## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 March 2012 (*Unaudited*)

		<u>31 March</u> 2012	<u>Audited</u> <u>31 December</u> <u>2011</u>
	Note	RM	RM
ASSETS			
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4	301,973,948	404,765,402
Dividends receivable Tax recoverable	5	156,392 165,936	72,288
Receivables	6	2,728	2,741
Shariah compliant deposits with a licensed bank	7	5,742,656	6,367,531
Bank balance with a licensed bank	7	1,142,624	815,284
TOTAL ASSETS		309,184,284	412,023,246
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Amount due to Manager Amount due to Trustee Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee Payables	8	102,406 12,801 25,600 8,150 5,864,504	143,109 17,889 25,600 8,150 525,335
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,013,461	720,083
NET ASSET VALUE OF THE FUND	10	303,170,823	411,303,163
EQUITY Unit holders' capital Accumulated losses NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS		308,879,353 (5,708,530) 303,170,823	427,861,113 (16,557,950) 411,303,163
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION	10	291,900,000	410,300,000
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT (RM)		1.0386	1.0024

## STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the financial period from 1 January 2012 to 31 March 2012 (*Unaudited*)

		<u>1 January 2012</u>	
		<u>to</u> <u>31 March 2012</u>	<u>to</u> <u>31 March 2011</u>
	Note	RM	RM
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Gross dividend income Profit from short term Shariah-compliant		2,501,146	5,095,662
deposits		39,301	54,463
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	4	13,856,733	37,625,753
		16,397,180	42,775,878
EXPENSES Management fee	13	309,027	614,763
Trustee's fee	13	38,629	76,845
License fee	15	26,490	61,110
Brokerage fees	10	5,925	2,568
Auditors' remuneration		5,525	2,000
Tax agent's fee		-	-
Shariah adviser's fee		_	-
Purification of non Shariah-compliant income		56,291	135,238
Other (income)/expenses	16		20,599
	10		
		436,362	911,123
NET INCOME BEFORE TAXATION		15,960,818	41,864,755
TAXATION	17	142,802	(144,746)
		, 	
NET INCOME AFTER TAX AND TOTAL		10,100,000	11 700 000
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		16,103,620	41,720,009
Net income after taxation is made up as follows:			
Realised amount		5,751,438	4,169,915
Unrealised amount		10,352,182	37,550,094
		16,103,620	41,720,009
Distribution per unit to unit holders:			
Income distribution for the financial year 2011	18	0.018	0.01
····· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ···	-		

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the financial period from 1 January 2012 to 31 March 2012 (*Unaudited*)

	Note	Unit holders' Capital RM	Accumulated Losses RM	Total RM
At 31 December 2011		427,861,113	(16,557,950)	411,303,163
Total Comprehensive Income for the year Distribution for financial year ended 31		-	16,103,620	16,103,620
December 2011	18	-	(5,254,200)	(5,254,200)
Cancellation of units		(118,981,760)	-	(118,981,760)
At 31 March 2012		308,879,353	(5,708,530)	303,170,823

## **CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

# For the financial period from 1 January 2012 to 31 March 2012 (Unaudited)

		<u>1 January 2012 1</u> <u>to</u>	to
	<u>Note</u>	<u>31 March 2012</u> 31 March 20	
		RM	RM
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash used in purchase of investments Proceeds from sales of investments Dividends received Profit from short term Shariah-compliant deposits Management fee paid Trustee fee paid License fee paid Purification of non Shariah-compliant Income		(2,959,459) 2,493,171 2,393,907 39,301 (349,729) (43,716) (46,216) 77,783	(950,032) 943,558 5,807,268 54,463 (614,498) (76,812) (125,747) (1,000,000)
Payment for other fees and expenses		(29,367)	(37,214)
Net cash inflow from operating activities		1,575,675	4,000,986
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Payment of income distribution Proceeds from units created	22 22	- - (1,873,210)	(6,540,000) - (285,344)
Payments for cancellation of units	22		
Net cash outflow from financing activities		(1,873,210)	(6,825,344)
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(297,535)	(2,824,358)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		7,182,815	12,469,742
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	7	6,885,280	9,645,384
Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Cash and bank balances Short term Shariah-compliant deposits	7	1,142,624 5,742,656  6,885,280	1,103,165 8,542,219 9,645,384

### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

Unless otherwise stated, the following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items that are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

#### A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Exchange Traded Fund ("the Fund") have been prepared under the historical cost convention, unless otherwise indicated and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standards ("FRS"), the MASB approved accounting standards in Malaysia for entities other than private entities, and the Securities Commission's ("SC") Guidelines on Exchange Traded Funds.

(i) Standards and amendments to published standards and interpretations that is effective.

The new standards for the Fund's financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2011 are as follows:

- Amendment to FRS 7 "Financial instruments: Disclosures improving disclosures about financial instruments".
- Improvements to FRSs (2010).

The adoption of the standards does not have a significant impact on the financial statements of the Fund except for the additional disclosures required under FRS7 as disclosed in Note 23.

### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2012 (CONTINUED)

- A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
  - (ii) Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations to existing standards that are applicable but not yet effective.

The Fund will apply the following new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations in the following periods;

- (a) Financial year beginning on/after 1 January 2012
  - The revised MFRS 124 "Related party disclosures" (effective from 1 January 2012) removes the exemption to disclose transactions between government-related entities and the government, and all other government-related entities. The following new disclosures are now required for government related entities:
    - The name of the government and the nature of their relationship.
    - The nature and amount of each individually significant transactions.
    - The extent of any collectively significant transactions, qualitatively or quantitatively.

There is no significant impact on the financial statements as the Fund is not related to any government related companies.

- (b) Financial year beginning on/after 1 January 2013
  - MFRS 9 "Financial instruments classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities" (effective from 1 January 2013) replaces the multiple classification and measurement models in MFRS 139 with a single model that has only two classification categories: amortised cost and fair value. The basis of classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

The accounting and presentation for financial liabilities and for de-recognising financial instruments has been relocated from MFRS 139, without change, except for financial liabilities that are designated at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). Entities with financial liabilities designated at FVTPL recognise changes in the fair value due to changes in the liability's credit risk directly in other comprehensive income ("OCI"). There is no subsequent recycling of the amounts in OCI to profit or loss, but accumulated gains or losses may be transferred within equity. The guidance in MFRS 139 on impairment of financial assets and hedge accounting continues to apply.

There is no change to the classification of the financial instruments expected.

MFRS 13 "Fair value measurement" (effective from 1 January 2013) aims to improve consistency and reduce complexity by providing a precise definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use across MFRSs. The requirements do not extend the use of fair value accounting but provide guidance on how it should be applied where its use is already required or permitted by other standards. The enhanced disclosure requirements are similar to those in MFRS 7 "Financial instruments: Disclosures", but apply to all assets and liabilities measured at fair value, not just financial ones.

There is no significant impact to the fair value measurement of the Fund's investments.

### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- (ii) Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations to existing standards that are applicable but not yet effective (continued)
  - (b) Financial year beginning on/after 1 January 2013 (continued)
    - Amendment to MFRS 7 "Financial instruments: Disclosures on transfers of financial assets" (effective from 1 July 2011) promotes transparency in the reporting of transfer transactions and improve users' understanding of the risk exposures relating to transfers of financial assets and the effect of those risks on an entity's financial position, particularly those involving securitisation of financial assets.

There is no significant impact arising unless there is a transfer of financial asset in the future.

Amendment to MFRS 101 "Financial statement presentation" (effective from 1 July 2012) requires entities to separate items presented in 'other comprehensive income' ("OCI") in the statement of comprehensive income into two groups, based on whether or not they may be recycled to profit or loss in the future. The amendments do not address which items are presented in OCI.

Items in the OCI will need to be separated based on whether or not they may be recycled into the profit or loss in the future.

#### B INCOME FROM SHARIAH-COMPLIANT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Revenue arising from assets yielding profit is recognised on an accruals basis (taking into account the effective yield of the asset).

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

#### C NON SHARIAH-COMPLIANT INCOME

Any income or distribution received by the Fund from its investment portfolio which relates to interest income or dividend income from fortuitous activities (does not comply with the Shariah principles) of the underlying companies is considered Non Shariah-compliant Income.

This Non Shariah-compliant Income is subject to an income purification process as determined by the Shariah Adviser from time to time and without limitation, the Non Shariah-compliant Income may be distributed to organisations considered beneficial to the public at large which are endorsed by the Shariah Adviser and approved by the Trustee.

### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### D TAXATION

Current tax expense is determined according to the Malaysian tax laws and includes all taxes based upon the taxable profits.

#### E CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balances and deposits that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### F AMOUNT DUE TO / FROM STOCKBROKERS

Amounts due from and to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet settled or delivered on the statement of financial position date respectively.

These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective profit method, less provision for impairment for amounts due from brokers. A provision for impairment of amounts due from brokers is established when there is objective evidence that the Fund will not be able to collect all amounts due from the relevant broker. Significant financial difficulties of the broker, probability that the broker will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are considered indicators that the amount due from brokers is impaired. Once a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been written down as a result of an impairment loss, profit income is recognised using the rate of profit used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

The effective profit method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating the profit income or profit expense over the relevant period. The effective profit rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts throughout the expected life of the financial instrument, or, when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective profit rate, the Fund estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees and points paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective profit rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### G FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

#### (i) Classification

The Fund designates its investment in equity securities as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at inception.

Financial assets are designated at fair value through profit or loss when they are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis.

(ii) Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date – the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value. Transaction costs are expensed in the income statement.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss' in the period in which they arise.

Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as part of gross dividend income when the Fund's right to receive payments is established.

In accordance with the Deed, quoted investments in Malaysia are valued at the last done market price quoted on Bursa Malaysia at the date of the statement of financial position.

#### H CREATION AND CANCELLATION OF UNITS

The Fund issues cancellable units, which are cancelled at the unit holder's option and are classified as equity. Cancellable units can be put back to the Fund at any time for shares and cash equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value.

Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unit holders with the total number of outstanding units. In accordance with the SC Guidelines on Exchange Traded Funds, investment positions are valued based on the last traded market price for the purpose of determining the net asset value per unit for creations and cancellations.

### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### I PRESENTATION AND FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia, which is the Fund's presentation and functional currency.

#### J SEGMENT REPORTING

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of the Fund's manager that undertakes strategic decisions for the Fund.

#### K REALISED AND UNREALISED PORTIONS OF NET INCOME AFTER TAX

The analysis of realised and unrealised net income after tax as disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income is prepared in accordance with the SC Guidelines on Exchange Traded Funds.

#### L CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Financial Reporting Standards and the SC Guidelines on Exchange Traded Funds requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the financial year. Although these estimates are based on the Manager's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated by the Manager and the Trustee and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

#### 1 INFORMATION ON THE FUND

The Exchange Traded Fund (the "Fund") was constituted under the name MyETF Dow Jones Islamic Market Malaysia Titans 25 pursuant to the execution of a trust deed dated 17 January 2008 (the "Deed") entered into between *i*-VCAP Management Sdn. Bhd. (the "Manager") and Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad (the "Trustee").

The Fund was launched on 22 January 2008 and will continue its operations until terminated by the Trustee or the Manager as provided under Clause 25 of the Deed.

The Fund is an exchange traded fund that is designed to provide investment results that closely correspond to the performance of the Dow Jones Islamic Market Malaysia Titans 25 Index ("Benchmark Index") as provided by Dow Jones Indexes, which is under CME Group Index Services LLC. The Benchmark Index is a free float-adjusted, market capitalization weighted index representing securities of 25 leading Shariah-compliant Malaysian companies listed on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. All investments will be subjected to the SC Guidelines on Exchange Traded Funds, the Deed and the objective of the Fund.

As provided in the Deed, the financial year shall end on 31 December.

The Manager is a company incorporated in Malaysia. The principal activity of the Manager is the provision of Shariah investment management services.

### 2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks which include market risk, cash flow profit rate risk and credit/default risk from the following financial instruments:

	Loans and Receivables	Asset at fair value through profit or loss	Total
	RM	RM	RM
<b>31 March 2012</b> Financial Assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	301,973,948	301,973,948
Other Receivables	325,056	-	325,056
Cash and Cash Equivalents	6,885,280	-	6,885,280
Total	7,210,336	301,973,948	309,184,284

All current liabilities are financial liabilities which are carried at amortised cost.

Financial risk management is carried out through internal control processes adopted by the Manager and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated in the SC Guidelines on Exchange Traded Funds.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### 2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Market risk

#### Price Risk

The Fund is exposed to equity securities price risk arising from investments held by the Fund for which prices in the future are uncertain. The very nature of an exchange traded fund, however, helps mitigate this risk because a fund would generally hold a well-diversified portfolio of securities from different market sectors so that the collapse of any one security or any one market sector would not impact too greatly on the value of the fund.

At 31 March, the fair value of equities exposed to price risk was as follows:

	Fair Value	
	2012	2011
	RM	RM
Financial Assets at fair value through profit or loss	301,973,948	404,765,402

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's unrealized income or loss to equity price movements as at 31 March. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the Dow Jones Islamic Market Malaysia Titans 25 Index ("the Index") increased by 10% and decreased by 10%, with all other variables held constant, and that the fair value of the Fund's portfolio of equity securities moved according to their historical correlation with the Index.

31 March 2012			Change in
		Market Value	unrealised gain
% Change in benchmark index	Benchmark Index	RM	RM
-10%	832.10	271,812,790	(30,161,158)
0%	924.55	301,973,948	-
10%	1,017.01	332,135,105	30,161,158

The Index is used as a benchmark as the Fund is designed to provide investment results that closely correspond to the performance of the Index.

#### Cash flow profit rate risk

The Fund holds a limited amount cash and cash equivalents that expose the Fund to cash flow profit rate risk. The Fund's policy requires cash and cash equivalents to comprise no more than 10% of the fund's assets.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### 2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Credit/Default risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

The credit risk arising from placements of deposits in licensed financial institutions is managed by ensuring that the Fund will only place deposits in reputable licensed financial institutions. For amount due from stockbrokers, the settlement terms are governed by the relevant rules and regulations as prescribed by Bursa Securities. The settlement terms of the proceeds from the creation of units receivable from the Manager are governed by the SC's Guidelines on Exchange Traded Funds.

The credit/default risk is minimal as all transactions in quoted investments are settled/ paid upon delivery using approved brokers.

The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancements at 31 March is the carrying amount of the financial assets as set out below.

	31 March 2012 RM	31 December 2011 RM
Cash and Cash Equivalents	6,885,280	7,182,815
Other Assets	325,056	75,029
Total	7,210,336	7,257,844

None of these assets is impaired nor past due but not impaired.

At 31 March 2012, all cash and cash equivalents are placed with Bank Islam Malaysia Berhad & CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad.

#### 3 CAPITAL AND LIABILITY RISK MANAGEMENT

The capital of the Fund is represented by the net assets attributable to unit holders. The amount of net asset attributable to unit holders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily creations and cancellations of units at the discretion of unit holders. The Manager will provide Perfect Basket which comprise a portfolio of the Benchmark Index shares in substantially the same composition and weighting as the Benchmark Index and cash component to be delivered by the investors in the case of creations and to be transferred to the unit holders in the case of cancellations. The Fund maintains sufficient quantity of shares and cash in proportion to the Perfect Basket.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2012 (CONTINUED)

### 4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	<u>31 March 2012</u> RM	<u>31 December 2011</u> RM
Designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception - Shares quoted in Malaysia	301,973,948	404,765,402
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
- Realised - Change in unrealised	3,660,943 10,195,790	4,786,158 17,111,719
	13,856,733	21,897,877

#### 5 DIVIDENDS RECEIVABLE

Dividends Receivable represents dividends declared on the Fund's component stocks at the Ex-Date and not yet received at the end of the financial period.

Dividends Receivable – Non Shariah-compliant Income represents the portion of the dividends receivable which relates to income that does not comply with Shariah principles.

The level of Non Shariah-compliant Income is based on the impure ratio for each component stock as determined by Dow Jones Indexes.

Dividends declared are recognized on the Ex-Date and are reversed out from the receivables upon receipt by the Fund.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### 6 RECEIVABLES

	<u>31 March 2012</u> RM	<u>31 December 2011</u> RM
Other Receivables	2,728	2,741

#### 7 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	<u>31 March 2012</u> RM	<u>31 December 2011</u> RM
Shariah compliant deposits with a licensed bank	5,742,656	6,367,531
Cash at Bank – From Shariah-compliant Income Cash at Bank –	689,119	490,176
From Non Shariah-compliant Income	453,505	325,108
	6,885,280	7,182,815

The effective average profit rate of short term deposits per annum as at the date of the statement of assets and liabilities is as follows:

	<u>31 March 2012</u> %pa	<u>31 December 2011</u> %pa
Shariah compliant deposits with a licensed bank	3.01	3.05

For the financial period ended 31 March 2012, the Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed bank of the Fund have a weighted average maturity period of 12.98 days (11.8 days: 2011) and are denominated in Ringgit Malaysia.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### 8 PAYABLES

		<u>31 March 2012</u> RM	<u>31 December 2011</u> RM
Amount due to Index Licensor Amount due to Shariah Adviser Amount due to beneficial organisations Amount due to Participating Dealer Amount due to Unit Holders Other payables	15	30,903 15,666 459,935 4,128 5,254,200 99,672 5,864,504	50,630 15,666 325,860 4,141 - 129,038 

#### 9 AMOUNT DUE TO BENEFICIAL ORGANISATIONS

Amount due to beneficial organisations is the Non Shariah-compliant Income portion of dividends received and receivable as at 31 March. It comprises the following amounts:

	<u>31 March 2012</u> RM	<u>31 December 2011</u> RM
Cash at Bank – Non Shariah-compliant Income Dividends Receivable – Non Shariah-compliant Income	453,505 6,430	325,108 752
	459,935	325,860

Cash at bank – Non Shariah-compliant Income represents the portion of dividends already received during the financial period which relates to income that does not comply with Shariah principles.

The level of Non Shariah-compliant Income is based on the impure ratio for each component stock as determined by Dow Jones Indexes.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### 10 NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION AND NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS

Net Asset Value (NAV) attributable to unit holders is represented by:

	Note	<u>31 March 2012</u> RM	<u>31 December 2011</u> RM
	NOLE	ועוח	ואוח
Unit holders' Contribution	(a)	308,879,353	427,861,113
Accumulated Losses		(454,330)	(4,438,950)
Income Distribution		(5,254,200)	(12,119,000)
		303,170,823	411,303,163

### (a) UNIT HOLDERS' CONTRIBUTION / UNITS IN CIRCULATION

	<u>31 Marc</u>	<u>ch 2012</u>	<u>31 Decem</u>	<u>iber 2011</u>
	No. of Units	RM	No. of Units	RM
At beginning of year	410,300,000	411,303,163	657,500,000	626,099,613
Created during the year	-	-	-	-
Redeemed during the				
year	(118,400,000)	(118,981,760)	(247,200,000)	(240,517,250)
Net Income Distribution		(5,254,200)	-	(12,119,000)
	291,900,000	287,067,203	410,300,000	373,463,363
Total Comprehensive				
Income for the year	-	16,103,620	-	37,839,800
At the end of the				
financial year	291,900,000	303,170,823	410,300,000	411,303,163
Approved size of Fund	10,000,000,000			

In accordance with the Deed, the Manager may increase the size of the Fund from time to time with the approval of the Trustee and the SC. The maximum number of units that can be issued out for circulation by the Fund is 10,000,000,000. As at 31 March 2012, the number of units not yet issued by the Fund is 9,708,100,000 (2011: 9,589,700,000).

The Manager, *i*-VCAP Management Sdn. Bhd., did not hold any units in the Fund as at 31 March 2012.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2012 (CONTINUED)

### 11 TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS

Details of transactions with the brokers for the period ended 31 March 2012 are as follows:

Name of brokers	Value <u>of trade</u> RM	Percentage of total <u>trades</u> %	Brokerage <u>fees</u> RM	Percentage of total <u>brokerage</u> %
Maybank Investment Bank Bhd CIMB Investment Bank Bhd	164,342 4,675,249	3.40 96.60	197 5,727	3.34 96.66
	4,839,591	100.0	5,924	100.0

All the brokers listed above are not related to the Manager.

#### 12 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND PARTIES RELATED TO THE MANAGER

The related parties of and their relationship with the Fund are as follows:

Related parties	<u>Relationship</u>
i-VCAP Management Sdn. Bhd.	The Manager
Valuecap Sdn Bhd ("Valuecap")	Holding company of the Manager
Directors of Valuecap and shareholders of Valuecap with significant influence	Other related parties

There are no units that were held by the Manager as at the end of the period.

	No. of units	<u>31 March 2012</u> RM	<u>31 De</u> No. of units	ecember 2011 RM
Valuecap and other related parties at NAV - Legally (direct holding) - Beneficially (indirectly through nominee banks/	263,977,300	274,169,973	301,580,300	302,304,093
investment banks)	-	-	2,120,000	2,125,088
	263,977,300	274,169,973	303,700,300	304,429,181

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### 13 MANAGEMENT FEE

The Manager is entitled to a management fee at a rate not exceeding 1.0% per annum on the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Fund calculated on daily basis, as provided under Clause 14.1 of the Deed.

For the financial period ended 31 March 2012, the management fee was recognised at a rate of 0.4% (2011: 0.4%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on daily basis.

There will be no further liability to the Manager in respect of management fee other than the amounts recognised above.

#### 14 TRUSTEE'S FEE

The Trustee is entitled to an annual fee, inclusive of custodian fee, at a rate not exceeding 0.08% per annum on the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Fund, as provided under Clause 14.2 of the Deed.

For the financial period ended 31 March 2012, the Trustee's fee was recognised at a rate of 0.05% (2011: 0.05%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, inclusive of local custodian fee, calculated on daily basis.

There will be no further liability to the Trustee in respect of trustee fee other than the amounts recognised above.

#### 15 LICENSE FEE

License fee is payable to CME Group Index Services LLC, the Benchmark Index provider.

For the financial period ended 31 March 2012, the License Fee was recognised at a rate of 0.04% (2011: 0.04%) per annum of the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Fund, calculated on daily basis.

There will be no further liability to CME Group Index Services LLC in respect of license fee other than the amounts recognised above.

#### 16 OTHER EXPENSES

Included in Other Expenses are professional fees, other than Management, Trustee's and License Fees, and other expenses as permitted by the Deed, paid or provided for during the year.

With effect from 11 March 2010, the rate at which Other Expenses are accrued for had been reduced from 0.05% per annum of the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Fund to 0.025%. Commencing 18 February 2011, the accrual has been suspended.

The expenses are reversed out from the accrual on their respective payment dates.

For the financial period ended 31 March 2012, an over accrual from the previous year was reversed to offset against the current period's auditor's remuneration, tax agent's fee and shariah adviser's fee.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2012 (CONTINUED)

### 17 TAXATION

	<u>31 March</u> <u>2012</u> RM	<u>31 March</u> <u>2011</u> RM
Current taxation Current year Tax Recoverable for YA2010	23,134 (165,936)	144,746
	(142,802)	144,746

The numerical reconciliation between net income before taxation multiplied by the Malaysian statutory tax rate and tax expense of the Fund is as follows:

	<u>31 March</u> <u>2012</u> RM	<u>31 March</u> <u>2011</u> RM
Net income before taxation	15,960,818	41,864,755
Tax at Malaysian statutory rate of 25% Tax effect of:	3,990,205	10,466,189
Income not subject to tax	(611,977)	(1,142,785)
Gains exempt from tax	(3,456,457)	(9,402,119)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	101,363	223,461
Tax Recoverable for YA2010	(165,936)	
	(142,802)	144,746

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### 18 INCOME DISTRIBUTION

Distribution to unit holders is from the following sources:

Exempt Dividend Income Profits from Money Market Placements	<u>31 March 2012</u> RM 8,946,684 218,194 9,164,878	<u>31 March 2011</u> RM 9,958,889 119,869  10,078,758
Less: Expenses Exempt Non Shariah-compliant Income Fund Related Expenses Dividend Tax Expense	(444,516) (2,993,823) (472,339)	(1,353,029) (2,185,729) -
Total Amount of Income Distribution	5,254,200	6,540,000
Distribution Date Income distributable per unit (sen) Distribution yield	9 March 2012 1.80 1.74%	6 January 2011 1.00 0.99%

The Net Asset Value per unit prior and subsequent to the income distribution for period ended 31 March 2012 was as follows:

Distribution date	<u>Cum-distribution</u> RM	Distribution <u>per unit</u> RM	Ex-distribution RM
9 March 2012	1.0498	0.018	1.0318

A final income distribution for the financial year ended 31 December 2011 of 1.80 sen per unit was declared on 23 February with ex-date on 9 March 2012 and entitlement date on 13 March 2012. The income distribution amounting to RM5,254,200 was paid on 10 April 2012.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2012 (CONTINUED)

### 19 MANAGEMENT EXPENSE RATIO ("MER")

	<u>31 March 2012</u>	31 March 2011
	%	%
MER	0.12	0.12

MER is derived from the following calculation:

MER =  $(A + B + C + D + E + F) \times 100$ 

G

- A = Management fee
- B = Trustee's fee
- C = Licensing fee
- D = Auditors' remuneration
- E = Tax agent's fee
- F = Administrative expenses
- G = Average net asset value of Fund calculated on daily basis

The average net asset value of the Fund for the financial year calculated on daily basis is RM311,155,629 (31 March 2011: RM623,646,775)

### 20 PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

	<u>31 March 2012</u>	31 March 2011
PTR (times)	% 0.01	% 0.002

PTR is derived from the following calculation:

<u>(Total acquisition for the financial year + total disposal for the financial year)  $\div 2$ </u> Average net asset value of the Fund for the financial year calculated on daily basis

where: total acquisition for the financial year = RM2,497,282 (31 March 2011: RM948,375) total disposal for the financial year = RM2,340,618 (31 March 2011: RM946,224)

The average net asset value of the Fund for the financial year calculated on daily basis is RM311,155,629 (31 March 2011: RM623,646,775)

#### 21 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Fund is designed to provide investment results that closely correspond to the performance of the Benchmark Index. The manager attempts to achieve a tracking error of less than 3% between the Net Asset Value of the fund and the Benchmark Index.

The internal reporting provided to the CEO for the fund's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of FRS. The CEO is responsible for the performance of the fund and considers the business to have a single operating segment.

There were no changes in the reportable segments during the period.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### 24 SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DISCLOSED PURSUANT TO BURSA MALAYSIA SECURITIES BERHAD LISTING REQUIREMENTS

The following analysis of realised and unrealised retained profits / (accumulated losses) at the legal entity level is prepared in accordance with Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad's Listing Requirements and the Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, "Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements", as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants whilst the disclosure is based on the prescribed format by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

	<u>31 March</u> <u>2012</u> RM
Total retained profits/accumulated losses of the Fund - Realised - Unrealised	(59,594,553) 53,886,023
	(5,708,530)

The analysis between realised and unrealised above is prepared on a different basis as compared to the analysis of realised and unrealised as disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income