UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

			<u>Audited</u>
	<u>Note</u>	30 September 2018	31 December 2017
		RM	RM
ASSETS			
Financial assets at fair value through profit			
or loss	4	323,196,724	323,354,829
Dividends receivable	5	1,356,904	41,793
Amount due from stockbrokers		-	762,585
Cash and cash equivalents	6	2,114,200	3,170,565
TOTAL ASSETS		326,667,828	327,329,772
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Manager		103,654	100,513
Amount due to Trustee		12,957	12,564
Auditors' remuneration		11,293	13,804
Tax agent's fee		8,588	4,425
Shariah adviser's fee		17,489	21,958
Amount due to stockbrokers		· -	3,504,853
Payables	7	133,658	89,013
TOTAL LIABILITIES		287,639	3,747,130
NET ASSET VALUE OF THE FUND		326,380,189	323,582,642
EQUITY			
Unit holders' capital		289,739,745	290,554,754
Retained earnings		36,640,444	33,027,888
-			
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT			
HOLDERS	9	326,380,189	323,582,642
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION	9	275,900,000	276,300,000
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT (RM)		1.1830	1.1711

UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JULY 2018 TO 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

		<u>01.07.2018</u>	01.07.2017
		<u>to</u>	<u>to</u>
	<u>Note</u>	<u>30.09.2018</u>	30.09.2017
INVESTMENT INCOME		RM	RM
Gross dividend income		2,743,087	1,633,743
Profit from short term Shariah-compliant		_,,	1,000,10
deposits		6,900	5,412
Net gain on financial assets at fair value		,	,
through profit and loss	4	16,906,988	864,974
		19,656,975	2,504,129
		 	
EXPENSES			
Management fee	12	(319,803)	(304,935)
Trustee's fee	13	(39,975)	(38,117)
License fee	14	(31,980)	(30,494)
Transaction cost		(110,047)	(59,567)
Auditors' remuneration		(3,740)	(7,720)
Tax agent's fee		(1,179)	(2,386)
Shariah adviser's fee		(1,620)	(3,000)
Purification of non Shariah-compliant income		(14,218)	(17,053)
Other expenses	15	(9,885)	(36,813)
		(532,447)	(500,085)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		19,124,528	2,004,044
Taxation	16	-	
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION AND			
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		19,124,528	2,004,044
			
Profit after taxation is made up as follows:			
Realised amount		4,998,688	2,034,463
Unrealised amount		14,125,840	(30,419)
		19,124,528	2,004,044

UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

	<u>Note</u>	<u>YTD</u> <u>30.09.2018</u> RM	<u>YTD</u> 30.09.2017 RM
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Gross dividend income		7,344,233	5,320,517
Profit from short term Shariah-compliant			
deposits		27,387	23,184
Net gain on financial assets at fair value			
through profit and loss	4	3,844,389	12,815,134
		11,216,009	18,158,835
EXPENSES			
Management fee	12	(944,181)	(909,399)
Trustee's fee	13	(118,025)	(113,675)
License fee	14	(94,418)	(91,071)
Transaction cost		(185,354)	(83,314)
Auditors' remuneration		(11,138)	(23,189)
Tax agent's fee		(3,510)	(9,241)
Shariah adviser's fee		(4,826)	(14,083)
Purification of non Shariah-compliant income		(50,849)	(42,753)
Other expenses	15	(65,582)	(103,738)
		(1,477,883)	(1,390,463)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		9,738,126	16,768,372
Taxation	16	-	
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		9,738,126	16,768,372
Profit after taxation is made up as follows:			
Realised amount		13,630,775	5,522,444
Unrealised amount		(3,892,649)	11,245,928
		9,738,126	16,768,372

UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JULY 2018 TO 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

	<u>Note</u>	Unit holders' capital RM	Retained earnings RM	Total RM
Balance as at 1 July 2018		289,739,745	17,515,916	307,255,661
Total comprehensive income for the financial period		-	19,124,528	19,124,528
Balance as at 30 September 2018	_	289,739,745	36,640,444	326,380,189
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDE Balance as at 1 January 2018	ED 30 SE	290,554,754	33,027,888	323,582,642
Balance as at 1 January 2018 Total comprehensive income for the		290,554,754	33,027,888	323,582,642
financial period		-	9,738,126	9,738,126
Distribution for the financial year ended				
31 December 2017	17	-	(6,125,570)	(6,125,570)
Creation of units		29,243,400	-	29,243,400
Cancellation of units		(30,058,409)	-	(30,058,409)
Balance as at 30 September 2018	_	289,739,745	36,640,444	326,380,189

UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JULY 2018 TO 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

		<u>01.07.2018</u>	<u>01.07.2017</u>
		<u>to</u>	<u>to</u>
	<u>Note</u>	30.09.2018	<u>30.09.2017</u>
		RM	RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash used in purchase of investments		(38,853,314)	(18,421,057)
Proceeds from sales of investments		39,150,111	17,129,839
Dividends received		1,642,923	1,655,164
Profit from short-term Shariah-compliant deposits		6,900	5,412
Management fee paid		(314,871)	(415,836)
Trustee fee paid		(39,358)	(51,979)
License fee paid		(31,557)	(30,494)
Payment for other fees and expenses		(127,194)	(72,219)
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities		1,433,640	(201,170)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND			
CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,433,640	(201,170)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE			
BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		680,560	637,986
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE	0	0.444.000	100.010
END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	6	2,114,200	436,816

UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

		<u>YTD</u>	<u>YTD</u>
	<u>Note</u>	30.09.2018	30.09.2017
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		RM	RM
Cash used in purchase of investments		(64,494,222)	(22,456,706)
Proceeds from sales of investments		64,943,102	23,889,927
Dividends received		6,029,122	5,125,053
Profit from short-term Shariah-compliant deposits		27,387	23,184
Management fee paid		(941,040)	(905,203)
Trustee fee paid		(117,632)	(113,150)
License fee paid		(59,500)	(91,071)
Payment for other fees and expenses		(314,350)	(174,924)
aymone for other roos and expenses		(014,000)	(174,024)
Net cash generated from operating activities		5,072,867	5,297,110
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from creation of units	21	41,500	-
Payments for cancellation of units	21	(45,162)	(1,990)
Payment of income distribution	17	(6,125,570)	(6,223,930)
Net cash used in financing activities		(6,129,232)	(6,225,920)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND			
CASH EQUIVALENTS		(1,056,365)	(928,810)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE			
BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		3,170,565	1,365,626
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE			
END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	6	2,114,200	436,816

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

Unless otherwise stated, the following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items that are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Exchange Traded Fund ("the Fund") have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS and IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the financial period. It also requires the Manager to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgement are based on the Managers' best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated by the Manager and the Trustee and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Fund makes estimates and assumption concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information content of the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impact to the Fund's results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

(a) The new amendments to published standards that are effective:

The Fund has applied the following standard for the first time for the financial year beginning on 1 January 2018:

- Amendments to MFRS 107 "Statement of Cash Flows Disclosure Initiative" introduce an additional disclosure on changes in liabilities arising from financing activities.
- MFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" has replaced MFRS 139 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement".

The adoption of these amendments did not have any impact on the current financial period and is not likely to affect future years.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- (b) The new standards and amendments to published standards that are applicable to the Fund but not yet effective and have not been early adopted are as follows:
 - (i) Financial year beginning on/after 1 January 2019
 - Amendments to MFRS 9 'Prepayment features with negative compensation' (effective 1 January 2019) allow companies to measure some prepayable financial assets with negative compensation at amortised cost.

Negative compensation arises where the contractual terms permit the borrower to prepay the instrument before its contractual maturity, but the prepayment amount could be less than the unpaid amounts of principal and interest.

To qualify for amortised cost measurement, the negative compensation must be reasonable compensation for early termination of the contract, and the asset must be held within a 'held to collect' business model.

Amendments to MFRS 112 'Income Taxes' (effective from 1 January 2019) clarify that where
income tax consequences of dividends on financial instruments classified as equity is
recognised (either in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or equity) depends on where
the past transactions that generated distributable profits were recognised.

Accordingly, the tax consequences are recognised in profit or loss when an entity determines payments on such instruments are distribution of profits (that is, dividends). Tax on dividend should not be recognised in equity merely on the basis that it is related to a distribution to owners.

B INCOME FROM SHARIAH-COMPLIANT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Revenue arising from assets yielding profit is recognised on a time proportionate basis using the effective profit method on an accruals basis.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

C NON SHARIAH-COMPLIANT INCOME

Any income or distribution received by the Fund from its investment portfolio which relates to profit income or dividend income from fortuitous activities (does not comply with the Shariah principles) of the underlying companies is considered Non Shariah-compliant Income.

This non Shariah-compliant Income is subject to an income purification process as determined by the Index Provider from time to time and without limitation based on the impure ratio for each component stock as determined by S&P Dow Jones Indices. The non Shariah-compliant income may be distributed to organisations considered beneficial to the public at large which are endorsed by the Shariah Adviser and approved by the Trustee. The amount is recognised as an expense in profit or loss.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

D TAXATION

Current tax expense is determined according to the Malaysian tax laws and includes all taxes based upon the taxable profits.

E CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balances and deposits that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

F FINANCIAL ASSETS

(i) Classification

The Fund designates its investment in equity securities as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at inception.

Financial assets are designated at fair value through profit or loss when they are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis.

Financing and receivables are non-derivative financial assts with fixed or determinable payment that are not quoted in an active market and have been included in current assets. The Fund's financing and receivables comprise cash and cash equivalent and dividend receivable which are all due within 12 months.

(ii) Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date, the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value. Transaction costs are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Unrealised gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss' in the period in which they arise.

Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as part of gross dividend income when the Fund's right to receive payments is established.

Investments principally consist of quoted investments are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently re-measured at fair value based on the market price quoted on the relevant stock exchanges at the close of the business on the valuation day, where the close price falls within the bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the close price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager will determine the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of the fair value. Purchases and sales of investments are accounted for on the trade date.

If a valuation based on the market price does not represent the fair value of the securities, for example during the abnormal market conditions or no market price is available, including in the event of a suspension in the quotation of the securities for a period exceeding 14 days, or such shorter period as agreed by Trustee, the securities are valued as determined in good faith by the Manager, based on the methods and bases approved by the Trustee after appropriate technical consultation.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

F FINANCIAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

(ii) Recognition and measurement (continued)

Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions are stated at cost plus accrued profit calculated in the effective profit method over the period from the date of placement to the date of maturity of the respective deposits, which is reasonable estimate of fair value due to the short-term nature of the deposits. Financing and receivables are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective profit rate method.

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

For assets carried at amortised cost, the Fund assesses at the end of the reporting year whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

The amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective profit rate. The asset's carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss. If 'financing and receivables' has a variable profit rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective profit rate determined under the contract. As a practical expedient, the Fund may measure impairment on the basis of an instrument's fair value using an observable market price.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss. When an asset is uncollectible, it is written off against the related allowance account. Such assets are written off after all the necessary procedures have been completed and the amount of the loss has been determined.

G FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(i) Classification

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability.

The Fund's financial liabilities include amount due to Manager, accrued management fee, amount due to stockbrokers, amount due to Trustee, audit and tax agent's fee and Shariah adviser's fee.

The Fund classifies amount due to index licensor, amount due to beneficial organisations, printing costs and other payables and accruals as other financial liabilities.

(ii) Recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities, within the scope of MFRS 139, are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. Gains and losses are recognised as profit or loss when the liabilities are de-recognised, and through the amortisation process.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

H AMOUNT DUE FROM/TO STOCKBROKERS

Amounts due from and to stockbrokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet settled or delivered on the date of the statement of financial position respectively.

These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment for amounts due from stockbrokers. See accounting policy F on impairment of financial assets.

I UNIT HOLDERS' CAPITAL

The unit holders' contributions to the Fund meet the criteria to be classified as equity instruments under MFRS 132 "Financial Instruments: Presentation". Those criteria include:

- the units entitle the holder to a proportionate share of the Fund's net assets value;
- the units are the most subordinated class and class features are identical;
- there is no contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the obligation on the redemption of units; and
- the total expected cash flows from the units over its life are based substantially on the profit or loss of the Fund.

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial year if unit holder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unit holders with the total number of outstanding units. In accordance with the Securities Commission ("SC") Guidelines on Exchange-Traded Funds, investment positions are valued based on the last traded market price for the purpose of determining the net asset value per unit for creations and cancellations.

J PRESENTATION AND FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia, which is the Fund's presentation and functional currency.

K SEGMENT REPORTING

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of the Fund's manager that undertakes strategic decisions for the Fund.

L NET GAINS/(LOSSES)

The analysis of realised and unrealised net income after tax as disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income is prepared in accordance with the SC Guidelines on Exchange Traded Funds.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

M DISTRIBUTION

Distributions are at the discretion of the Fund. A distribution to the Fund's unit holders is accounted for as a deduction from realised reserves. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the year in which it is approved by the Board of Directors of the Manager.

The basis for ascertaining income available for distribution by the Fund to its unit holders, which subject to conditions imposed by the SC, are as follows;

- (i) The distributable income is the net realized income from profit, dividend and other distributions, after deducting the costs/expenses as allowed by the Deed;
- (ii) No adjustment will be made from any realized capital gains or losses as a result of price appreciation or depreciation of the underlying securities;
- (iii) Unrealised income or gains of the Fund will not be distributed to Unit holders and unrealized losses (including capital losses) will not be deducted.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

1 INFORMATION ON THE FUND

The Exchange-Traded Fund (the "Fund") was constituted under the name MyETF Dow Jones Islamic Market Malaysia Titans 25 pursuant to the execution of a trust deed dated 17 January 2008 and a supplemental deed dated 9 December 2016 and 19 June 2017 (the "Deed") entered into between *i*-VCAP Management Sdn. Bhd. (the "Manager") and Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad (the "Trustee").

The Fund was launched on 21 January 2008 and will continue its operations until terminated in accordance with Part 25 of the Deed.

The Fund is an exchange traded fund that is designed to provide investment results that closely correspond to the performance of the Dow Jones Islamic Market Malaysia Titans 25 Index ("Benchmark Index"), regardless of its performance. The Benchmark Index is a free float-adjusted, market capitalization weighted index representing securities of 25 leading Shariah-compliant Malaysian companies listed on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. All investments will be subjected to the SC Guidelines on Exchange Traded Funds, the Deed and the objective of the Fund.

As provided in the Deed, the financial year shall end on 31 December.

The Manager is a company incorporated in Malaysia. The principal activity of the Manager is the provision of Shariah investment management services.

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks which include market risk, profit rate risk and credit/default risk from the following financial instruments:

			Financial assets	
		Financing	at fair value	
		and	through profit	
_	Note	receivables	or loss	Total
_		RM	RM	RM
30 September 2018				
Financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss	4	-	323,196,724	323,196,724
Dividends receivable		1,356,904	-	1,356,904
Cash and cash equivalents	6	2,114,200	-	2,114,200
Total		3,471,104	323,196,724	326,667,828
31 December 2017				
Financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss	4	-	323,354,829	323,354,829
Dividends receivable		41,793	-	41,793
Amount due from stockbrokers		762,585	-	762,585
Cash and cash equivalents	6	3,170,565	<u>-</u>	3,170,565
Total		3,974,943	323,354,829	327,329,772

All current liabilities are financial liabilities which are carried at amortised cost.

Financial risk management is carried out through internal control processes adopted by the Manager and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated in the SC Guidelines on Exchange Traded Funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk

Price Risk

The Fund is exposed to equity securities price risk arising from investments held by the Fund for which prices in the future are uncertain. The very nature of an Exchange-Traded Fund, however, helps mitigate this risk because a fund would generally hold a well-diversified portfolio of securities from different market sectors so that the collapse of any one security or any one market sector would not impact too greatly on the value of the fund.

At 30 September 2018, the fair value of equities exposed to price risk was as follows:

	30 September 2018 RM	31 December 2017 RM
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	323,196,724	323,354,829

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's unrealized income or loss to equity price movements as at 30 September 2018. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the Dow Jones Islamic Market Malaysia Titans 25 Index ("the Index") increased by 10% and decreased by 10%, with all other variables held constant, and that the fair value of the Fund's portfolio of equity securities moved according to their historical correlation with the Index.

% Change in benchmark			Impact to profit
index	Benchmark index	Market value	after tax/NAV
		RM	RM
30 September 2018			
-10%	938.85	290,978,993	(32,217,731)
0%	1,043.17	323,196,724	-
10%	1,147.49	355,414,455	32,217,731
31 December 2017			
-10%	926.78	302,239,985	(21,114,844)
0%	1,029.75	323,354,829	-
10%	1,132.73	344,469,673	21,114,844

The Index is used as a benchmark as the Fund is designed to provide investment results that closely correspond to the performance of the Index.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Profit rate risk

Cash flow profit rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market profit rates.

The fund's exposure to interest rate risk is mainly confined to Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed banks. The Manager overcomes this by way of maintaining deposits on a short term basis.

The fund's exposure to profit rate risk associated with Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed banks is not material as the deposit is held on a short-term basis.

Credit/Default risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

The credit risk arising from placements of deposits in licensed financial institutions is managed by ensuring that the Fund will only place deposits in reputable licensed financial institutions. For amount due from stockbrokers, the settlement terms are governed by the relevant rules and regulations as prescribed by Bursa Securities. The settlement terms of the proceeds from the creation of units receivable from the Manager are governed by the SC's Guidelines on Exchange Traded Funds.

The credit/default risk is minimal as all transactions in quoted investments are settled/ paid upon delivery using approved brokers.

The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancements at 30 September 2018 is the carrying amount of the financial assets as set out below.

			Amount due	
C	Cash and ash equivalents	Dividends receivable	from stockbrokers	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM
30 September 2018				
Financial institutions				
– AAA	2,114,200	-	-	2,114,200
Others	-	1,356,904	-	1,356,904
	2,114,200	1,356,904	-	3,471,104
24 December 2047				
31 December 2017				
Financial institutions				
– AAA	3,170,565	-	-	3,170,565
Others	-	41,793	762,585	804,378
	3,170,565	41,793	762,585	3,974,943

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

3 CAPITAL AND LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT

The capital of the Fund is represented by the net assets attributable to unit holders as shown in the Statement of Financial Position. The amount of net asset attributable to unit holders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily creations and cancellations of units at the discretion of unit holders. The Manager will provide perfect basket which comprises a portfolio of the Benchmark Index shares in substantially the same composition and weighting as the Benchmark Index and cash component to be delivered by the investors in the case of creations and to be transferred to the unit holders in the case of cancellations. The Fund maintains sufficient quantity of shares and cash in proportion to the perfect basket.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the statement of financial position date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table below are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

30 September 2018	Within <u>one month</u> RM	One month to one year RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Amount due to Manager	103,654	-	103,654
Amount due to Trustee	12,957	-	12,957
Auditors' remuneration	-	11,293	11,293
Tax agent's fee	-	8,588	8,588
Shariah adviser's fee	-	17,489	17,489
Payables		133,658	133,658
	116,611	171,028	287,639
31 December 2017			
Amount due to Manager	100,513	-	100,513
Amount due to Trustee	12,564	-	12,564
Auditors' remuneration	-	13,804	13,804
Tax agent's fee	-	4,425	4,425
Shariah adviser's fee	-	21,958	21,958
Trade payables	3,504,853	-	3,504,853
Payables	7,264	81,749	89,013
	3,625,194	121,936	3,747,130

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	30 September 2018 RM	31 December 2017 RM
Designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception		
- Shares quoted in Malaysia	323,196,724	323,354,829
	Quarter ended 30 September 2018 RM	Quarter ended 30 September 2017 RM
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
- Realised gain	2,781,148	895,393
- Unrealised gain/(loss)	14,125,840	(30,419)
	16,906,988	864,974
	Year to Date 30 September 2018 RM	Year to Date 30 September 2017 RM
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
- Realised gain	7,737,038	1,569,206
- Unrealised (loss)/gain	(3,892,649)	11,245,928
	3,844,389	12,815,134

5 DIVIDENDS RECEIVABLE

Dividends receivable represents dividends declared on the Fund's component stocks at the ex-date and not yet received at the end of the financial period.

Dividends declared are recognized on the ex-date and are reversed out from the receivables upon receipt by the Fund.

6 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	30 September 2018 RM	31 December 2017 RM
Shariah-compliant deposits with a licensed bank	1,899,746	1,264,717
Cash at bank – From Shariah-compliant income	174,844	1,902,759
Cash at bank – From non Shariah-compliant income	39,610	3,089
	2,114,200	3,170,565

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

6 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

The effective average profit rate of short term deposits per annum as at the date of the statement of financial position is as follows:

	30 September 2018 %pa	31 December 2017 %pa
Shariah-compliant deposits with a licensed bank	3.20	3.05

As at the end of the financial period ended 30 September 2018, the Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed bank of the Fund have a weighted average maturity period of 1 day (31 December 2017: 3 days) and are denominated in Ringgit Malaysia.

7 PAYABLES

<u>30</u>	September 2018 RM	31 December 2017 RM
Amount due to index licensor	88,628	53,710
Amount due to beneficial organisations (Note 8)	39,610	3,088
Printing cost	4,000	4,000
Other payables	1,420	28,215
	133,658	89,013

8 AMOUNT DUE TO BENEFICIAL ORGANISATIONS

Amount due to beneficial organisations is the Non Shariah-compliant income portion of dividends received and receivable as at 30 September 2018. It comprises the following amounts:

	30 September 2018 RM	31 December 2017 RM
Cash at bank – non Shariah-compliant income	39,610	3,088

Cash at bank – non Shariah-compliant income represents the portion of dividends already received during the financial period which relates to income that does not comply with Shariah principles.

9 NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION AND NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS

Net Asset Value (NAV) attributable to unit holders is represented by:

	Note) September 2018 RM	31 December 2017 RM
Unit holders' contribution Retained earnings	(a)	289,739,745 36,640,444	290,554,754 33,027,888
		326,380,189	323,582,642

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

9 NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION AND NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS (CONTINUED)

(a) UNIT HOLDERS' CONTRIBUTION/UNITS IN CIRCULATION

	30 Septeml	ber 2018	31 Decemb	er 2017
	No. of Units	RM	No. of Units	RM
At beginning of the				
period/year	276,300,000	290,554,754	279,100,000	293,706,354
Creation during the				
period/year	24,400,000	29,243,400		
Cancellation during the				
period/year	(24,800,000)	(30,058,409)	(2,800,000)	(3,151,600)
At the end of the				
period/year	275,900,000	289,739,745	276,300,000	290,554,754
Approved size of Fund	500,000,000	=	500,000,000	

10 TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS

Details of transactions with the brokers for the period ended 30 September 2018 are as follows:

	Percentage		Percentage
Value	of total	Brokerage	of total
of trade	trades	fees	brokerage
RM	%	RM	%
42,076,961	33.62	50,492	33.61
40,248,516	32.16	48,298	32.14
38,073,578	30.42	45,688	30.41
4,135,401	3.30	4,997	3.33
635,430	0.51	776	0.52
125,169,886	100.00	150,251	100.00
	of trade RM 42,076,961 40,248,516 38,073,578 4,135,401 635,430	Value of trade of total trades RM % 42,076,961 33.62 40,248,516 32.16 38,073,578 30.42 4,135,401 3.30 635,430 0.51	Value of trade of total trades Brokerage fees RM % RM 42,076,961 33.62 50,492 40,248,516 32.16 48,298 38,073,578 30.42 45,688 4,135,401 3.30 4,997 635,430 0.51 776

11 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND PARTIES RELATED TO THE MANAGER

The related parties of and their relationship with the Fund are as follows:

Related parties	<u>Relationship</u>
i-VCAP Management Sdn. Bhd.	The Manager
Valuecap Sdn Bhd ("Valuecap")	Holding company of the Manager
Shareholders of Valuecap with significant influence on Valuecap	Shareholders of Valuecap

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

11 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND PARTIES RELATED TO THE MANAGER (CONTINUED)

(a) Units held by the Manager and parties related to the Manager

	30 September 2018			31 December 2017
	No. of Units	RM	No. of Units	RM
The Manager	530,800	627,936	968,800	1,134,562
Valuecap	24,900,000	29,456,700	22,542,800	26,399,873
Shareholders of Valuecap	244,712,767	289,495,203	243,110,300	284,706,472
- -	270,143,567	319,579,840	266,621,900	312,240,907

The units are held legally by the Manager for booking purposes. The units are held beneficially by Valuecap and shareholders of Valuecap.

12 MANAGEMENT FEE

The Manager is entitled to a management fee at a rate not exceeding 1.0% per annum on the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Fund calculated on a daily basis, as provided under Clause 14.1 of the Deed.

For the financial period ended 30 September 2018, the management fee was recognised at a rate of 0.4% (2017: 0.4%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on daily basis.

There will be no further liability to the Manager in respect of management fee other than the amounts recognised above.

13 TRUSTEE'S FEE

The Trustee is entitled to an annual fee at a rate not exceeding 0.08% per annum on the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Fund, as provided under Clause 14.2 of the Deed.

For the financial period ended 30 September 2018, the Trustee's fee was recognised at a rate of 0.05% (2017: 0.05%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, inclusive of local custodian fee, calculated on a daily basis.

There will be no further liability to the Trustee in respect of trustee fee other than the amounts recognised above.

14 LICENSE FEE

License fee is payable to S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, the Benchmark Index provider.

For the financial period ended 30 September 2018, the License Fee was recognised at a rate of 0.04% (2017: 0.04%) per annum of the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Fund, calculated on daily basis.

There will be no further liability to S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC in respect of license fee other than the amounts recognised above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

15 OTHER EXPENSES

exchange-traded funds

Expenses not deductible for tax purposes

16

	01.07.2018 to <u>30.09.2018</u> RM	01.07.2017 to <u>30.09.2017</u> RM
007		
GST expense Other expenses	- 9,885	23,867 12,946
Other expenses	·	
	9,885	36,813
TAXATION		
	01.07.2018 to	01.07.2017 to
	30.09.2018 RM	30.09.2017 RM
Tax charged for the financial period: - Current taxation	<u>-</u>	
The explanation of the relationship between taxation and profit follows:	t/(loss) before taxation	of the Fund is as
	01.07.2018 to <u>30.09.2018</u> RM	01.07.2017 to <u>30.09.2017</u> RM
Profit before taxation	19,124,528	2,004,044
Tax at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% Tax effect of:	4,589,887	480,970
Investment income not subject to tax Restriction on tax deductible expenses for	(4,717,673)	(600,991)
. tee or tax addatas expenses io	70.500	00.070

79,502

48,284

69,259

50,762

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

17 INCOME DISTRIBUTION

Distribution to unit holders is from the following sources:

	Quarter ended	Quarter ended
	30 September 2018 RM	30 September 2017 RM
Undistributed net exempt income brought forward	-	-
Exempt dividend income	-	=
Profits from money market placements	-	-
	-	-
Less: Expenses		
Exempt non Shariah-compliant income Fund related expenses	-	-
Turiu relateu experises	-	-
Total amount of income distribution		
	Year to Date	Year to Date
	30 September 2018	30 September 2017
	30 September 2018 RM	30 September 2017 RM
Undistributed net exempt income brought forward	30 September 2018	30 September 2017
Exempt dividend income	30 September 2018 RM	30 September 2017 RM
	30 September 2018 RM	30 September 2017 RM
Exempt dividend income Profits from money market placements	30 September 2018 RM	30 September 2017 RM
Exempt dividend income Profits from money market placements Less: Expenses	30 September 2018 RM 6,125,570	30 September 2017 RM 6,223,930
Exempt dividend income Profits from money market placements Less: Expenses Exempt non Shariah-compliant income	30 September 2018 RM 6,125,570	30 September 2017 RM 6,223,930
Exempt dividend income Profits from money market placements Less: Expenses	30 September 2018 RM 6,125,570	30 September 2017 RM 6,223,930
Exempt dividend income Profits from money market placements Less: Expenses Exempt non Shariah-compliant income	30 September 2018 RM 6,125,570	30 September 2017 RM 6,223,930

The net asset value per unit prior and subsequent to the income distribution was as follows:

Distribution date (ex-date)	Cum-distribution RM	Distribution <u>per unit</u> RM	Ex-distribution RM
<u>2018</u> 1 March 2018	1.2195	0.0239	1.1956
2017 1 March 2017	1.0859	0.0223	1.0636

Included in the above is an amount of RM6,125,570 distributed from previous financial year's undistributed net realised exempt income.

The first and final income distribution for the financial year ended 31 December 2017 of 2.39 sen per unit was declared on 12 February 2018 based on the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2017 with the ex-date of 1 March 2018 and entitlement date of 5 March 2018. The total amount of income distributed was RM6,125,570 based on 256,300,000 of the Fund's units in circulation, which was paid out to unit holders on 29 March 2018.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

18 MANAGEMENT EXPENSE RATIO ("MER")

30 September 2018 % 30 September 2017 % 0.41 0.43

MER is derived from the following calculation:

MER = $(A + B + C + D + E + F + G) \times 100$

A = Management fee B = Trustee's fee C = Licensing fee

MER

D = Auditors' remuneration
E = Tax agent's fee
F = Shariah adviser's fee
G = Other expenses

H = Average net asset value of Fund calculated on daily basis

The average net asset value of the Fund for the financial period calculated on daily basis is RM317,946,681 (30 September 2017: RM305,047,759).

19 PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

	30 September 2018	30 September 2017
PTR (times)	0.29	0.08

PTR is derived from the following calculation:

PTR = (Total acquisition for the financial period + total disposal for the financial period) ÷ 2

Average net asset value of the Fund for the financial period calculated on daily basis

where: total acquisition for the financial period = RM90,274,985 (30 September 2017: RM22,495,500) total disposal for the financial period = RM94,092,124 (30 September 2017: RM25,179,017)

The average net asset value of the Fund for the financial period calculated on daily basis is RM317,946,681 (30 September 2017: RM305,047,759).

20 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Fund is designed to provide investment results that closely correspond to the performance of the Benchmark Index. The manager attempts to achieve a tracking error of less than 3% between the Net Asset Value of the fund and the Benchmark Index.

The internal reporting provided to the CEO for the fund's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of MFRS. The CEO is responsible for the performance of the fund and considers the business to have a single operating segment.

There were no changes in the reportable segments during the period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

21 NON CASH TRANSACTIONS

Creations and cancellations are done by transferring the perfect basket from and to the unit holders respectively. A reconciliation of the cash flows used in creation and cancellation and the total creation and cancellation as presented in the statement of changes in equity is presented below:

Creation	30 September 2018	30 September 2017
Fair value of benchmark index sharesCash component	29,201,900 41,500	<u> </u>
	29,243,400	-
Cancellation	30 September 2018	30 September 2017
Fair value of benchmark index sharesCash component	30,013,249 45,162	1,333,610 1,990
	30,058,411	1,335,600

22 FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value of financial assets traded in active markets (such as trading securities) is based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the period end date.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

The fair value of financial assets that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques.

(i) Fair value hierachy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices)(Level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data, (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgment by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

22 FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(i) Fair value hierarhy (continued)

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the financial asset measured at fair value at:

	<u>Level 1</u> RM	<u>Level 2</u> RM	<u>Level 3</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Financial assets at fair value				
through profit and loss				
 Quoted Shares 	323,196,724	-	-	323,196,724

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and are therefore classified within Level 1, include Shariah-compliant collective investment schemes. The Fund does not adjust the quoted prices for these instruments.

(ii) The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, amount due from manager, rebate of management fee receivable and all current liabilities are a reasonable approximation of the fair values due to their short term nature.