	6	<u><u>187,358</u></u>	<u><u>279,925</u></u>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

MyETF THOMSON REUTERS ASIA PACIFIC ex-JAPAN ISLAMIC AGRIBUSINESS

UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	<u>Note</u>	<u>YTD</u> <u>30.06.2018</u> RM	<u>YTD</u> <u>30.06.2017</u> RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash used in purchase of investments		(2,306,916)	(3,174,336)
Proceeds from sales of investments		3,092,723	3,302,202
Dividends received		192,804	202,406
Profit from short-term Shariah-compliant deposits		5,257	1,704
Management fee paid		(73,314)	(60,097)
Trustee fee paid		(5,987)	(4,864)
Payment for other fees and expenses		(81,464)	(70,283)
Net cash generated from operating activities		<u>823,103</u>	<u>196,732</u>
Payments for cancellation of units, representing net cash used in financing activities	20	<u>(1,096,400)</u>	<u>-</u>
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(273,297)	196,732
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		<u>460,655</u>	<u>83,193</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	6	<u><u>187,358</u></u>	<u><u>279,925</u></u>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Unless otherwise stated, the following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items that are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Exchange Traded Fund ("the Fund") have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS and IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the financial period. It also requires the Manager to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgement are based on the Managers' best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated by the Manager and the Trustee and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Fund makes estimates and assumption concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information content of the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impact to the Fund's results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

(a) The new amendments to published standards that are effective:

The Fund has applied the following standard for the first time for the financial year beginning on 1 January 2018:

- Amendments to MFRS 107 "Statement of Cash Flows - Disclosure Initiative" introduce an additional disclosure on changes in liabilities arising from financing activities.
- MFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" has replaced MFRS 139 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement".

The adoption of these amendments did not have any impact on the current financial period and is not likely to affect future years.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 (CONTINUED)

A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) The new standards and amendments to published standards that are applicable to the Fund but not yet effective and have not been early adopted are as follows:

(i) Financial year beginning on/after 1 January 2019

- Amendments to MFRS 9 'Prepayment features with negative compensation' (effective 1 January 2019) allow companies to measure some prepayable financial assets with negative compensation at amortised cost.

Negative compensation arises where the contractual terms permit the borrower to prepay the instrument before its contractual maturity, but the prepayment amount could be less than the unpaid amounts of principal and interest.

To qualify for amortised cost measurement, the negative compensation must be reasonable compensation for early termination of the contract, and the asset must be held within a 'held to collect' business model.

- Amendments to MFRS 112 'Income Taxes' (effective from 1 January 2019) clarify that where income tax consequences of dividends on financial instruments classified as equity is recognised (either in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or equity) depends on where the past transactions that generated distributable profits were recognised.

Accordingly, the tax consequences are recognised in profit or loss when an entity determines payments on such instruments are distribution of profits (that is, dividends). Tax on dividend should not be recognised in equity merely on the basis that it is related to a distribution to owners.

B INCOME FROM SHARIAH-COMPLIANT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Revenue arising from assets yielding profit is recognised on a time proportionate basis using the effective profit method on an accruals basis.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

C NON SHARIAH-COMPLIANT INCOME

Any income or distribution received by the Fund from its investment portfolio which relates to profit income or dividend income from fortuitous activities (does not comply with the Shariah principles) of the underlying companies is considered Non Shariah-compliant Income.

This non Shariah-compliant income is subject to an income purification process as determined by the Index Provider from time to time and without limitation based on the impure ratio for each component stock. The non Shariah-compliant income may be distributed to organisations considered beneficial to the public at large which are endorsed by the Shariah Adviser and approved by the Trustee. The amount is recognised as an expense in profit or loss.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 (CONTINUED)

D TAXATION

Current tax expense is determined according to the Malaysian tax laws and includes all taxes based upon the taxable profits.

E CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balances and deposits that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

F FINANCIAL ASSETS

(i) Classification

The Fund designates its investment in equity securities as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at inception.

Financial assets are designated at fair value through profit or loss when they are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis.

Financing and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payment that are not quoted in an active market and have been included in current assets. The Fund's financing and receivables comprise cash and cash equivalent and dividend receivable which are all due within 12 months.

(ii) Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date, the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value. Transaction costs are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Unrealised gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss' in the period in which they arise.

Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as part of gross dividend income when the Fund's right to receive payments is established.

Investments principally consist of quoted investments are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently re-measured at fair value based on the market price quoted on the relevant stock exchanges at the close of the business on the valuation day, where the close price falls within the bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the close price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager will determine the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of the fair value. Purchases and sales of investments are accounted for on the trade date.

If a valuation based on the market price does not represent the fair value of the securities, for example during the abnormal market conditions or no market price is available, including in the event of a suspension in the quotation of the securities for a period exceeding 14 days, or such shorter period as agreed by Trustee, the securities are valued as determined in good faith by the Manager, based on the methods and bases approved by the Trustee after appropriate technical consultation.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 (CONTINUED)

F FINANCIAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

(ii) Recognition and measurement (continued)

Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions are stated at cost plus accrued profit calculated in the effective profit method over the period from the date of placement to the date of maturity of the respective deposits, which is reasonable estimate of fair value due to the short-term nature of the deposits. Financing and receivables are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective profit rate method.

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

For assets carried at amortised cost, the Fund assesses at the end of the reporting year whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

The amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective profit rate. The asset's carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss. If 'financing and receivables' has a variable profit rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective profit rate determined under the contract. As a practical expedient, the Fund may measure impairment on the basis of an instrument's fair value using an observable market price.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss. When an asset is uncollectible, it is written off against the related allowance account. Such assets are written off after all the necessary procedures have been completed and the amount of the loss has been determined.

G FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(i) Classification

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability.

The Fund's financial liabilities include amount due to Manager, accrued management fee, amount due to stockbrokers, amount due to Trustee, audit and tax agent's fee and Shariah adviser's fee.

The Fund classifies amount due to index licensor, amount due to beneficial organisations, printing costs and other payables and accruals as other financial liabilities.

(ii) Recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities, within the scope of MFRS 139, are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. Gains and losses are recognised as profit or loss when the liabilities are de-recognised, and through the amortisation process.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 (CONTINUED)

H UNIT HOLDERS' CAPITAL

The unit holders' contributions to the Fund meet the criteria to be classified as equity instruments under MFRS 132 "Financial Instruments: Presentation". Those criteria include:

- the units entitle the holder to a proportionate share of the Fund's net assets value;
- the units are the most subordinated class and class features are identical;
- there is no contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the obligation on the redemption of units; and
- the total expected cash flows from the units over its life are based substantially on the profit or loss of the Fund.

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial year if unit holder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unit holders with the total number of outstanding units. In accordance with the Securities Commission ("SC") Guidelines on Exchange-Traded Funds, investment positions are valued based on the last traded market price for the purpose of determining the net asset value per unit for creations and cancellations.

I PRESENTATION AND FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY

(i) Presentation and functional currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at financial period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in statement of comprehensive income.

J SEGMENT REPORTING

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of the Fund's manager that undertakes strategic decisions for the Fund.

K NET GAINS/(LOSSES)

The analysis of realised and unrealised net income after tax as disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income is prepared in accordance with the SC Guidelines on Exchange Traded Funds.

L DISTRIBUTION

Distributions are at the discretion of the Fund. A distribution to the Fund's unit holders is accounted for as a deduction from realised reserves. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the year in which it is approved by the Board of Directors of the Manager.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

1 INFORMATION ON THE FUND

The Exchange-Traded Fund (the "Fund") was constituted under the name MyETF Thomson Reuters Asia Pacific ex-Japan Islamic Agribusiness pursuant to the execution of a trust deed dated 29 July 2015 and supplemental deed dated 9 December 2016 and 19 June 2017 (the "Deed") entered into between *i*-VCAP Management Sdn. Bhd. (the "Manager") and Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad (the "Trustee").

The Fund was launched on 12 November 2015 and will continue its operations until terminated in accordance with Part 26 of the Deed.

The Fund is an Exchange-Traded Fund that is designed to provide investment results that closely correspond to the performance of the Thomson Reuters Asia Pacific ex-Japan Islamic Agribusiness Index ("Benchmark Index") regardless of its performance. The Benchmark Index shall comprise of the 30 largest Shariah-compliant companies (by market capitalisation) listed on the stock exchanges within the Asia Pacific region that are primarily engaged in the upstream agricultural production activities as determined by Thomson Reuters (Markets) LLC. All investments will be subjected to the SC Guidelines on Exchange-Traded Funds, the Deed and the objective of the Fund.

As provided in the Deed, the financial year shall end on 31 December.

The Manager is a company incorporated in Malaysia. The principal activity of the Manager is the provision of Shariah investment management services.

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks which include market risk, profit rate risk and credit/default risk from the following financial instruments:

	Note	Financing and receivables RM	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss RM	Total RM
30 June 2018				
Financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss	4	-	19,063,667	19,063,667
Dividends receivable		25,701	-	25,701
Cash and cash equivalents	6	187,358	-	187,358
Total		213,059	19,063,667	19,276,726
31 December 2017				
Financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss	4	-	19,428,340	19,428,340
Cash and cash equivalents	6	460,655	-	460,655
Total		460,655	19,428,340	19,888,995

All current liabilities are financial liabilities which are carried at amortised cost.

Financial risk management is carried out through internal control processes adopted by the Manager and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated in the SC Guidelines on Exchange Traded Funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk

(i) Price Risk

The Fund is exposed to equity securities price risk arising from investments held by the Fund for which prices in the future are uncertain. The very nature of an Exchange-Traded Fund, however, helps mitigate this risk because a fund would generally hold a well-diversified portfolio of securities from different market sectors so that the collapse of any one security or any one market sector would not impact too greatly on the value of the fund.

At 30 June 2018, the fair value of equities exposed to price risk was as follows:

	<u>30 June 2018</u> RM	<u>31 December 2017</u> RM
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	19,063,667	19,428,340

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's unrealised income or loss to equity price movements as 30 June 2018. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the Thomson Reuters Asia Pacific ex-Japan Islamic Agribusiness Index ("the Index") increased by 10% and decreased by 10%, with all other variables held constant, and that the fair value of the Fund's portfolio of equity securities moved in correlation with the Index.

% Change in benchmark index	Benchmark index	Market value RM	Impact to profit after tax/NAV RM
<u>30 June 2018</u>			
-10%	192.89	18,060,139	(1,003,528)
0%	214.32	19,063,667	-
10%	235.75	20,067,195	1,003,528
<u>31 December 2017</u>			
-10%	185.99	17,855,977	(1,572,363)
0%	206.65	19,428,340	-
10%	227.32	21,000,703	1,572,363

The Index is used as a benchmark as the Fund is designed to provide investment results that closely correspond to the performance of the Index.

(ii) Currency risk

Currency risk is associated with investments that are quoted and/or priced in foreign currency denomination. Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Manager will evaluate the likely directions of a foreign currency versus Ringgit Malaysia based on considerations of economic fundamentals such as interest rate differentials, balance of payments position, debt levels, and technical chart considerations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(ii) Currency risk (continued)

The following table sets out the foreign currency risk concentrations arising from the denomination of the Fund's financial instruments in foreign currency:

	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss RM
<u>30 June 2018</u>	
AUD	4,026,472
IDR	2,457,128
HKD	1,614,151
NZD	1,564,549
TWD	1,578,508
KRW	1,419,551
PHP	805,775
THB	259,271
	<u>13,725,405</u>
<u>31 December 2017</u>	
AUD	2,784,525
IDR	2,850,868
TWD	1,791,443
HKD	1,962,588
NZD	1,769,246
KRW	1,406,738
PHP	1,033,236
THB	345,606
	<u>13,944,250</u>

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's profit after tax and NAV to changes in foreign exchange movements for the Fund. The analysis is based on the assumption that the foreign exchange rates fluctuate according to the respective standard deviation of the daily fluctuations of the exchange rate of the currencies, with all other variables remaining constant. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonable shift in the foreign exchange rate, having regards to historical volatility of the rate. Disclosures below are shown in absolute terms; changes and impacts could be positive or negative.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(ii) Currency risk (continued)

	Change in foreign exchange rate	Impact to profit or loss/NAV
	%	RM
<u>30 June 2018</u>		
AUD	+/- 3.81	+/- 153,349
IDR	+/- 2.47	+/- 60,699
NZD	+/- 3.72	+/- 58,279
KRW	+/- 3.43	+/- 48,645
TWD	+/- 1.71	+/- 27,019
PHP	+/- 2.98	+/- 23,972
HKD	+/- 1.17	+/- 18,943
THB	+/- 2.49	+/- 6,456
<u>31 December 2017</u>		
AUD	+/- 7.28	+/- 202,739
NZD	+/- 7.99	+/- 141,441
KRW	+/- 7.22	+/- 101,587
IDR	+/- 2.99	+/- 85,137
TWD	+/- 3.87	+/- 69,316
HKD	+/- 3.10	+/- 60,860
PHP	+/- 4.21	+/- 43,491
THB	+/- 3.29	+/- 11,382

Profit rate risk

Cash flow profit rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market profit rates.

The Fund's exposure to interest rate risk is mainly confined to Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed banks. The Manager overcomes this by way of maintaining deposits on a short term basis.

The Fund's exposure to profit rate risk associated with Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed banks is not material as the deposit is held on a short-term basis.

Credit/Default risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

The credit risk arising from placements of deposits in licensed financial institutions is managed by ensuring that the Fund will only place deposits in reputable licensed financial institutions. For amount due from stockbrokers, the settlement terms are governed by the relevant rules and regulations as prescribed by Bursa Securities. The settlement terms of the proceeds from the creation of units receivable from the Manager are governed by the SC's Guidelines on Exchange Traded Funds.

The credit/default risk is minimal as all transactions in quoted investments are settled/ paid upon delivery using approved brokers.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Credit/Default risk (continued)

The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancements at 30 June 2018 is the carrying amount of the financial assets as set out below.

	<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u> RM	<u>Dividends receivable</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
<u>30 June 2018</u>			
Financial institutions			
– AAA	171,079	-	171,079
– AA1	16,279	-	16,279
Others	-	25,701	25,701
	<u>187,358</u>	<u>25,701</u>	<u>213,059</u>
<u>31 December 2017</u>			
Financial institutions			
– AAA	435,558	-	435,558
– AA1	25,097	-	25,097
	<u>460,655</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>460,655</u>

3 CAPITAL AND LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT

The capital of the Fund is represented by the net assets attributable to unit holders. The amount of net asset attributable to unit holders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily creations and cancellations of units at the discretion of unit holders. The Manager will provide perfect basket which comprises a portfolio of the Benchmark Index shares in substantially the same composition and weighting as the Benchmark Index and cash component to be delivered by the investors in the case of creations and to be transferred to the unit holders in the case of cancellations. The Fund maintains sufficient quantity of shares and cash in proportion to the perfect basket.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the statement of financial position date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table below are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	<u>Within one month</u> RM	<u>One month to one year</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
<u>30 June 2018</u>			
Amount due to Manager	11,721	-	11,721
Amount due to Trustee	884	-	884
Auditors' remuneration	-	4,285	4,285
Tax agent's fee	-	12,178	12,178
Shariah adviser's fee	-	7,035	7,035
Payables	-	32,676	32,676
	<u>12,605</u>	<u>56,174</u>	<u>68,779</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 (CONTINUED)

3 CAPITAL AND LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

31 December 2017

Amount due to Manager	11,592	-	11,592
Amount due to Trustee	953	-	953
Auditors' remuneration	-	15,094	15,094
Tax agent's fee	-	4,091	4,091
Shariah adviser's fee	-	7,113	7,113
Payables	2,260	32,904	35,164
	<u>14,805</u>	<u>59,202</u>	<u>74,007</u>

4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	<u>30 June 2018</u> RM	<u>31 December 2017</u> RM
Designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception		
- Quoted shares – local	5,319,638	5,484,089
- Quoted shares – foreign	13,744,029	13,944,251
	<u>19,063,667</u>	<u>19,428,340</u>
	<u>Quarter Ended</u> <u>30 June 2018</u> RM	<u>Quarter Ended</u> <u>30 June 2017</u> RM
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
- Realised gain	359,726	833,644
- Unrealised gain/(loss)	96,929	(1,449,494)
	<u>456,655</u>	<u>(615,850)</u>
	<u>Year to Date</u> <u>30 June 2018</u> RM	<u>Year to Date</u> <u>30 June 2017</u> RM
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
- Realised gain	359,726	833,644
- Unrealised gain	80,719	90,101
	<u>440,445</u>	<u>923,745</u>

5 DIVIDENDS RECEIVABLE

Dividends receivable represents dividends declared on the Fund's component stocks at the ex-date and not yet received at the end of the financial period.

Dividends declared are recognized on the ex-date and are reversed out from the receivables upon receipt by the Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 (CONTINUED)

6 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

	<u>30 June 2018</u> RM	<u>31 December 2017</u> RM
Shariah-compliant deposits with a licensed bank	171,079	435,558
Cash at bank – From Shariah-compliant income	11,294	25,097
Cash at bank – From non Shariah-compliant income	4,985	-
	<u>187,358</u>	<u>460,655</u>

The effective average profit rate of short term deposits per annum as at the date of the statement of financial position is as follows:

	<u>30 June 2018</u> %pa	<u>31 December 2017</u> %pa
Shariah-compliant deposits with a licensed bank	<u>3.15</u>	<u>3.05</u>

As at the end of the financial period ended 30 June 2018, the Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed bank of the Fund have a weighted average maturity period of 2 days (31 December 2017: 2 days) and are denominated in Ringgit Malaysia.

7 PAYABLES

	<u>30 June 2018</u> RM	<u>31 December 2017</u> RM
Amount due to beneficial organisations (Note 8)	4,985	-
Printing cost	3,500	3,500
Other payables	24,191	31,664
	<u>32,676</u>	<u>35,164</u>

8 AMOUNT DUE TO BENEFICIAL ORGANISATIONS

Amount due to beneficial organisations is the Non Shariah-compliant income portion of dividends received and receivable as at 30 June 2018. It comprises the following amounts:

	<u>30 June 2018</u> RM	<u>31 December 2017</u> RM
Cash at bank – non Shariah-compliant income	<u>4,985</u>	<u>-</u>

Cash at bank – non Shariah-compliant income represents the portion of dividends already received during the financial period which relates to income that does not comply with Shariah principles.

9 NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION AND NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS

Net Asset Value (NAV) attributable to unit holders is represented by:

	Note	<u>30 June 2018</u> RM	<u>31 December 2017</u> RM
Unit holders' contribution	(a)	17,945,700	19,042,100
Retained earnings		1,262,247	772,888
		<u>19,207,947</u>	<u>19,814,988</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 (CONTINUED)

9 NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION AND NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS (CONTINUED)

(a) UNIT HOLDERS' CONTRIBUTION/UNITS IN CIRCULATION

	30 June 2018		31 December 2017	
	No. of Units	RM	No. of Units	RM
At beginning of the period/year	19,000,000	19,042,100	19,000,000	19,042,100
Cancellation during the period/year	(1,000,000)	(1,096,400)	-	-
At the end of the period/year	18,000,000	17,945,700	19,000,000	19,042,100
Approved size of Fund	<u>500,000,000</u>		<u>500,000,000</u>	

10 TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS

Details of transactions with the brokers for the period ended 30 June 2017 are as follows:

<u>Name of brokers</u>	Value of trade	Percentage of total trades	Brokerage fees	Percentage of total brokerage
	RM	%	RM	%
Maybank Investment Bank Bhd	2,304,118	42.52	2,918	41.14
CIMB Investment Bank Bhd.	2,286,784	42.20	3,169	44.68
BIMB Securities Sdn. Bhd.	183,853	3.40	221	3.11
CIMB Securities Ltd. - Korea	644,195	11.88	785	11.07
	<u>5,418,950</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>7,093</u>	<u>100.00</u>

11 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND PARTIES RELATED TO THE MANAGER

The related parties of and their relationship with the Fund are as follows:

<u>Related parties</u>	<u>Relationship</u>
i-VCAP Management Sdn. Bhd.	The Manager
Valuecap Sdn Bhd ("Valuecap")	Holding company of the Manager
Shareholders of Valuecap with significant influence on Valuecap	Shareholders of Valuecap

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 (CONTINUED)

11 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND PARTIES RELATED TO THE MANAGER (CONTINUED)

(a) Units held by the Manager and parties related to the Manager

	30 June 2018		31 December 2017	
	No. of Units	RM	No. of Units	RM
The Manager	-	-	2,000	2,086
Valuecap	14,822,600	15,817,196	16,159,900	16,853,160
	<u>14,822,600</u>	<u>15,817,196</u>	<u>16,161,900</u>	<u>16,855,246</u>

The units are held legally by the manager for booking purposes. The units are held beneficially by Valuecap and shareholders of ValueCap.

12 MANAGEMENT FEE

The Manager is entitled to a management fee at a rate not exceeding 3.0% per annum on the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Fund calculated on a daily basis, as provided under Clause 15.1(b) of the Deed.

For the financial period ended 30 June 2018, the management fee was recognised at a rate of 0.75% (2017: 0.75%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on daily basis.

There will be no further liability to the Manager in respect of management fee other than the amounts recognised above.

13 TRUSTEE'S FEE

The Trustee is entitled to an annual fee, exclusive of foreign sub-custodian fees and charges, at a rate not exceeding 0.2% per annum on the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Fund, subject to a minimum of RM12,000 per annum as provided under Clause 15.2(b) of the Deed.

For the financial period ended 30 June 2018, the Trustee's fee was recognised at a rate of 0.045% (2017: 0.045%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, subject to a minimum of RM12,000 per annum, inclusive of local custodian fee and excluding foreign custodian fee, calculated on a daily basis.

There will be no further liability to the Trustee in respect of trustee fee other than the amounts recognised above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 (CONTINUED)

14 OTHER EXPENSES

	01.04.2018 to 30.06.2018 RM	01.04.2017 to 30.06.2017 RM
GST expense	2,283	3,173
Other expenses	6,550	8,636
	<u>8,833</u>	<u>11,809</u>

15 TAXATION

	01.04.2018 to 30.06.2018 RM	01.04.2017 to 30.06.2017 RM
Tax charged for the financial period:		
- Current taxation	<u>12,604</u>	<u>16,683</u>

The explanation of the relationship between taxation and profit/(loss) before taxation of the Fund is as follows:

	01.04.2018 to 30.06.2018 RM	01.04.2017 to 30.06.2017 RM
Profit before taxation	<u>495,398</u>	<u>(587,052)</u>
Tax at Malaysian statutory rate of 24%	118,896	(140,892)
Tax effect of:		
Investment income not subject to tax	(120,416)	135,549
Restriction on tax deductible expenses for exchange-traded funds	9,803	3,374
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	7,867	9,488
Foreign income subject to foreign tax rates	<u>(3,546)</u>	<u>9,164</u>
	<u>12,604</u>	<u>16,683</u>

16 INCOME DISTRIBUTION

There is no income distribution declared for the financial period ended 30 June 2018.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 (CONTINUED)

17 MANAGEMENT EXPENSE RATIO ("MER")

	<u>30 June 2018</u>	<u>30 June 2017</u>
	%	%
MER	<u>0.59</u>	<u>0.64</u>

MER is derived from the following calculation:

$$\text{MER} = \frac{(A + B + C + D + E + F + G)}{H} \times 100$$

A	=	Management fee
B	=	Trustee's fee
C	=	Licensing fee
D	=	Auditors' remuneration
E	=	Tax agent's fee
F	=	Shariah adviser's fee
G	=	Other expenses
H	=	Average net asset value of Fund calculated on daily basis

The average net asset value of the Fund for the financial period calculated on daily basis is RM19,854,517 (30 June 2017: RM19,911,472).

18 PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

	<u>30 June 2018</u>	<u>30 June 2017</u>
PTR (times)	<u>0.14</u>	<u>0.16</u>

PTR is derived from the following calculation:

$$\text{PTR} = \frac{(\text{Total acquisition for the financial period} + \text{total disposal for the financial period}) \div 2}{\text{Average net asset value of the Fund for the financial period calculated on daily basis}}$$

where: total acquisition for the financial period = RM2,311,339 (30 June 2017: RM3,181,334)
total disposal for the financial period = RM3,102,610 (30 June 2017: RM3,326,225)

The average net asset value of the Fund for the financial period calculated on daily basis is RM19,854,517 (30 June 2017: RM19,911,472).

19 SEGMENT REPORTING

The internal reporting provided to the CEO for the Fund's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of MFRS. The CEO is responsible for the performance of the fund and considers the business to have a single operating segment located in Malaysia. Asset allocation decisions are based on a single, integrated investment strategy and the Fund's performance is evaluated on an overall basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 (CONTINUED)

19 SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

The investment objective of the Fund is to provide investment results that, before expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the Thomson Reuters Islamic Asia Pacific ex-Japan Agribusiness Index, regardless of its performance. The reportable operating segment derives its income by seeking investments to achieve targeted returns consummate with an acceptable level of risk within the portfolio. These returns consist of dividend income earned from investments and gains on the appreciation in the value of investments which is derived from 30 largest Shariah-compliant companies (by market capitalisation) listed on the Relevant Exchanges within the Asia Pacific region that are primarily engaged in the upstream agricultural production activities. The constituent securities of the Benchmark Index are listed on Bursa Securities, Singapore Exchange, The Stock Exchange of Thailand, Indonesia Stock Exchange, The Philippine Stock Exchange Inc, Korea Stock Exchange, Australian Securities Exchange, The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation and New Zealand Stock Exchange.

There were no changes in the reportable segments during the period.

20 NON CASH TRANSACTIONS

Creations and cancellations are done by transferring the perfect basket from and to the unit holders respectively. A reconciliation of the cash flows used in creation and cancellation and the total creation and cancellation as presented in the statement of changes in equity is presented below:

	<u>30 June 2018</u>	<u>30 June 2017</u>
	RM	RM
Cancellation		
- Fair value of benchmark index shares	-	-
- Cash component	1,096,400	-
	<u>1,096,400</u>	<u>-</u>

21 FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

The fair value of financial assets traded in active markets (such as trading securities) is based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the period end date.

The fair value of financial assets that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques.

(i) Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices)(Level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data, (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 (CONTINUED)

21 FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(i) Fair value hierarchy (continued)

The level in fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgment by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets (by class) measured at fair value at 30 June 2018:

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss				
- Quoted Shares	<u>19,063,667</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>19,063,667</u>

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and are therefore classified within Level 1, include collective investment schemes. The Fund does not adjust the quoted prices for these instruments.

- (ii) The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, amount due from Manager, rebate of management fee receivable and all current liabilities are a reasonable approximation of the fair values due to their short term nature.