# MYETF MSCI MALAYSIA ISLAMIC DIVIDEND

# **ANNUAL REPORT**

For the Financial Year Ended 31 December 2021



i-VCAP Management Sdn Bhd Company No.: 200701034939

(a wholly owned subsidiary of Kenanga Investors Berhad)

# MYETF MSCI MALAYSIA ISLAMIC DIVIDEND

Contents	Page
Corporate Directory	iii
Fund Information	1 - 2
Manager's Report	3 - 8
Fund Performance	9 - 14
Trustee's Report	15
Shariah Adviser's Report	16
Independent Auditors' Report	17 - 20
Statement by the Manager	21
Financial Statements	22 - 53
Directors' Profile	54 - 59
Directors' Training	60 - 62
Shariah Adviser's Profile	63 - 65
Trustee's Delegate	66

# INTRODUCTION

MyETF MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend or MyETF-MMID is the first style-based Shariah exchange traded fund ("ETF") introduced globally that aims to capture market alpha via investment in dividend yielding Shariah-compliant companies listed on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities"). It is designed to provide investment results that closely correspond to the performance of its Benchmark Index i.e. MSCI Malaysia IMI Islamic High Dividend Yield 10/40 Index ("MIIMYD4P Index").

Structured as an ETF, MyETF-MMID is a liquid and cost efficient financial instrument for investors who wish to get potential periodic income and capital gain from Malaysia's Shariah equity market. MyETF-MMID was listed on the Main Market of Bursa Securities on 21 March 2014. The short name and stock number for MyETF-MMID are "MYETFID" and "0824EA" respectively.

The Benchmark Index, MIIMYD4P Index, is a free-float adjusted, market capitalisation weighted index, maintained and published by MSCI Inc. It consists Shariah-compliant companies listed on Bursa Securities with higher than average dividend yield (of the Malaysia Shariah equity universe) that are deemed sustainable and persistent by MSCI. The Benchmark Index is reviewed and rebalanced periodically by MSCI's Shariah Supervisory Committee to ensure the investability, Shariah-compliancy and continuous representation of the dividend yielding opportunity set of the index are maintained

# CORPORATE DIRECTORY

# Manager: i-VCAP Management Sdn Bhd Company No. 200701034939 (792968-D)

**Registered Office** 

Level 17. Kenanga Tower 237. Jalan Tun Razak 50400 Kuala Lumpur, Malavsia.

Tel: 03-2172 2888 Fax: 03-2172 2999 **Business Office** 

Level 14. Kenanga Tower 237. Jalan Tun Razak 50400 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

Tel: 03-2172 3000 Fax: 03-2172 3080

E-mail:ivcap@kenanga.com.my Website: www.ivcap.com.mv

Luk Wai Hong, William (Chairman)

Imran Devindran Abdullah (Independent Director) Ismitz Matthew De Alwis (Non-Independent Director)

Syed Umar Bin Abdul Rahman Alhadad (Executive Director)

# Company Secretary: Norliza Abd Samad (MAICSA 7011089)

Level 17, Kenanga Tower, 237, Jalan Tun Razak, 50400 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

# Trustee: Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad Company No. 200701005591 (763590-H)

Level 20. Menara IMC. 8. Jalan Sultan Ismail. 50250 Kuala Lumpur.

Tel: 03-2053 7522 Fax: 03-2053 7526

# Auditor: Ernst & Young PLT Company No. 202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039

Level 23A. Menara Milenium, Jalan Damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara, 50490 Kuala Lumpur, Tel: 03-7495 8000 Fax: 03-2095 5332

# Tax Adviser: PricewaterhouseCoopers Taxation Services Sdn Bhd

Company No. 199801008604 (464731-M)

Level 15, 1 Sentral, Jalan Rakyat, Kuala Lumpur Sentral, 50706 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

Tel: 03-2173 1188 Fax: 03-2173 1288

# Participating Dealer: CGS-CIMB Securities Sdn Bhd Company No. 197901004504 (48703-W)

Level 12, Menara Bumiputra-Commerce, No. 11, Jalan Raja Laut, 50350 Kuala Lumpur.

Tel: 03-2635 8888 Fax: 03-2602 0119

# Participating Dealer: RHB Investment Bank Berhad Company No. 197401002639 (19663-P)

Level 3A. Tower One. RHB Centre. Jalan Tun Razak 50400 Kuala Lumpur.

Tel: 03-2635 6666 Fax: 03-7710 0121

# Shariah Adviser: Amanie Advisors Sdn Bhd Company No. 200501007003 (684050-H)

Level 13A-2, Menara Tokio Marine Life, 189, Jalan Tun Razak, 50400 Kuala Lumpur.

Tel: 03-2161 0260 Fax: 03-2161 0262

# Share Registrar: Boardroom Share Registrars Sdn Bhd (formerly known as Symphony Share Registrars Sdn Bhd) Company 199601006647 (378993-D)

11th Floor, Menara Symphony, No. 5, Jalan Semangat (Jalan Professor Khoo Kay Kim),

Seksyen 13, 46200 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia.

Tel: 03-7849 0777 Fax No: 03-7841 8151/8152

# <u>Custodian:</u> Deutsche Bank (Malaysia) Berhad Company No. 199401026871 (312552-W) (*Trustee's Delegate) (Please refer to page 66 for Trustee's Delegate information)*

Level 18, Menara IMC, 8, Jalan Sultan Ismail, 50250 Kuala Lumpur.

Tel: 03-2053 6788

# Index Licensor: MSCI Inc.

One Chase Manhattan Plaza, 44th Floor, New York, NY 10005, United States of America. Tel: (+1) 212 804 3901 Fax: (+1) 212 809 1213

# Fund Accountant: Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Company No. 200701005591 (763590-H)

Level 20, Menara IMC, 8, Jalan Sultan Ismail, 50250 Kuala Lumpur.

Tel: 03-2053 6788 Fax: 03-2031 8710

# 1 FUND INFORMATION

# 1.1 Fund Name

MyETF MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend ("MyETF-MMID" or "the Fund")

# 1.2 Fund Category / Type

Shariah-Compliant Equity / Exchange-traded fund

# 1.3 Investment Objective

The Fund aims to provide investment results that closely correspond to the performance of the Benchmark Index regardless of its performance. The Manager attempts to achieve an absolute value of tracking error of less than 3% between the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Fund and the Benchmark Index.

# 1.4 Investment Strategy

The Manager will generally adopt a replication strategy to manage the Fund. The Manager may use techniques including indexing by way of full or partial replication in seeking to achieve the investment objective of the Fund, subject to conformity to the Shariah.

# 1.5 Benchmark Index

MSCI Malaysia IMI Islamic High Dividend Yield 10/40 Index ("MIMYDY40 Index")

The Benchmark Index is a market capitalisation weighted and free-float adjusted index provided by MSCI Inc ("MSCI"). The Benchmark Index is designed as a performance benchmark for the high dividend-yielding companies of its Parent Index, i.e. the MSCI Malaysia IMI Islamic Index. The Benchmark Index shall consist between 16 to 30 Shariah-Compliant companies listed on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") with higher than the average dividend yield of the Parent Index and are deemed both sustainable and persistent by MSCI.

The weight of any single group or entity in the Benchmark Index is capped at 10% of the Index total market capitalisation and the sum of weights of all groups or entities representing more than 5% of the Index is capped at 40% of the Index total market capitalisation.

The Parent Index is a free-float adjusted market capitalisation weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of Malaysia. The Parent Index and Benchmark Index consist only of Shariah-compliant securities which are approved by the MSCI Shariah Supervisory and audit the Benchmark Index, the Parent Index as well as the MSCI Islamic Index Series Methodology on a regular basis to ensure compliance with Shariah.

# 1.6 Distribution Policy

Annual, subject to the discretion of the Manager.

# 1.7 Commencement Date & Listing Date

17 March 2014

### Breakdown of unit holdings of the Fund as at 31 December 2021 1.8

Size of holdings	No. of unit holders	No. of units held
Less than 100	5	57
100 - 1,000	122	51,009
1,001 - 10,000	63	257,300
10,001 - 100,000	12	416,400
100,001 - <5%*	6	1,155,700
> = 5%*	3	25,319,534
Total	211	27,200,000

5%\* - 5% of the units in circulation

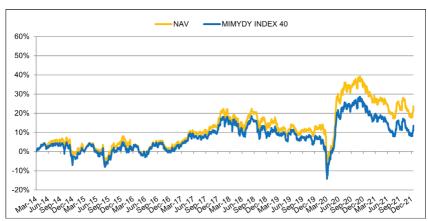
### 2 MANAGER'S REPORT

### 21 Explanation on whether the Fund has achieved its investment objective

For the financial year under review, the Fund achieved its investment objective to track closely the underlying benchmark index, i.e. MIIMYD4P Index. As at 31 December 2021, the 3-year rolling tracking errors between the NAV per unit of the Fund and the Benchmark Index on Price Return and Total Return basis were at 0.17% and 0.19% respectively, well within the 3% limit stipulated under the Fund's investment objective.

### 2.2 Comparison between the Fund's performance and performance of the benchmark

# Performance Chart Since Launch MvETF-MMID vs Benchmark



Source: Bloomberg, i-VCAP

### 2.3 Investment strategies and policies employed during the financial year under review

The Manager adopted a replication strategy to manage the Fund. The Manager used techniques including indexing by way of full or partial replication and/or investing in certain authorised investments, in seeking to achieve the investment objective of the Fund, subject to conformity to the Shariah.

During the Financial Year, the Manager tracked the performance of the Benchmark Index by investing all, or substantially all, of the Fund's assets in the constituents of the Benchmark Index in largely the same weightings as they appear in the Benchmark Index.

### 2.4 Fund performance analysis based on NAV per unit (adjusted for income distribution: if any)

	Cumulative Returns (b)			
Asset	1-Year (%)	3-Year (%)	5-Year (%)	Since inception ^ (%)
MyETF-MMID-NAV Price Return (a)	-7.00	7.89	21.07	23.20
MIMYDY40-Price Return Index	-7.42	3.14	12.79	13.19
MyETF-MMID-NAV Total Return (a) MIMYDY40-Total Return Index	-5.13 -3.49	15.81 14.56	34.97 34.04	44.65 48.29

Sources: Bloomberg, i-VCAP

The Fund's NAV per unit has decreased by 7.00% to RM1.2361 from RM1.3292 in FY2021, tracking the weak performance of the general domestic equity market in 2021. The Fund had a good start to the year before the Fund's NAV retracing and reached its low of RM1.1723 on 12 August 2021 and closed the year at RM1.2361. Similarly, the Benchmark Index (DJIM25 Index) and Benchmark's Total Return Index (DJIM25 Total Return Index) has also decreased by 7.42% and 3.49% respectively. The difference between the performance of the Fund and its Benchmark Index can largely be attributed to the Fund's operational costs.

### 2.5 Review of the market

### Market review

Global equities started the year on a positive note as the risk on rally from December 2020 continued into January, bolstered by vaccination rollouts, optimism on the new Biden administration's proposed stimulus plans as well as China's stronger than expected recovery. However, sentiment turned towards the end of the month on vaccine delays, new virus mutations and the economic impact from extended lockdowns. The improved global demand outlook fueled further rallies in oil, which also benefitted from Saudi Arabia's surprise production cut for February and March. Locally, the market ended its positive streak amidst a rise in the number of new Covid-19 cases, a state of emergency rule, and the beginning of a new round of nationwide lockdown to curb the pandemic. The FBM EMAS Shariah fell 2.2% for the month to 12,871 points in January.

In February, regional markets were spurred by pick-up of demand recovery and expectations of reopening as vaccinations were rolled out globally. Global markets however sold off towards end February as US 10-year treasury yield surged to 1.41% from 1.07% in January, stoked by higher inflation expectations from U.S. President Biden's USD1.9 trillion stimulus bill. Commodities had a good run for the month with both CPO and oil price rising. Brent oil price surged to USD66.1 per barrel, the highest level since January 2020 as US production was hit by freezing storms. The FBM EMAS Shariah rose 0.8% mom to close at 12.979 points in February as Malaysia began easing lockdown measures and started to roll out vaccination program. March saw continual risk-off sentiment locally as US treasury yields continued to rise. Markets remained jittery despite Fed's reassurance that it will hold rate near zero through 2023. BNM kept interest rate unchanged and expects growth to improve from 2Q2021, led by rebound in global demand, higher public and private sector spending, FBM EMAS Shariah declined 1% mom to close at 12.848 points in March following the extension of Conditional Movement Control Order and slower vaccination roll out.

<sup>(</sup>a) Independently sourced from Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn. Bhd.

<sup>(</sup>b) Cumulative returns are up to 31 December 2021.

<sup>^</sup> Performance from inception date on 17 March 2014.

### 2.5 Review of the market (contd.)

# Market review (contd.)

The US markets continued to scale higher in April on the back of stronger economic outlook for 2021 and Biden's proposed USD2 trillion infrastructure bill. A retreat of 10-year treasury yields to 1.63% by end April compared to 1.74% in March helped on sentiment as well. Locally, new Covid-19 cases began to increase in April after hitting the low of 941 cases on 29 March. New cases hit the high of 3,788 on 30 April. The FBM EMAS Shariah gained 3.3% mom to close at 13.273 points in April. The US markets marked their fourth straight monthly advance in May as economic data such as lower unemployment claims signaled a sustained rebound, outweighing inflation worries. In Malaysia, new daily Covid-19 cases hit the record high of 9,020 on 29 May. With the stretched medical resources, these led to the government's decision on 28 May 2021 that the country will be placed under a two-week nationwide lockdown similar to MCO 1.0. The FBM EMAS Shariah declined 3.8% to close at 12,773 points in May.

Moving into June, US markets took a dip mid-month from initial inflation fears and the Federal Reserve's hawkish announcement during the US FOMC meeting, before recouping its losses at the end of the month. Recovery was mainly buoyed by President Biden's announcement on a new infrastructure deal which fuelled a rally among major indices worldwide. Locally, the total lockdown nationwide came into effect in June was extended due to the continued surge in Covid-19 cases. The government also unveiled its National Recovery Plan comprised of a four-phase exit strategy from the current Phase 1 lockdown. Despite continued rising in Covid-19 cases, all three major indices in the US charted new highs in July as mega cap tech stocks and positive corporate earnings helped drive main indices up again. Locally, new infection cases continued to escalate and UMNO withdrew support for the Prime Minister. The FBM EMAS fell 1.1% in July to close lower at 12,049 points.

US markets continued to reach new highs again in August with the S&P500 posting a near 3% rise for the month. This came with the Fed Chairman Jerome Powell signalling no rush for tightening of monetary policy. Market was exicetd by the pass of a US\$1 trillion bipartisan infrastructure bill which will be spread over five years. Locally, the Islamic equities markets surged 5.8% in August to 12,750 points due to foreign buying on optimism that political concerns will subside following the appointment of Dato' Sri Ismail Sabri as the ninth Prime Minster of Malaysia on 21 August. More economic activities allowed in states under Phases 1 and 2 of NRP where half of adults are fully vaccinated.

Most global equity markets fell in September with US and Europe ending their winning streaks. Investors' sentiment was spooked by concern over persistent high inflation, slower economic growth, upcoming tapering by the Fed, compounded by worries on global supply chain problems and contagion impact from debt-laden property developer China Evergrande Group. On political development, the government and Pakatan Harapan leaders signed a memorandum of understanding (MOU) on a bipartisan cooperation. The government announced the 12th Malaysia Plan (12MP), a roadmap for the country's development from 2021 to 2025 and set a target annual gross domestic product (GDP) growth of between 4.5% and 5.5% for the five-year period.

### 2.5 Review of the market (contd.)

# Market review (contd.)

Malaysia continued to outperform Asia and EMs in October ahead of the National Budget 2022. The gain was driven by net buying by foreign investors on optimism that the Malaysian economy will rebound from Covid-19 impact, following the reopening of its economy. Malaysia lifted its interstate and overseas travel ban which was in place since 13 January for fully vaccinated Malaysians effective 11 October. The negative surprise came from Budget 2022 which introduced a higher tax rate of 33% for company profits that exceed RM100m, alongside a higher stamp duty rate on trades for the Malaysia's market. This partly contributed to the tepid performance in November, as local Shariah indices fell along with regional peers, which was reacting to the emergence of a new 'Omicron' Covid-19 variant. Swiftly designated a 'variant of concern' by the WHO. Omicron stoked fears of renewed public health risks and re-imposition of lockdown measures globally, as several countries placed travel bans on selected southern African nations. FBM EMAS recorded a 3.7% drop in November.

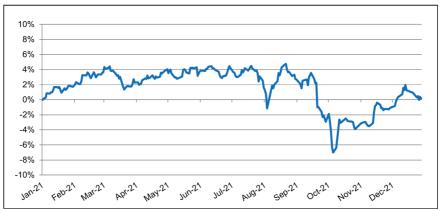
Moving into December, US markets rebounded off a weak November, ending the year near record highs alongside most other global equities as markets rationalize the surge in COVID-19 cases with the downward trending death toll. Both the S&P 500 and Dow Jones Industrial closed up 3.0% and 5.4% respectively over the month. The Fed announced its decision to conclude asset purchases by March through accelerating the taper of asset purchases to \$30bn/month as headline inflation accelerated to 6.8% in November. Similarly. Asian equities also rebounded as markets appeared less worried of risks from Omicron and remained confident of ongoing recovery and continuation of economic expansion. Locally, Malaysian indices outperformed regional peers with the KLCI and FBM100 rising 3.5% and 2.3% respectively. Despite concerns over the flood on corporate earnings and Omicron risk on reopening plans, the Malaysian stock market ended the final trading day of 2021 sharply higher with help from last-minute bargain hunting, well as positive reaction to the government's decision to extend the tax exemptions on foreign sourced income for individuals and foreign sourced dividend income for corporates for another 5 years (from 1 Jan 2022 till 31 Dec 2026). On commodities, crude prices fell by 0.9% over the three-month period due to Omicron fears which sent oil prices tumbling by 16.4% in November before rebounding by 10.2% in December.

Overall, 2021 was a weak year for Malaysian equity market due to the political uncertainties and nationwide lockdown in tandem with rising Covid-19 cases. The MIIMYD4P Index started well at the beginning of the year and retraced to its lowest level of 2.520 points on 12 August 2021 before ended the year at 2.650 point, translating to a decline of 7.00% in 2021. Foreign investors recorded a net sold of RM3.15 billion in Malaysian equities for the year. The Ringgit depreciated by 3.6% against the USD to RM4.165/USD in 2021, alongside the general weakening across emerging market currencies.

### 2.5 Review of the market (contd.)

# Market review (contd.)

Chart: MIMYDY40 Index Performance in FY2021



Sources: Bloomberg, i-VCAP

### Market outlook

Global equities are expected to be supported by a positive macro backdrop as growth transitions back to trend. However, tightening monetary policy could cause some market volatility. Corporate earnings will continue to be supported by reopening as COVID-19 progresses to becoming more endemic while production increases as labour supply recovers. Given the prevailing external uncertainties, investors' focus are expected to position defensively with focus on companies that are resilient in earnings. Hence, for investors who may prefer a mixed bag of big and mid-cap stocks with competitive dividend payout, MyETF-MMID will provide such exposure.

### 2.6 **Distributions**

For the financial year under review, the Fund paid an income distribution of 2.53 sen per unit for the Financial Year 2020 (declared in February 2021).

	Gross/Net distribution per unit	Ex-NAV per unit
Distribution date	(sen)	(RM)
12 March 2021	2.53	1.2545

### 2.7 Details of any unit split exercise

The Fund did not carry out any unit split exercise during the financial year under review.

# 2.8 Significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund during the financial year

The Securities Commission Malaysia had on 29 January 2021 approved the acquisition of i-VCAP Management Sdn Bhd ("i-VCAP") by Kenanga Investors Berhad ("KIB"). Following this, the completion of the acquisition of i-VCAP became effective on 19 February 2021.

Further to this, a First Supplementary Prospectus was issued on 13 April 2021. Please refer to the First Supplementary Prospectus for further details.

# 2.9 Circumstances that materially affect any interests of the unit holders

There were no circumstances that materially affected any interests of the unit holders during the financial year under review.

## 2.10 Rebates and soft commissions

It is the policy of the Manager to credit any rebates received into the account of the Fund. Any soft commissions received by investment manager on behalf of the Fund are in the form of research and advisory services that assist in the decision making process relating to the investment of the Fund which are of demonstrable benefit to unit holders of the Fund. Any dealing with the broker or dealer is executed on terms which are the most favourable for the Fund. Nevertheless, the Manager did not received soft commissions from its stockbrokers during the financial year under review.

# 2.11 Cross-trade

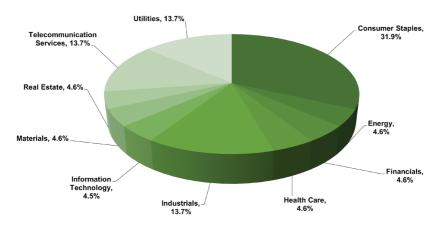
During the financial year under review, no cross-trade transactions were undertaken by the Manager for the Fund.

### FUND PERFORMANCE 3

### 3.1 Details of portfolio composition of the Fund for the financial year as at 31 December 2021 is as follows:

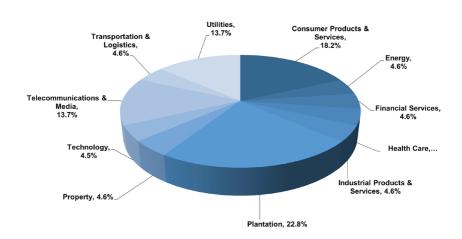
Based on Fund's quoted investments as at 31 December 2021, the sector allocation of MIMYDY40 Index based on MSCI and Bursa Securities sector classifications are as follows:

Chart 1(a): Sector Classification - MSCI



Source: MSCI

Chart 1(b): Sector Classification - Bursa Malaysia



Sources: Bursa Malaysia, MSCI

### 3.1 Details of portfolio composition of the Fund for the financial year as at 31 December 2021 is as follows: (contd.)

MSCI performed quarterly review and rebalanced the composition of the Benchmark Index in accordance with its index methodology. The quarterly review had resulted in changes to the component stocks as well as the weightings of the stocks in the Benchmark Index. The Manager had undertaken rebalancing exercise in accordance to the changes by MSCI to ensure that the Fund's investment would be reflective of the changes in the Benchmark Index. The stock inclusions and exclusions during the respective quarterly review are summarised in Table 1

In terms of sectoral weightings, notable changes to the Fund's sector composition as compared to end-December 2020 were the decrease in Health Care from 22.97% to 4.91% and increase in Plantation from 9.06% to 22.07%. Meanwhile the weighting of other sectors have changed during the period.

Table 1: List of Inclusions and Exclusions

	Stock Inclusions	Stock Exclusions
1Q21	-	Hartalega Holdings Bhd
IQZI	-	Kossan Rubber Industries Bhd
	IOI Corporation Bhd	Tenaga Nasional Bhd
	Dialog Group Bhd	Top Glove Corporation Bhd
2021	Genting Plantations Bhd	Fraser & Neave Hldgs Bhd
2021	Mega First Corp	Nestle (Malaysia) Bhd
	Matrix Concepts Holdings	KPJ Healthcare Bhd
	Duopharma Biotech	Lotte Chemical Titan Holding Bhd
3Q21	-	-
	Nestle (Malaysia) Bhd	Duopharma Biotech Bhd
4Q21	United Plantations Bhd	Sime Darby Plantation Bhd
	D&O Green Technologies Bhd	

Details of the Fund's latest top holdings and the key changes for the reporting year are as follows:

Table 2: Top Ten Holdings of the Fund as at 31 December 2021

Stock	(	% of NAV
1	Maxis Berhad	9.73
2	Petronas Gas Bhd	9.64
3	Sime Darby Bhd	9.35
4	IOI Corporation Bhd	8.69
5	IHH Healthcare Berhad	4.91
6	Kuala Lumpur Kepong Bhd	4.74
7	Scientex Berhad	4.64
8	Syarikat Takaful Malaysia Keluarga Berhad	4.57
9	Time Dotcom Bhd	4.56
10	Matrix Concepts Holdings Bhd	4.52
Total		65.35

Sources: i-VCAP

### Details of portfolio composition of the Fund for the financial year as at 31 December 3.1 2021 is as follows: (contd.)

Table 3: Fund's Sector Allocation

	As at 31-Dec-21	As at 31-Dec-20	Change (%)
Health Care	4.91%	22.97%	-18.06%
Consumer Products & Services	17.98%	17.86%	0.12%
Utilities	13.85%	17.47%	-3.62%
Telecommunications & Media	14.29%	13.85%	0.44%
Plantation	22.07%	9.06%	13.01%
Industrial Products & Services	4.64%	8.00%	-3.36%
Financial Services	4.57%	4.69%	-0.12%
Transportation & Logistics	4.21%	4.47%	-0.26%
Property	4.52%	0.00%	4.52%
Technology	4.50%	0.00%	4.50%
Cash & Others	4.46%	1.63%	2.83%

Sources: Bursa Malaysia, i-VCAP

Details of the Fund's quoted Investments as at 31 December 2021 are as follows:

Table 4: MyETF-MMID's Investment in Listed Equities

			Market Value as a percentage of
	Quantity	Market Value	Net Asset Value
	(Units)	(RM)	(%)
Consumer Products & Services			
Sime Darby Bhd	1,354,800	3,143,136	9.35
QL Resources Bhd	309,250	1,413,273	4.2
Nestle (M) Bhd	11,100	1,489,620	4.43
	1,675,150	6,046,029	17.98
Energy			
Dialog Group Bhd	512,600	1,343,012	3.99
	512,600	1,343,012	3.99
Financial Services			
Syarikat Takaful Malaysia Keluarga			
Berhad	414,900	1,535,130	4.57
	414,900	1,535,130	4.57
Health Care			
IHH Healthcare Berhad	224,900	1,650,766	4.91
	224,900	1,650,766	4.91

### Details of portfolio composition of the Fund for the financial year as at 31 December 3.1 2021 is as follows: (contd.)

Details of the Fund's quoted Investments as at 31 December 2021 are as follows: (contd.)

Table 4: MyETF-MMID's Investment in Listed Equities (contd.)

	Quantity	Market Value	Market Value as a percentage of Net Asset Value
	(Units)	(RM)	(%)
Industrial Products & Services			
Scientex	143,500	1,561,540	4.64
	143,500	1,561,540	4.64
Plantation			
IOI Corporation Bhd	783,500	2,922,455	8.69
Kuala Lumpur Kepong Bhd	73,200	1,594,296	4.74
Genting Plantations Berhad	217,000	1,453,900	4.32
United Plantations Bhd	104,600	1,451,848	4.32
	1,178,300	7,422,499	22.07
Property			
Matrix Concepts Holdings Bhd	690,000	1,518,000	4.52
	690,000	1,518,000	4.52
Technology			
D&O Green Technologies Berhad	256,200	1,511,580	4.50
·	256,200	1,511,580	4.50
Telecommunications & Media			
Maxis Berhad	674,300	3,270,355	9.73
Time Dotcom Bhd	333,000	1,531,800	4.56
	1,007,300	4,802,155	14.29
Transportation & Logistics			
Westports Holdings Berhad	349,300	1,414,665	4.21
	349,300	1,414,665	4.21
Utilities			
Petronas Gas Bhd	180,100	3,241,800	9.64
Mega First Corporation Bhd	404,400	1,415,400	4.21
	584,500	4,657,200	13.85
	7,036,650	33,462,576	99.53

Sources: Bursa Malaysia, i-VCAP

### 3.2 Performance details of the Fund for financial period ended 31 December 2021 is as follows:

The key statistics and comparative performance of the Fund for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 are summarised as follows:

	As at 31-Dec-21	As at 31-Dec-20	As at 31-Dec-19	As at 31-Dec-18	As at 31-Dec-17
NAV per unit (RM)#	1.2361	1.3292	1.1160	1.1457	1.1776
NAV per unit (RM) (before distribution)	1.2798	1.0873	1.1357	1.2136	1.0385
NAV per unit (RM) (after distribution)	1.2545	1.0577	1.1081	1.1836	1.0303
- Highest	1.3436	1.3926	1.1783	1.2239	1.1776
- Lowest	(08-Jan) 1.1723	(23 Nov) 0.9057	(21 Feb) 1.0796	(28 Aug) 1.1086	(29 Dec) 1.0175
(During the period)	(12-Aug)	(19 Mar)	(26 May)	(26 Oct)	(19 Jan)
Price per unit (RM)#	1.2450	1.4250	1.1500	1.1600	1.1400
- Highest	1.6000	1.6000	1.1600	1.2100	1.1400
- Lowest	(10-May) 1.2000	(20 Nov) 0.8500	(30 Dec) 1.0400	(2 Aug) 1.0900	(29 Dec) 1.0150
(During the period)	(20-Dec)	(8 Apr)	(2 Apr)	(24 May)	(3 Jan)
Units in Circulation	27,200,000	31,200,000	39,200,000	46,400,000	48,000,000
Total NAV (RM)	33,621,662	41,470,998	43,748,713	53,158,345	56,522,726
Total NAV (RM) (before distribution)	43,770,913	33,488,068	48,608,394	39,745,078	53,947,832
Total NAV (RM) (after distribution)	42,653,515	32,576,388	47,427,114	38,823,398	53,163,512
Market Capitalisation (RM)	33,864,000	44,460,000	45,080,000	53,824,000	54,720,000
MIMYDY40 Index	2,650.47	2,862.90	2,489.15	2,569.68	2,666.89
MIMYDY40 Total Return Index	4,914.04	5,091.82	4,286.89	4,289.31	4,302.13
Tracking Error vs. MIMYDY40 Price Return Index (%)*	0.17	0.16	0.07	0.05	1.09
Tracking Error vs. MIMYDY40 Total Return Index (%)*	0.19	0.16	0.07	0.06	0.89
Management Expense Ratio (%)	0.79	0.73	0.63	0.63	0.69

Sources: Bloomberg, i-VCAP

The 3-year rolling tracking error between the NAV per unit of the Fund and the Price Return and Total Return Benchmark Index. The calculation was independently sourced from Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn. Bhd.

### 3.3 Average total return for the Fund

	Average Returns <sup>(b)</sup>			
	1-Year	3-Year	5-Year	Since Inception
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
MyETF- MMID - NAV Price Return <sup>(a)</sup> MIMYDY40 - Price Return Index	-7.00 -7.42	2.56 1.05	3.09 2.56	2.72 1.69
MyETF- MMID - NAV Total Return <sup>(a)</sup> MIMYDY40 - Total Return Index	-5.13 -3.49	5.01 4.85	6.18 6.80	4.85 6.19

Sources: Bloomberg, i-VCAP

### 3.4 Annual total return of the Fund

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
MyETF-MMID - NAV Price Return <sup>(a)</sup>	-7.02	19.10	-2.59	-2.71	15.34
MIMYDY40 - Price Return Index	-7.44	15.02	-3.13	-3.65	13.49
MyETF-MMID - NAV Total Return <sup>(a)</sup>	-5.14	22.49	-0.17	-0.40	17.04
MIMYDY40 - Total Return Index	-3.50	18.78	-0.06	-0.30	17.35

Sources: Bloomberg, i-VCAP

(a) Independently sourced from Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn. Bhd.

Investors are reminded that past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance. Unit prices and investment returns may fluctuate.

<sup>(</sup>a) Independently sourced from Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn. Bhd.

<sup>(</sup>b) Average returns for MIMYDY40 Price Return Index and MIMYDY40 Total Return Index are annualized figures computed based on the price and total returns for the respective period.

### 4 TRUSTEE'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF MYETF MSCI MALAYSIA ISLAMIC DIVIDEND ("FUND")

We have acted as Trustee for MyETF MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend ("the Fund") for the financial year ended 31 December 2021. To the best of our knowledge, for the financial year under review, i-VCAP Management Sdn. Bhd. ("the Manager") has operated and managed the Fund in accordance with the following:-

- limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Manager under the Deed(s), the Securities Commission's Guidelines on Exchange-Traded Funds, the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 and other applicable laws;
- valuation and pricing of the Fund is carried out in accordance with the Deed(s) of the (b) Fund and any regulatory requirements: and
- creation and cancellation of units for the Fund are carried out in accordance with the (c) Deed(s) of the Fund and applicable regulatory requirements.

We are of the view that the distribution made during the financial year ended 31 December 2021 by the Manager is not inconsistent with the objectives of the Fund.

For Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Soon Lai Ching Senior Manager, Trustee Operations Gerard And Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur 28 February 2022

### 5. SHARIAH ADVISER'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF MYETF MSCI MALAYSIA ISLAMIC DIVIDEND ("FUND")

We hereby confirm the following:

- 1 To the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, i-VCAP Management Sdn. Bhd. has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the Shariah principles and complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia ("SC") pertaining to Shariah matters; and
- 2. The asset of the Fund comprises of instruments that have been classified as Shariah compliant.

For Amanie Advisors Sdn Bhd

Tan Sri Dr. Mohd Daud Bakar **Executive Chairman** 

Date: 28 February 2022

### 6 INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF MYETF MSCI MALAYSIA ISLAMIC DIVIDEND

# Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of MvETF MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend ("the Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net asset value and statement of cash flows of the Fund for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, as set out on pages 22 to 53.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2021 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

# Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

# Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics. Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

# Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the Fund for the current financial year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements of the Fund as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis of our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

### 6 INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF MYETF MSCI MALAYSIA ISLAMIC DIVIDEND (CONTD.)

Key audit matters (contd.)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

# Description

The financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") of the Fund comprise only of listed Shariah-compliant equity securities and are valued at RM33.462.576 as at 31 December 2021

The valuation and existence of the financial assets at FVTPL is the key driver of the Fund's net asset value. Incorrect pricing of financial assets at FVTPL could have a significant impact on its net asset value and, therefore, the return generated for unit holders.

The Fund's accounting policy on the financial assets at FVTPL is included in Note 3(c), and its disclosures about the fair values of the investments held at the reporting date are included in Notes 4 and 19 to the financial statements.

# Our responses

Our audit work to address valuation and existence of the financial assets at FVTPL includes the following:

- Understanding processes and controls put in place by the Manager of the Fund ("the Manager") and the third party service provider to assess compliance with relevant accounting standards and performing walkthrough procedures to understand the operating effectiveness of relevant controls over the financial assets at FVTPL:
- Testing the valuation of the financial assets at FVTPL as at reporting date by independently agreeing the price used in the valuation to the published prices by the relevant stock exchange;
- Obtaining confirmation of the existence of the financial assets at FVTPL as at the reporting date directly from the Fund's trustee; and
- Reviewing the adequacy of the disclosures on the financial assets at FVTPL in the Fund's financial statements

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report of the Fund, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

### 6 INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF MYETF MSCI MALAYSIA ISLAMIC DIVIDEND (CONTD.)

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon (contd.)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager and the Trustee for the financial statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do

The Trustee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process. The Trustee is also responsible for ensuring that the Manager maintains proper accounting and other records as are necessary to enable true and fair presentation of these financial statements.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

### 6 INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF MYETF MSCI MALAYSIA ISLAMIC DIVIDEND (CONTD.)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (contd.)

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Other matters

This report is made solely to the unit holders of the Fund, as a body, in accordance with the Guidelines on Exchange-Traded Funds issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

The financial statements of the Fund for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on 16 February 2021.

Ernst & Young PLT 202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039 **Chartered Accountants** 

Na Sue Ean No. 03276/07/2022 J Chartered Accountant

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

28 February 2022

### STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER 7

I, Syed Umar Bin Abdul Rahman Alhadad, being a director of i-VCAP Management Sdn. Bhd. do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021 and the related statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net asset value and statement of cash flows for the financial vear ended 31 December 2021 together with notes thereto, are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of MvETF MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend as at 31 December 2021 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended and comply with the requirements of the Deed.

For and on behalf of the Manager i-VCAP MANAGEMENT SDN. BHD.

SYED UMAR BIN ABDUL RAHMAN ALHADAD

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

28 February 2022

# 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 8.1 STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	2021 RM	2020 RM
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Dividend income		1,638,661	1,198,321
Profit income		3,719	4,918
Net (loss)/gain from Shariah-compliant investments:			
<ul> <li>Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")</li> </ul>	4	(3,662,651)	6,587,195
		(2,020,271)	7,790,434
EXPENSES			
Manager's fee	5	156,951	154,203
Trustee's fee	6	17,657	17,348
Index license fee	7	84,028	23,131
Auditors' remuneration		16,400	16,400
Tax agent's fee		9,800	33,520
Other expenses		25,627	36,184
Brokerage and other transaction costs		111,122	78,723
		421,585	359,509
NET (LOSS)/INCOME BEFORE TAX		(2,441,856)	7,430,925
Income tax	8		
NET (LOSS)/INCOME AFTER TAX, REPRESENTING TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(2,441,856)	7,430,925
		(2,441,000)	7,430,323
Net (loss)/income after tax is made up as follows:			
Realised (loss)/gain		(1,916,904)	6,476,450
Unrealised (loss)/gain	4	(524,952)	954,475
		(2,441,856)	7,430,925
Distribution for the year:			
Net distribution (RM)	9	860,200	911,680
Gross/Net distribution per unit (sen)	9	2.53	2.96

### 8.2 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

ASSETS		
INVESTMENTS		
Financial assets at FVTPL       4       33,462,576       40,787,67         Short term Islamic deposits       10       118,000       102,29         33,580,576       40,889,97	posits 10 <u>118,000</u> <u>1</u>	102,295
OTHER ASSETS		
Other receivables         11         70,498         87,58           Cash at bank         43,096         30,35	11 70,498 	517,543 87,585 30,357 535,485
TOTAL ASSETS 33,694,170 41,525,45	33,694,170 41,5	525,456
LIABILITIES		
Amount due to Index Provider         4,975         6,46           Other payables         12         55,335         46,40	e 1,234 Provider 4,975 12 55,335	1,590 6,461 46,407 54,458
EQUITY		
Unit holders' contribution         23,011,800         27,559,08           Retained earnings         10,609,862         13,911,91           NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") ATTRIBUTABLE         10,609,862         13,911,91		911,918
TO UNIT HOLDERS 13 33,621,662 41,470,99		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY         33,694,170         41,525,45           NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION         13(a)         27,200,000         31,200,00		
		1.3292

### 8.3 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSET VALUE FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	Unit holders' contribution	Retained earnings	Total NAV
		RM	RM	RM
2021				
At beginning of the financial year		27,559,080	13,911,918	41,470,998
Total comprehensive loss		-	(2,441,856)	(2,441,856)
Creation of units	13(a)	8,105,520	-	8,105,520
Cancellation of units	13(a)	(12,652,800)	-	(12,652,800)
Distribution	9		(860,200)	(860,200)
At end of the financial year		23,011,800	10,609,862	33,621,662
2020				
At beginning of the financial year		36,356,040	7,392,673	43,748,713
Total comprehensive income		-	7,430,925	7,430,925
Creation of units	13(a)	2,028,760	-	2,028,760
Cancellation of units	13(a)	(10,825,720)	-	(10,825,720)
Distribution	9		(911,680)	(911,680)
At end of the financial year		27,559,080	13,911,918	41,470,998

### 8.4 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	2021 RM	2020 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sales of investments		40,694,300	23,123,281
Dividends received		1,655,739	1,168,504
Profit from short term Shariah-compliant deposits		3,728	4,937
Tax agent's fee paid		(6,900)	(31,789)
Auditors' remuneration paid		(16,400)	(16,400)
Trustee fee paid		(18,013)	(17,473)
Payment for other fees and expenses		(19,599)	(42,591)
Index license fee paid		(85,514)	(30,830)
Management fee paid		(160,124)	(155,314)
Purchase of investments		(37,142,973)	(23,697,057)
Net cash generated from operating and investing activities		4,904,244	305,268
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received from units created		8,637,200	549,967
Cash paid on units cancelled		(12,652,800)	(59,165)
Income distribution paid		(860,200)	(911,680)
Net cash used in financing activities		(4,875,800)	(420,878)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		28,444	(115,610)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT			, , ,
BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR		132,652	248,262
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR		161,096	132,652
Cash and cash equivalents comprise:			
Cash at bank		43,096	30,357
Short term Islamic deposits		118,000	102,295
		161,096	132,652
		. 3 . , 5 5 5	. 32,002

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 8.5 FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 1. THE FUND, THE MANAGER AND THEIR PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

MyETF MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend ("the Fund") was constituted pursuant to the executed Deed dated 23 December 2013 (collectively, together with deeds supplemental thereto, referred to as "the Deed") between the Manager, i-VCAP Management Sdn. Bhd. and Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad ("the Trustee"). The Fund commenced operations on 27 February 2014 and will continue to be in operation until terminated by the Trustee as provided under Part 26 of the Deed.

The Fund is an exchange-traded fund that is designed to provide investment results that closely correspond to the performance of the MSCI Malaysia IMI Islamic High Dividend Yield 10/40 Index ("Benchmark Index"), regardless of its performance. The Benchmark Index is a free-float adjusted, market capitalisation weighted, price return index representing securities of 16 to 30 leading Shariah-compliant Malaysian companies listed on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad as determined by MSCI Inc. All investments will be subjected to the Guidelines on Exchange-Trade Funds as issued by Securities Commission Malaysia ("SC Guidelines"), the Deed and the objective of the Fund.

The immediate and ultimate holding companies of the Manager, i-VCAP Management Sdn. Bhd. are Kenanga Investors Berhad and Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad respectively. both of which are incorporated in Malaysia. The ultimate holding company is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The principal place of business of the Manager is Level 14, Kenanga Tower, 237, Jalan Tun Razak, 50400 Kuala Lumpur.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Executive Director of the Manager on 28 February 2022.

### 2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks including market risk (which includes interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and reclassification of Shariah status risk. Whilst these are the most important types of financial risks inherent in each type of financial instruments, the Manager and the Trustee would like to highlight that this list does not purport to constitute an exhaustive list of all the risks inherent in a Shariah-compliant investment in the Fund

The Fund has an approved set of investment guidelines and policies as well as internal controls which sets out its overall business strategies to manage these risks to optimise returns and preserve capital for the unit holders, consistent with the long-term objectives of the Fund.

### a. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk includes interest rate risk and price risk.

### 2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTD.)

### a. Market risk (contd.)

Market risk arises when the value of the Shariah-compliant investments fluctuates in response to the activities of individual companies, general market or economic conditions. It stems from the fact that there are economy-wide perils, which threaten all businesses. Hence, investors are exposed to market uncertainties. Fluctuation in the Shariah-compliant investments' prices caused by uncertainties in the economic, political and social environment will affect the NAV of the Fund.

The Manager manages the risk of unfavourable changes in prices by cautious review of the Shariah-compliant investments and continuous monitoring of their performance and risk profiles.

### i. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to how the changes in the interest rate environment would affect the valuation of Shariah-compliant instruments. In the event of a rising interest rate environment, the valuation of Shariah-compliant instruments may decrease, and vice versa. Interest rate, such as the Overnight Policy Rate set by Bank Negara Malaysia, will have an impact on the investment decisions of the Fund regardless of whether it is an Islamic fund or otherwise. It does not in any way suggest that the Fund will invest in conventional financial instruments.

The Fund is not exposed to significant interest rate risk as its Islamic deposits are short term in nature and have fixed profit rates.

### Interest rate risk exposure

The following table analyses the Fund's interest rate risk exposure. The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed at fair value and categorised by the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity dates.

	Up to 1 year RM	Non- exposure to interest rate movement RM	Total RM	Weighted average effective rate of return*
2021				
Assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	33,462,576	33,462,576	
Short term Islamic				
deposits	118,000	-	118,000	1.6
Other assets		113,594	113,594	
	118,000	33,576,170	33,694,170	

<sup>\*</sup> Calculated based on Shariah-compliant assets with exposure to interest rate movement only.

### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTD.) 2.

### Market risk (contd.) a.

### Interest rate risk (contd.) i.

# Interest rate risk exposure

	Up to 1 year RM	Non- exposure to interest rate movement	Total RM	Weighted average effective rate of return*
	IXIVI	IXIVI	IXIVI	70
2021 (contd.)				
Liabilities		4- 4-0	4= 4=0	
Other liabilities		17,173	17,173	
Total interest rate sensitivity gap	118,000	33,558,997	33,676,997	
2020				
Assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	40,787,676	40,787,676	
Short term Islamic				
deposits	102,295	-	102,295	1.7
Other assets		635,485	635,485	
	102,295	41,423,161	41,525,456	
Liabilities				
Other liabilities	-	9,676	9,676	
Total interest rate sensitivity gap	102,295	41,413,485	41,515,780	

<sup>\*</sup> Calculated based on Shariah-compliant assets with exposure to interest rate movement only.

### 2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTD.)

### a. Market risk (contd.)

### ii. Price risk

Price risk is the risk of unfavorable changes in the fair values of listed Shariahcompliant equity securities. The Fund invests in listed Shariah-compliant equity securities which are exposed to price fluctuations. This may then affect the NAV of the Fund

# Price risk sensitivity

The Manager's best estimate of the effect on the (loss)/income for the financial year due to a reasonably possible change in investments in listed Shariahcompliant equity securities with all other variables held constant is indicated in the table below:

	Changes in price Increase/(Decrease) Basis points	Effects on (loss)/ income for the financial year Gain/(Loss) RM
<b>2021</b> Financial assets at FVTPL	5/(5)	16,731/(16,731)
2020 Financial assets at FVTPL	5/(5)	20,394/(20,394)

In practice, the actual trading results may differ from the sensitivity analysis above and the difference could be material

# Price risk concentration

The following table sets out the Fund's exposure and concentration to price risk based on its portfolio of Shariah-compliant financial instruments as at the reporting date.

	Fair value		Percentage of NAV	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM	RM	%	%
Financial assets at FVTPL	33,462,576	40,787,676	99.5	98.4

### 2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTD.)

### a. Market risk (contd.)

### ii. Price risk (contd.)

The Fund's concentration of Shariah-compliant investment security price risk from the Fund's listed Shariah-compliant equity securities analysed by sector is as follows:

	Fair value		Percentage of NAV	
	2021 RM	2020 RM	<b>2021</b> %	2020 %
Plantation	7,422,499	3,757,766	22.1	9.1
Consumer Product and Services	6,046,029	7,400,585	18.0	17.8
Telecommunications and Media	4,802,155	5,744,020	14.3	13.8
Utilities	4,657,200	7,243,394	13.8	17.5
Health Care	1,650,766	9,527,402	4.9	23.0
Industrial Products and Services	1,561,540	3,316,765	4.6	8.0
Financial Services	1,535,130	1,946,164	4.6	4.7
Property	1,518,000	-	4.5	-
Technology	1,511,580	-	4.5	-
Transportation and Logistics	1,414,665	1,851,580	4.2	4.5
Energy	1,343,012		4.0	
	33,462,576	40,787,676	99.5	98.4

### Credit risk b.

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the Fund by failing to discharge an obligation. The Manager manages the credit risk by undertaking credit evaluation to minimise such risk.

# Credit risk exposure

As at the reporting date, the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial asset recognised in the statement of financial position.

### ii. Financial assets that are either past due or impaired

As at the reporting date, there are no financial assets that are either past due or impaired.

## 2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTD.)

#### b. Credit risk (contd.)

#### iii. Credit quality of financial assets

The Fund invests in Islamic deposits with financial institutions licensed under the Islamic Financial Services Act 2013. The following table analyses the licensed financial institutions by rating category:

# Short term Islamic deposits

	Percentage of total short term Islamic deposits		Percentage of	of NAV
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	%	%	%	%
Rating				
P1/MARC-1	100.0	100.0	0.4	0.2

#### Liquidity risk c.

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are to be settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its liabilities or cancel its units earlier than expected. The Fund is exposed to cancellation of its units on a regular basis. Units sold to unit holders by the Manager are cancellable at the unit holders' option based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of cancellation calculated in accordance with the Deed.

The Islamic liquid assets comprise cash, short term Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions and other Shariah-compliant instruments, which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

#### 2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTD.)

#### C. Liquidity risk (contd.)

The following table analyses the maturity profile of the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities in order to provide a complete view of the Fund's contractual commitments and liquidity.

		Up to 1 year	
	Note	2021	2020
		RM	RM
Assets			
Financial assets at FVTPL		33,462,576	40,787,676
Short term Islamic deposits		118,000	102,295
Other assets		113,594	635,485
	i.	33,694,170	41,525,456
Liabilities			
Other liabilities	ii.	17,173	9,676
Equity	iii.	33,621,662	41,470,998
11. 119		55.005	44.700
Liquidity gap		55,335	44,782

#### i. Financial assets

Analysis of financial assets at FVTPL into maturity groupings is based on the expected date on which these assets will be realised. The Fund's investments in listed Shariah-compliant equity securities have been included in the "up to 1 year" category on the assumption that these are highly liquid Shariah-compliant investments which can be realised should all of the Fund's unit holders' equity be required to be redeemed. For other assets, the analysis into maturity groupings is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date or if earlier, the expected date on which the assets will be realised

#### Financial liabilities ii.

The maturity grouping is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date or if earlier, the date on which liabilities will be settled. When the counterparty has a choice of when the amount is paid, the liability is allocated to the earliest period in which the Fund can be required to pay.

#### Equity iii.

As the unit holders can request for redemption of their units, they have been categorised as having a maturity of "up to 1 year".

#### 2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTD.)

#### Reclassification of Shariah status risk d.

Shariah status reclassification risk is the risk that the currently held Shariah-compliant equity securities in the portfolio of Islamic funds may be reclassified as Shariah noncompliant in the periodic review of the securities by the Shariah Advisory Council of the Securities Commission Malaysia ("SACSC") or the Shariah Adviser. If this occurs, the Manager will take the necessary steps to dispose of such securities.

Opportunity loss could occur due to the restriction on the Fund to retain the excess capital gains derived from the disposal of the reclassified Shariah non-compliant securities. In such an event, the Fund is required:

- to dispose of such securities with immediate effect or within one calendar i month if the value of the securities exceeds or is equal to the investment cost on the last trading day before the effective date of reclassification of the list of Shariah-compliant securities ("Reclassification") by the SACSC or date of review ("Review") by the Shariah Adviser. The Fund is allowed to keep dividends received and capital gains from the disposal of the securities up to the last trading day before the effective date of Reclassification or Review. However, any dividends received and excess capital gains from the disposal of the Shariah non-compliant securities on and after the effective date of Reclassification or Review should be channelled to baitulmal and/or charitable bodies approved by the Shariah Adviser
- to hold such securities if the value of the said securities is below the investment ii cost on the last trading day before the effective date of Reclassification or Review until the total subsequent dividends received (if any) and the market price of the securities is equal to the cost of investment at which time disposal has to take place within one calendar month, excess capital gains (if any) from the disposal of the securities should be channelled to baitulmal and/or charitable bodies approved by the Shariah Adviser: or
- to dispose of such securities at a price lower than the investment cost which will iii result in a decrease in the Fund's value

## Regulatory reportings e.

It is the Manager's responsibility to ensure full compliance of all requirements under the SC Guidelines. Any breach of any such requirement has been reported in the mandatory reporting to Securities Commission Malaysia on a quarterly basis.

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3.

#### Basis of accounting a.

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

#### a. Basis of accounting (contd.)

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the adoption of the amended MFRS which became effective for the Fund on 1 January 2021.

Description	periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 16: Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions	1 June 2020
Amendments to MFRS 4: Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Applying MFRS 9	17 August 2020
Amendments to MFRS 9, MFRS 139, MFRS 7, MFRS 4 and MFRS 16: Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2	1 January 2021

The adoption of the amended MFRS did not have any significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Fund.

#### b. Standards and amendments issued but not yet effective

As at the reporting date, the following new standard and amendments to standards that have been issued by MASB will be effective for the Fund in future financial periods. The Fund intends to adopt the standard and amendments to standards when they become effective

Description	Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 16: Covid-19 - Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021	1 April 2021
Amendments to MFRS contained in the document entitled "Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2018 - 2020"	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 1: Subsidiary as a First-time Adopter contained in the document entitled "Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2018 - 2020"	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 9: Fees in the '10 per cent' Test for Derecognition of Financial Liabilities contained in the document entitled "Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2018 - 2020"	1 January 2022
Amendments to Illustrative Examples accompanying MFRS 16: Lease Incentives contained in the document entitled "Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2018 - 2020"	1 January 2022

#### b. Standards and amendments issued but not yet effective (contd.)

Description	Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 141: Taxation in Fair Value Measurements contained in the document entitled "Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2018 - 2020"	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 3: Reference to the Conceptual Framework	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 116: Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 137: Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	1 January 2022
MFRS 17: Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 17: Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendment to MFRS 17: Initial Application of MFRS17 and MFRS 9 - Comparative Information	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101: Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 108: Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 112: Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	To be announced by MASB

These pronouncements are not expected to have any significant impact to the financial statements of the Fund upon their initial application.

#### **Financial instruments** c.

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instruments.

#### i. Initial recognition

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on their contractual terms and the business model for managing the instruments, as described in Notes 3(c)(ii) and (iii).

#### C. Financial instruments (contd.)

#### ii. Measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities

The Fund classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual terms, measured at either:

- Amortised cost
- Fair value through other comprehensive income, and
- Fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund may designate financial instruments at FVTPL. if so doing eliminates or significantly reduces measurement or recognition inconsistencies.

Financial assets are initially measured at their fair values plus, except in the case of financial assets recorded at FVTPL. transaction costs.

The Fund's other financial assets include cash at banks, short term Islamic deposits, trade receivables and other receivables.

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability. Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at FVTPL or other financial liabilities

The Fund's other financial liabilities include trade payables and other payables.

Other financial liabilities are recognised and initially measured at fair values, net of directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective yield rate ("EYR"). Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

## iii. Due from banks, short term Islamic deposits, trade receivables and other receivables at amortised cost

The Fund only measures the cash at banks, short term Islamic deposits, trade receivables and other receivables at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met-

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit ("SPPP") on the principal amount outstanding.

The details of these conditions are outlined below.

- C. Financial instruments (contd.)
  - Due from banks, short term Islamic deposits, trade receivables and other iii. receivables at amortised cost

## Rusiness model assessment

The Fund determines its business model at the level that best reflects how it manages groups of financial assets to achieve its business objective.

The Fund's business model is not assessed on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but at a higher level of aggregated portfolios and is based on observable factors such as:

- How the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the entity's key management personnel:
- The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and, in particular, the way those risks are managed:
- How managers of the business are compensated (for example, whether the compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or on the contractual cash flows collected); and
- The expected frequency, value and timing of sales are also important aspects of the Fund's assessment.

The business model assessment is based on reasonably expected scenarios without taking 'worst case' or 'stress case' scenarios into account. If cash flows after initial recognition are realised in a way that is different from the Fund's original expectations, the Fund does not change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model but incorporates such information when assessing newly originated or newly purchased financial assets going forward, unless it has been determined that there has been a change in the original business model.

# The SPPP test

As a second step of its classification process, the Fund assesses the contractual terms of financial assets to identify whether they meet the SPPP test.

'Principal' for the purpose of this test is defined as the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition and may change over the life of the financial asset (for example, if there are repayments of principal or amortisation/accretion of the premium/discount).

The most significant elements of profit within a financing arrangement are typically the consideration for the time value of money and credit risk. To make the SPPP assessment, the Fund applies judgment and considers relevant factors such as the currency in which the financial asset is denominated, and the period for which the profit rate is set.

#### C. Financial instruments (contd.)

## iii. Due from banks, short term Islamic deposits, trade receivables and other receivables at amortised cost (contd.)

# The SPPP test (contd.)

In contrast, contractual terms that introduce a more than de minimis exposure to risks or volatility in the contractual cash flows that are unrelated to a basic financing arrangement do not give rise to contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the amount outstanding. In such cases, the financial asset is required to be measured at FVTPL.

#### Financial investments iv.

Financial assets in this category are those that are managed in a fair value business model, or that have been designated by management upon initial recognition, or are mandatorily required to be measured at fair value under MFRS 9. This category includes debt instruments whose cash flow characteristics fail the SPPP criterion or are not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell.

#### d. Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have expired. The Fund also derecognises the financial asset if it has both transferred the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

The Fund has transferred the financial asset if, and only if, either:

- The Fund has transferred its contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset: or
- It retains the rights to the cash flows but has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'passthrough' arrangement.

Pass-through arrangements are transactions whereby the Fund retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of a financial asset (the 'original asset'), but assumes a contractual obligation to pay those cash flows to one or more entities (the 'eventual recipients'), when all of the following three conditions are met:

- The Fund has no obligation to pay amounts to the eventual recipients unless it has collected equivalent amounts from the original asset, excluding short-term advances with the right to full recovery of the amount financed plus accrued profit at market rates:
- The Fund cannot sell or pledge the original asset other than as security to the eventual recipients: and
- The Fund has to remit any cash flows it collects on behalf of the eventual recipients without material delay. In addition, the Fund is not entitled to reinvest such cash flows, except for investments in cash or cash equivalents including profit earned, during the period between the collection date and the date of required remittance to the eventual recipients.

#### d. Derecognition of financial assets (contd.)

A transfer only qualifies for derecognition if either:

- The Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset: or
- The Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred control of the asset.

The Fund considers control to be transferred if, and only if, the transferee has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without imposing additional restrictions on the transfer

When the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards and has retained control of the asset, the asset continues to be recognised only to the extent of the Fund's continuing involvement, in which case, the Fund also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Fund has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a quarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration the Fund could be required to pay.

If continuing involvement takes the form of a written or purchased option (or both) on the transferred asset, the continuing involvement is measured at the value the Fund would be required to pay upon repurchase. In the case of a written put option on an asset that is measured at fair value, the extent of the entity's continuing involvement is limited to the lower of the fair value of the transferred asset and the option exercise price.

#### Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities e.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis and to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### f. Impairment of financial assets

#### i. Overview of the expected credit loss ("ECL") principles

The Fund measures its receivables impairment using the forward-looking ECL approach in accordance with the requirements of MFRS 9.

#### ii Write-offs

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Fund has stopped pursuing the recovery. If the amount to be written off is greater than the accumulated loss allowance, the difference is first treated as an addition to the allowance that is then applied against the gross carrying amount. Any subsequent recoveries are credited to credit loss expense.

#### g. Income

Income is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the income can be reliably measured. Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

Profit income is recognised using effective yield method.

Dividend income is recognised on declared basis, when the right to receive the dividend is established.

The realised gain or loss on sale of Shariah-compliant investments is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the Shariahcompliant investment.

#### h. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash at banks and short term deposits with licensed financial institutions with maturities of three months or less, which have an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### i. Income tax

Income tax on the profit or loss for the financial year comprises current tax. Current tax is the expected amount of income taxes payable in respect of the taxable profit for the financial year.

As no temporary differences have been identified, no deferred tax has been recognised.

#### i. Unrealised reserves

Unrealised reserves represent the net gain or loss arising from carrying Shariahcompliant investments at their fair values at reporting date. This reserve is not distributable

#### Unit holders' contribution - NAV attributable to unit holders k.

The unit holders' contribution to the Fund is classified as equity instruments.

#### I. Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is also the Fund's functional currency.

#### **Distributions** m.

Distributions are at the discretion of the Manager. A distribution to the Fund's unit holders is accounted for as a deduction from retained earnings.

#### n. Significant accounting judgments and estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain accounting estimates and exercise of judgment. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on past experience, reasonable expectations of future events and other factors.

# Critical judgments made in applying accounting policies

There are no major judgments made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies.

#### ii. Key sources of estimation uncertainty

There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

#### FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL 4.

	2021 RM	2020 RM
Financial assets held for trading, at FVTPL: Listed Shariah-compliant equity securities	33,462,576	40,787,676
Net (loss)/gain on financial assets at FVTPL comprised: Realised gain/(loss) on disposals Unrealised changes in fair values	(3,137,699) (524,952) (3,662,651)	5,632,720 954,475 6,587,195

# Details of financial assets at EVTPL as at 31 December 2021:

	Quantity	Aggregate cost RM	Fair value RM	Percentage of NAV %
Listed Shariah- compliant equity securities				
Plantation				
Genting Plantations				
Berhad	217,000	1,720,419	1,453,900	4.3
IOI Corporation Berhad	783,500	3,191,750	2,922,455	8.7
Kuala Lumpur Kepong				
Berhad	73,200	1,617,621	1,594,296	4.8
United Plantations Berhad	104,600	1,447,500	1,451,848	4.3
		7,977,290	7,422,499	22.1

## FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONTD.) 4.

Details of financial assets at FVTPL as at 31 December 2021: (contd.)

	Quantity	Aggregate cost RM	Fair value RM	Percentage of NAV %
Listed Shariah- compliant equity securities (contd.)				
Consumer Product and Services				
Nestlé (Malaysia) Berhad	11,100	1,485,580	1,489,620	4.4
QL Resources Berhad	309,250	1,421,487	1,413,273	4.2
Sime Darby Berhad	1,354,800	3,043,536	3,143,136	9.4
		5,950,603	6,046,029	18.0
Telecommunications and Media				
Maxis Berhad	674,300	3,665,086	3,270,355	9.7
TIME dotCom Berhad	333,000	1,106,287	1,531,800	4.6
		4,771,373	4,802,155	14.3
Utilities  Mega First Corporation Berhad  PETRONAS Gas Berhad	404,400 180,100	1,444,983 3,147,590	1,415,400 3,241,800	4.2 9.6
TETRONAS das Bernad	100,100	4,592,573	4,657,200	13.8
Health Care IHH Healthcare Berhad	224,900	1,263,078	1,650,766	4.9
Industrial Products and Services Scientex Berhad	326,000	1,016,667	1,561,540	4.6
Scientex Demau	320,000	1,010,007	1,301,340	4.0
Financial Services Syarikat Takaful Malaysia Keluarga Berhad	414,900	1,820,270_	1,535,130	4.6
Property Matrix Concepts Holdings Berhad	690,000	1,400,123	1,518,000	4.5

#### FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONTD.) 4.

Details of financial assets at FVTPL as at 31 December 2021: (contd.)

	Quantity	Aggregate cost RM	Fair value RM	Percentage of NAV %
Listed Shariah-compliant equity securities (contd.)				
<b>Technology</b> D & O Green Technologies Berhad	256,200	1,484,802_	1,511,580	4.5_
Transportation & Logistics Westports Malaysia Berhad	349,300	1,333,251_	1,414,665	4.2
<b>Energy</b> Dialog Group Berhad	512,600	1,470,087_	1,343,012	4.0
Total financial assets at FVTPL		33,080,117	33,462,576	99.5
Unrealised gain on financial assets at FVTPL			382,459	

#### 5. MANAGER'S FEE

The Manager's fee is calculated on a daily basis at a rate not exceeding 3.00% per annum on the NAV of the Fund as provided under Clause 15.1(b) of the Deed.

The Manager is currently charging Manager's fee of 0.4% per annum of the NAV of the Fund (2020: 0.4% per annum).

#### TRUSTEE'S FEE 6.

The Trustee's fee is calculated on a daily basis at a rate not exceeding 0.20% per annum on the NAV of the Fund and subject to a minimum fee of RM12,000 per annum as provided under Clause 15.2(b) of the Deed.

The Trustee's fee is currently calculated at 0.045% per annum of the NAV of the Fund (2020: 0.045% per annum).

# 7. INDEX LICENCSE FEE

Index license fee is payable to MSCI Inc., the benchmark Index Provider.

The index license fee is currently calculated at 0.06% per annum of the NAV of the Fund (2020: 0.06% per annum).

# 8. INCOME TAX

Income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% of the estimated assessable income for the current and previous financial years.

Income tax is calculated on investment income less partial deduction for permitted expenses as provided for under Section 63B of the Income Tax Act, 1967.

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net (loss)/income before tax at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Fund is as follows:

	2021 RM	2020 RM
Net (loss)/income before tax	(2,441,856)	7,430,925
Tax at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (2020: 24%) Tax effect of:	(586,045)	1,783,422
Income not subject to tax	(394,171)	(1,869,704)
Loss not deductible for tax purposes	879,036	-
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	60,483	45,337
Restriction on tax deductible expenses for exchange- traded funds	40,697	40,945
Income tax for the financial year		

## 9. DISTRIBUTION

Distribution to unit holders was made on the following dates:

	2021	2020
	RM	RM
12 March 2021/11 March 2020	860,200	911,680

## **DISTRIBUTION (CONTD.)** 9.

Distributions to units holders was from the following sources:

	2021	2020
	RM	RM
Tax exempt income	1,281,785	1,271,189
Less: Expenses	(421,585)	(359,509)
Distribution for the financial year	860,200	911,680
Gross/Net distribution per unit (sen)	2.53	2.96

#### 10. SHORT TERM ISLAMIC DEPOSITS

Short term Islamic deposits are held with licensed financial institutions in Malaysia at the prevailing profit rates.

# 11. OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2021	2020
	RM	RM
Dividends receivable	70,488	87,566
Profit receivable from short term Islamic deposits	10	19
	70,498	87,585

# 12. OTHER PAYABLES

2021	2020
RM	RM
16,400	16,400
14,431	11,531
13,301	7,635
-	1,625
11,203	9,216
55,335	46,407
	16,400 14,431 13,301 - 11,203

# 13. NET ASSET VALUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS

NAV attributable to unit holders is represented by:

	Note	2021 RM	2020 RM
Unit holders' contribution	(a)	23,011,800	27,559,080
Retained earnings:			
Realised reserves		10,227,403	13,004,507
Unrealised reserves		382,459	907,411
		10,609,862	13,911,918
		33,621,662	41,470,998

# (a) Unit holders' contribution

	20:	21	202	20
	No. of units	RM	No. of units	RM
At beginning of the financial year	31,200,000	27,559,080	39,200,000	36,356,040
Add: Creation of units	6,400,000	8,105,520	1,600,000	2,028,760
Less: Cancellation of units	(10,400,000)	(12,652,800)	(9,600,000)	(10,825,720)
At end of the financial year	27,200,000	23,011,800	31,200,000	27,559,080

The Manager, *i*-VCAP Management Sdn. Bhd. did not hold any units in the Fund, either legally or beneficially, as at 31 December 2021 (2020: nil). The number of units legally or beneficially held by the parties related to the Manager were 228,300 units valued at RM282,202 as at 31 December 2021 (2020: nil).

# 14. SHARIAH INFORMATION OF THE FUND

The Shariah Adviser confirmed that the investment portfolio of the Fund is Shariah-compliant, which comprises the following:

- Investment in equity securities listed on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad which have been classified as Shariah-compliant by the SACSC for the financial year under review; and
- Liquid assets in the local market, which have been placed in Shariah-compliant investments and/or instruments.

## 15. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

PTR for the financial year is 0.99 times (2020: 0.77 times).

PTR is the ratio of average sum of acquisitions and disposals of Shariah-compliant investments of the Fund for the financial year to the average NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

#### 16. MANAGEMENT EXPENSE RATIO ("MER")

MER for the financial year is 0.79% per annum (2020: 0.72% per annum).

MER is the ratio of total fees and recovered expenses of the Fund expressed as a percentage of the Fund's average NAV, calculated on a daily basis.

#### TRANSACTIONS WITH LICENSED FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS 17.

	Transaction value RM	Percentage of total %	Brokerage, stamp duty and clearing fee RM	Percentage of total %
Affin Hwang Investment Bank Berhad	26,415,070	34.0	31,738	32.8
Maybank Investment Bank Berhad	25,003,182	32.1	30,700	31.7
CIMB Group Holdings Berhad	22,270,048	28.6	29,016	29.9
RHB Investment Bank Berhad	3,042,588	3.9	4,198	4.3
Alliance Investment Bank Berhad	1,063,098	1.4	1,276	1.3
	77,793,986	100.0	96,928	100.0

The above transaction values are in respect of listed Shariah-compliant equity securities and listed Shariah-compliant warrants.

#### 18. **SEGMENTAL REPORTING**

#### a. **Business segments**

In accordance with the objective of the Fund, the Fund can invest at least 90% of its NAV in listed Shariah-compliant investment securities and not more than 10% of its NAV in sukuk/Islamic liquid assets. The following table provides an analysis of the Fund's revenue, results, assets and liabilities by business segments:

	Listed Shariah- compliant investment securities RM	Other Shariah- compliant investments RM	Total RM
2021			
Revenue			
Segment (loss)/income	(2,023,990)	3,719	
Segment expenses	(111,122)	-	
Net segment (loss)/income			
representing segment results	(2,135,112)	3,719	(2,131,393)
Unallocated expenditure			(310,463)
Loss before tax			(2,441,856)
Income tax			
Net loss after tax			(2,441,856)
Assets			
Financial assets at FVTPL	33,462,576	-	
Short term Islamic deposits	-	118,000	
Other segment assets	70,488	10	
Total segment assets	33,533,064	118,010	33,651,074
Unallocated assets			43,096
			33,694,170
Liabilities			
Unallocated liabilities			72,508

## **SEGMENTAL REPORTING (CONTD.)** 18.

## Business segments (contd.) a.

	Listed Shariah- compliant investment securities RM	Other Shariah- compliant investments RM	Total RM
2020			
Revenue			
Segment income	7,785,516	4,918	
Segment expenses	(78,723)		
Net segment income representing segment results	7,706,793	4,918	7,711,711
Unallocated expenditure			(280,786)
Income before tax			7,430,925
Income tax			
Net income after tax			7,430,925
Assets			
Financial assets at FVTPL	40,787,676	-	
Short term Islamic deposits	-	102,295	
Other segment assets	87,566	19	
Total segment assets	40,875,242	102,314	40,977,556
Unallocated assets			547,900
			41,525,456
Liabilities			
Unallocated liabilities			54,458

## **Geographical segments** b.

As all of the Fund's investments are located in Malaysia, disclosure by geographical segments is not relevant.

#### 19. **FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

#### Classification of financial instruments a.

The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured on an ongoing basis at either fair value or at amortised cost based on their respective classification. The significant accounting policies in Note 3 describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured, and how income and expenses, including fair value gains and losses, are recognised.

The following table analyses the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Fund in the statement of financial position by the class of financial instruments to which they are assigned and therefore by the measurement basis.

	Financial assets at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Other financial liabilities RM	Total RM
2021				
Assets				
Listed Shariah- compliant equity securities	33,462,576	_	-	33,462,576
Short term Islamic deposits	118,000	-	-	118,000
Other receivables	-	70,498	-	70,498
Cash at bank		43,096		43,096
	33,580,576	113,594		33,694,170
<b>Liabilities</b> Amount due to				
Manager	-	-	10,964	10,964
Amount due to Trustee	-	-	1,234	1,234
Amount due to Index Provider			4,975	4,975
			17,173	17,173

# 19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTD.)

## Classification of financial instruments (contd.) a.

	Financial assets at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Other financial liabilities RM	Total RM
2020				
Assets				
Listed Shariah- compliant equity securities	40,787,676	-	-	40,787,676
Short term Islamic deposits	102,295	-	-	102,295
Amount due from Manager	-	517,543	-	517,543
Other receivables	-	87,585	-	87,585
Cash at bank		30,357		30,357
	40,889,971	635,485		41,525,456
Liabilities				
Amount due to Trustee	-	-	1,590	1,590
Amount due to Index Provider	-	-	6,461	6,461
Other payables			1,625	1,625
			9,676	9,676

#### 19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTD.)

#### Financial instruments that are carried at fair value b.

The Fund's financial assets at FVTPL are carried at fair value. The fair value of these financial assets were determined using prices in active markets.

The following table shows the fair value measurements by level of the fair value measurement hierarchy:

	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	Total RM
Investments: 2021				
Listed Shariah- compliant equity securities	33,462,576			33,462,576
2020 Listed Shariah- compliant equity securities	40,787,676			40,787,676

Level 1: Listed prices in active market

Level 2: Model with all significant inputs which are observable market data

Level 3: Model with inputs not based on observable market data

The fair values of listed Shariah-compliant equity securities are determined by reference to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad's last traded prices at reporting date.

## Financial instruments not carried at fair value and for which their carrying C. amounts are reasonable approximations of fair value

The carrying amounts of the Fund's other financial assets and financial liabilities are not carried at fair value but approximate fair values due to the relatively short term maturity of these financial instruments.

#### 20. **CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

The capital of the Fund can vary depending on the demand for creation and cancellation of units to the Fund

The Fund's objectives for managing capital are:

- To invest in Shariah-compliant investments meeting the description, risk exposure and a. expected return indicated in its prospectus:
- h To maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of the Fund, and to meet cancellation requests as they arise; and
- C. To maintain sufficient fund size to make the operations of the Fund cost-efficient.

No changes were made to the capital management objectives, policies or processes during the current and previous financial years.

#### 21. SIGNIFICANT EVENT

#### (a) Impact of COVID-19

The COVID-19 pandemic has significantly disrupted many business operations around the world. For the Fund, the impact on business operations has not been a direct consequence of the COVID-19 outbreak, but a result of the measures taken by the Government of Malaysia to contain it. As the outbreak continues to evolve, it is challenging to predict the full extent and duration of its impact on business and the economy.

While the Fund is not able to fully ascertain on the financial impact of the COVID-19 outbreak at the date of this report, it is anticipated based on initial assessments performed that there have not been any circumstances which would require adjustments to be made to the carrying values of the assets and liabilities of the Fund as at 31 December 2021. The Fund holds sufficient capital and will continue to prudently manage risks in order to ensure that it remains resilient through this period of uncertainty.

#### (b) Acquisition of the Manager by Kenanga Investors Berhad

On 26 August 2020, Kenanga Investors Berhad entered into a sales and purchase agreement with Valuecap Sdn. Bhd. to acquire the entire issued share capital of the Manager, i-VCAP Management Sdn. Bhd. for a cash consideration of RM11.5 million.

On 29 January 2021, an approval was received from Securities Commission Malaysia for the acquisition, and it was subsequently completed on 19 February 2021.

## 9. **DIRECTORS' PROFILE**

Name	Luk Wai Hong, William
Age	57
Gender	Male
Nationality	Hong Kong
Position	Independent Non-Executive Director
Date of Appointment	12 April 2021
Membership of Board Committee(s)	Nil
Directorship of Other Public Companies	Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad     Kenanga Investors Berhad     Cotton Tree Capital Ltd.
Length of Tenure as Director (As at 31 December 2021)	Eight (8) Months
Number of Board Meetings Attended in the Financial Year (April 2021 to December 2021)	Four (4)/ Four (4) (100%)
Academic Qualifications	Executive Fellowship awarded by the State of Washington, United States of America ("USA")     Master of Urban Planning from University of Michigan, USA     Bachelor of Arts (Honors) from Concordia University, Canada
Present Appointments	Independent Non-Executive Director of Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad ("KIBB") Chairman of the Group Board Risk Committee, KIBB Member of the Audit Committee, KIBB Member of the Group Governance, Nomination & Compensation Committee (formerly known as Group Nomination & Remuneration Committee), KIBB Member of the Employees' Share Scheme Committee, KIBB Member of the Group Board Digital Innovation & Technology Committee, KIBB Independent Non-Executive Director of Kenanga Investors Berhad ("KIB") Member of the Audit and Risk Committee of KIB Member of the Investment Committee of KIB Non-Executive Director of 1.57 Pte. Ltd. Director of Investment of Cotton Tree Capital Ltd. Non-Executive Director of Far East Mining Pte. Ltd. Non-Executive Director of Kenanga Singapore Pte. Ltd. Non-Executive Director of The Rare Whisky Fund Pte. Ltd. Non-Executive Director of The Whisky Capital Pte. Ltd. Non-Executive Director of The Whisky Distillery Pte. Ltd.

Name	Luk Wai Hong, William
Past Relevant Experiences	<ul> <li>Independent Non- Executive Director, K &amp; N Kenanga Holdings Berhad</li> <li>Principal and Portfolio Manager of Pacific Advantage Capital, Hong Kong and Singapore</li> <li>Managing Director and Co-Head of Saba Proprietary Trading Group Asia, Deutsche Bank AG, Hong Kong</li> <li>Managing Director and Co-Head of Global Trading and Principal Finance Asia, Deutsche Bank AG, Singapore</li> <li>Director and Head of Structured Credit Trading and Principal Finance Asia, Deutsche Bank AG, Singapore</li> <li>Senior Associate Director and Senior Credit and Derivatives Trader, Deutsche Bank AG, Singapore</li> <li>Senior Fixed Income Trader, HSBC Markets, Hong Kong</li> <li>Fixed Income and Credit Trader, Lehman Brothers Asia, Hong Kong and Japan</li> <li>Executive Fellow and Transportation Finance Specialist, Office of Financial Management, State of Washington, USA</li> </ul>
Family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder	Nil
Conflict of interest with the Fund	Nil
List of convictions for offences within the last five (5) years and particulars of any public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies, other than traffic offences	Nil

Name	Imran Devindran Abdullah
Age	55
Gender	Male
Nationality	Malaysian
Position	Independent Non-Executive Director
Date of Appointment	19 February 2021
Membership of Board Committee(s)	Nil
Directorship of Other Public Companies	Kenanga Investors Berhad
Length of Tenure as Director (As at 31 December 2021)	Ten (10) Months

Name	Imran Devindran Abdullah
Number of Board Meetings Attended in the Financial Year (February 2021 to December 2021)	Four (4)/ Four (4) (100%)
Academic Qualifications	<ul> <li>Admitted to the Malaysian Bar, High Court Malaya</li> <li>Certificate of Legal Practice, University of Malaya</li> <li>Honours Bachelor of Law (1988), University of Buckingham, England</li> <li>GCE A-Levels, Raffles Junior College, Singapore</li> </ul>
Present Appointments	Independent Non-Executive Director of Kenanga Investors Berhad ("KIB")     Member of the Audit and Risk Committee of KIB     Member of the Investment Committee of KIB     Senior Associate of BH Lawrence & Co, Advocates and Solicitors
Past Relevant Experiences	<ul> <li>Independent Non-Executive Director of Libra Invest Berhad ("LIB")</li> <li>Member of the Investment Committee of LIB</li> <li>Partner in Imran Shahareen &amp; Co.</li> <li>Legal Assistant of Messrs. Miranda &amp; Co.</li> <li>Legal Assistant of Dass, Jainab &amp; Associate</li> <li>Legal Assistant of Messrs. Riza, Leong &amp; Partners</li> </ul>
Family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder	Nil
Conflict of interest with the Fund	Nil
List of convictions for offences within the last five (5) years and particulars of any public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies, other than traffic offences	Nil

Name	Ismitz Matthew De Alwis
Age	47
Gender	Male
Nationality	Malaysian
Position	Non-Executive Director
Date of Appointment	19 February 2021
Membership of Board Committee(s)	Nil
Directorship of Other Public Companies	Kenanga Investors Berhad     Kenanga Islamic Investors Berhad     Kenanga Funds Berhad     Federation of Investment Managers Malaysia
Length of Tenure as Director (As at 31 December 2021)	Ten (10) Months

Name	Ismitz Matthew De Alwis		
Number of Board Meetings Attended in the Financial Year (February 2021 to December 2021)	Four (4)/ Four (4) (100%)		
Academic Qualifications	Islamic Financial Planner, Financial Planning Association of Malaysia     Cambridge Summer School Programme-Executive Programme, Asian Banking School, University of Cambridge     Advanced Business Management Program, Securities Industry Development Corporation/International Institute for Management Development, Lausanne, Switzerland     Capital Markets Services Representative's Licence, Securities Commission Malaysia     Certified Financial Planner, USA     Person Dealing Unit Trust, Federation of Malaysian Unit Trust Manager     Master in Business Administration, Southern Cross University Australia     Graduate Diploma in Marketing (UK), Chartered Institute of Marketing, United Kingdom		
Present Appointments	<ul> <li>Executive Director/ Chief Executive Officer of Kenanga Investors Berhad ("KIB")</li> <li>Member of the Investment Committee, KIB</li> <li>Non-Executive Director, Kenanga Islamic Investors Berhad</li> <li>Non-Executive Director of Kenanga Funds Berhad</li> <li>Non-Executive Director of KUT Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd</li> <li>Non-Executive Director of KUT Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd</li> <li>Board Member of Federation of Investment Managers Malaysia</li> <li>Committee Member of Malaysia Association of Asset Managers</li> <li>Member of the Licensing Examinations Review Committee for the Securities Commission's Licensing Examination Module 10: Asset &amp; Funds Management</li> <li>Industry Competency Framework Advisory Panel for the Malaysian Capital Market</li> <li>Member of the FTSE Bursa Malaysia Index Advisory Committee</li> <li>Chairman of Investment Advisory Committee for Ericsenz Capital Pte Ltd (Singapore) on Ericsenz-K2 Global Unicorn Fund II</li> <li>Chairman of Investment Advisory Committee for Ericsenz Capital Pte Ltd (Singapore) on Ericsenz Frontier Fund</li> </ul>		

Name	Ismitz Matthew De Alwis
Present Appointments (contd.)	Sustainable Investment Platform (SIP) Steering Committee – Malaysia Sustainable Investment Initiative     Institutional Investors Council Malaysia (IIC) – Council Member
Past Relevant Experiences	<ul> <li>President of the Board of Governors for the Financial Planning Association of Malaysia</li> <li>Non-Executive Director of Libra Invest Berhad</li> <li>Member of the Investment Committee of Libra Invest Berhad</li> <li>Executive Director of ING Funds Berhad</li> <li>Country Head, ING Investment Management Malaysia</li> <li>Senior Vice President, Head, Business Development of ING Funds Berhad</li> <li>Vice President-Head, Retail Distribution of ING Funds Berhad</li> <li>Assistant Vice President – Head, Agency Channel of ING Funds Berhad</li> <li>Senior Manager – Business Development of ING Insurance Berhad/ING Funds Berhad</li> <li>Head Sales &amp; Marketing of MBF Unit Trust Management Berhad</li> <li>Senior Manager, Investment Services of MBF Cap/MBF Asset Management</li> <li>Asia Pacific Relationship Manager/ Account Director of ARA (Asia Research &amp; Consultancy) Consultancy Ltd.</li> </ul>
Family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder	Nil
Conflict of interest with the Fund	Nil
List of convictions for offences within the last five (5) years and particulars of any public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies, other than traffic offences	Nil

Name	Syed Umar Bin Abdul Rahman Alhadad		
Age	41		
Gender	Male		
Nationality	Malaysian		
Position	Executive Director/ Acting Chief Executive Officer		
Date of Appointment	19 February 2021		
Membership of Board Committee(s)	Nil		
Directorship of Other Public Companies	Nil		

Name	Syed Umar Bin Abdul Rahman Alhadad		
Length of Tenure as Director (As at 31 December 2021)	Ten (10) Months		
Number of Board Meetings Attended in the Financial Year (February 2021 to December 2021)	Four (4)/ Four (4) (100%)		
Academic Qualifications	<ul> <li>Certified Financial Planner, Financial Planning Association of Malaysia</li> <li>Bachelor of Engineering (Hons) Electronics Majoring in Telecommunication from Multimedia University</li> <li>Sijil Pelajaran Malaysia from Maktab Rendah Sains Mara Balik Pulau, Pulau Pinang</li> </ul>		
Present Appointments	Non-Executive Director, Global Turbine Asia Sdn Bhd		
Past Relevant Experiences	Head, Strategic Planning & Risk, Kenanga Investors Berhad Senior Vice President, Group Transformation & Group Corporate Planning, Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad Media Director, Spafax Airline Network Operations Executive, Ramtronics Technology (M) Sdn Bhd		
Family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder	Nil		
Conflict of interest with the Fund	Nil		
List of convictions for offences within the last five (5) years and particulars of any public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies, other than traffic offences	Nil		

# 10. DIRECTORS' TRAINING

Director	Program Title and Organiser	Date
Luk Wai Hong, William	FIDE Elective Program: Risk Management in Technology (RMiT) & Digital Transformation: What they mean for governance and Strategy of Bank and Insurance Boards by Iclif Executive Education Center ("ICLIF")	20 April 2021
	Digital Transformation Executive Program at Asian School of Business ("ASB")	21 - 22 June 2021
	Islamic Finance For Board ("IF4BOD") by ISRA Consultancy Sdn Bhd	5 - 6 July 2021
	Legacy & Estate Planning - Amanah Warisan Berhad ("AWARIS")	13 July 2021
	Environmental, Social and Governance in Islamic Finance	5 August 2021
	2021 Anti-Money Laundering & Financial Crime in the Age of Covid - Training for Board of Directors of Kenanga Group of Companies by Nature of Life	3 September 2021
	Section 17A of the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission Act 2009 ("MACCA") - Strengthening Integrity: The Role of Directors and Senior Management in the Anti-Corruption System by Trident Integrity Solutions	3 September 2021
	Capital Markets Director Programmes (""CMDP"") - Module 2B - Business Challenges and Regulatory Expectations - What Directors Need to Know (Fund Management) by SIDC	8 September 2021
	Cyber Awareness Training for Board of Directors by EC-Council Cyber Defence	2 December 2021
Imran Devindran Abdullah	Mandatory Accrediation Program ("MAP") by Iclif Executive Education Center ("ICLIF")	31 May - 2 June 2021
	13 July 2021	

Director	Program Title and Organiser	Date	
Imran Devindran Abdullah (contd.)	Environmental, Social and Governance in Islamic Finance	5 August 2021	
	The Law Behind Corporate Governance by Malaysian Institute of Corporate Governance ("MICG")	26 August 2021	
	2021 Anti-Money Laundering & Financial Crime in the Age of Covid - Training for Board of Directors of Kenanga Group of Companies by Nature of Life	3 September 2021	
	Section 17A of the Malaysian Anti- Corruption Commission Act 2009 ("MACCA") - Strengthening Integrity: The Role of Directors and Senior Management in the Anti-Corruption System by Trident Integrity Solutions	3 September 2021	
	Cyber Awareness Training for Board of Directors by EC-Council Cyber Defence	2 December 2021	
Ismitz Matthew De Alwis	Cybersecurity Awareness Training Part 1-2021 by Sophos	19 January - 1 February 2021	
	Cybersecurity Awareness Training Part 2-2021 by Sophos	22 March - 1 April 2021	
	Cybersecurity Awareness Training Part 3-2021 by Sophos	14 - 29 April 2021	
	8Th MFPC E-Conference On Shariah Wealth Management & Financial Planning by Malaysian Financial Planning Council	20 April 2021	
	Growth Hack Your PV, PMT, & FV Of Your Financial Advisory Business by Association Of Financial Advisers	28 April 2021	
	Mandatory Accreditation Program For Directors of Public Listed Companies by Asia School Of Business	31 May - 2 June 2021	
	Paving The Way For Profitability Through Sustainability by Securities Industry Development Corporation	16 - 17 June 2021	
	JC3 Flagship Conference 2021 Finance For Change by Joint Committee On Climate Change	23 - 25 June 2021	

Director	Program Title and Organiser	Date
Ismitz Matthew De Alwis (contd.)	MAAM IIIS 2021: Sustainability & Technology by Malaysia Association Of Asset Managers	15 July 2021
	Cybersecurity Awareness Training Part 4-2021 by Sophos	16 - 30 Jul 2021
	Anti-Money Laundering & Financial Crime In The Age Of Covid by Nature of Life	9 - 15 August 2021
	Strengthening Integrity: The Role Of Directors And Senior Management In The Anti-Corruption System by Trident Integrity Solutions	3 September 2021
	Cybersecurity Awareness Training Part 7-2021 by Sophos	15 - 29 Oct 2021
	6th Annual Regulatory Seminar: Reinforcing Ethical Values Through Regulatory Dynamism	15 November - 7 December 2021
Syed Umar Bin Abdul Rahman Alhadad	SCLE Revision: Fund Management Regulation: Module 9	10 - 11 April 2021
Amadau	SCLE Revision: Asset & Fund Management: Module 10	24 - 25 April 2021
	Mandatory Accreditation Programme for Directors of Public Listed Companies	31 May - 2 June 2021
	Anti-Money Laundering & Terrorism Financing for Capital Market Intermediaries by Nature of Life	15 November - 12 December 2021
	Managing Material Non Public Information by Fund Management Companies by Securities Industry Development Corporation	14 July 2021
	Business Continuity Management (BCM) Awareness and Business Impact Analysis (BIA) Training 2021	22 September 2021

# 11 SHARIAH ADVISER'S PROFILE

Shariah Adviser Amanie Advisors Sdn Bhd ("Amanie")

> Incorporated in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia in 2005 (Co. No. 200501007003 (684050-H)) under the Companies Act. 1965

**Corporate Information** Principal Activities

> Amanie is a Shariah advisory, consultancy, training and research and development boutique for institutional and corporate clientele focusing on Islamic financial services. Amanie is a registered Shariah adviser with the SC.

> Amanie also focuses on organizational aspect of the development of human capital in Islamic finance worldwide through providing updated quality learning embracing both local and global issues on Islamic financial products and services

Shareholding

The authorised & paid-up capital is RM500,000 divided into 500,000 shares of RM1.00 each.

The shareholders of Amanie are Tan Sri Dr Mohd Daud Bakar and En Abdul Aziz Bin Abd Jalal.

**Experience as Adviser** 

The company is led by Tan Sri Dr. Mohd Daud Bakar and teamed by an active and established panel of consultants covering every aspect related to the Islamic banking and finance industry, both in Malaysia and the global market. Currently, the team comprises of eight (8) full-time consultants who represent dynamic and experienced professionals with a mixture of corporate finance, accounting, product development, Shariah law and education. As at 30 April 2021, Amanie has acquired over sixteen (16) years of experience in the advisory role in capital market including unit trust funds and funds management with more than 100 funds which Amanie acts as Shariah adviser.

**Designated Person** 

: The designated person responsible for Shariah advisory matters of the Fund is Tan Sri Dr. Mohd Daud Bakar as the Chairman Another consultant is:

(1) Puan Suhaida Mahpot

Conflict of interest with the Fund

The Shariah Adviser does not have any conflict of interest with the Fund

List of convictions for : None offences within the past 5 years, other than traffic offences and any public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies durina the financial vear

Amanie is backed by its own respective Shariah Team comprises of the following members:

## Tan Sri Dr. Mohd Daud Bakar

Shariah Adviser / Executive Chairman

Tan Sri Dr. Mohd Daud Bakar is the Founder and Executive Chairman of Amanie Group. One of its flagship companies namely Amanie Advisors, is operating in few cities globally. He serves as the Chairman of the Shariah Advisory Council (SAC) at the Central Bank of Malaysia, the Securities Commission of Malaysia, the Labuan Financial Services Authority, the Astana International Financial Centre (AIFC), Kazakhstan, the First Abu Dhabi Bank (UAE), and Permodalan Nasional Berhad (PNB).

Tan Sri Dr Daud is also a Shariah board member of various global financial institutions, including the National Bank of Oman (Oman), Amundi Asset Management (France), Bank of London and Middle East (London), BNP Paribas Naima (Bahrain), Natixis Bank (Dubai), Morgan Stanley (Dubai), Sedco Capital (Saudi and Luxembourg), and Dow Jones Islamic Market Index (New York) amongst many others.

Currently, Tan Sri serves as the Chairman of Federal Territory Islamic Religious Department [Majlis Agama Islam Persekutuan (MAIWP)]. In the corporate world, he is currently a member of the PNB Investment Committee, Previously, he served as a Board Director at Sime Darby Property Berhad and Chairman to Malaysia Islamic Economic Development Foundation (YaPEIM). In addition, he is the co-founder of Experts Analytics Centre Sdn Bhd and MyFinB Sdn. Bhd. He also serve as the Chairman of Berry Pay Sdn. Bhd., Data Sukan Consulting Sdn. Bhd., Bio Fluid Sdn. Bhd., KAB Gold Dynamics Sdn. Bhd., Bio-Angle Vacs Sdn. Bhd., Tulus Digital Sdn. Bhd., and Amanie-Afra Halal Capital Co (Bangkok). He is currently the 8th President of the International Islamic University of Malaysia (IIUM).

In 2014, he received the "Most Outstanding Individual" award by His Majesty, the King of Malaysia. in conjunction with the national-level Prophet Muhammad's birthday. Under his leadership, Amanie Advisors received the "Islamic Economy Knowledge Infrastructure Award" at the Global Islamic Economy Summit, Dubai 2015, by His Highness Sheikh Mohammed bin Rashid Al Maktoum, Vice President and Prime Minister of the UAE and Ruler of Dubai. Oct 2015. On 13 November 2021. he was conferred the Darjah Kebesaran Panglima Setia Mahkota (P.S.M.) which carries the title of "Tan Sri"

He received his first degree in Shariah from University of Kuwait in 1988 and obtained his PhD from University of St. Andrews. United Kingdom in 1993. In 2002, he completed his external Bachelor of Jurisprudence at University of Malaya.

Tan Sri's first book entitled "Shariah Minds in Islamic Finance: An Inside Story of A Shariah Scholar" has won the "Islamic Finance Book of the Year 2016" by the Global Islamic Finance Award (GIFA) 2016. Then, his book on sukuk entitled "An Insightful Journey to Emirates Airline Sukuk: Pushing The Boundaries of Islamic Finance" has also won the "Best Islamic Finance Case 2017" by the GIFA 2017 in Kazakhstan. To date. Tan Sri has been authoring 28 books with different genre.

His latest books include Insyirah: Kelapangan Hati dan Minda (Feb 2021) novel, Kembara Ilmu Dari Sq Korok ke St Andrews (Jan 2021), Covid 25: Kapsul Kehidupan dan Makhluk Mistik (2020) novel, Dhuha: Cahaya Pagi Yang Terang (2020) novel, Mindset Is Everything (2019), The Hard Truth Of Islamic Finance (2019), Ratiocination In Islamic Legal Theory (2019), and Corporate Matrimony (2019), Dukun Kegagalan (2019), Engsel Kehidupan (2019) and Sosialisasi Fekah Dalam Struktur Masyarakat (2019).

His other books include I Have 25 Hours A Day: The Smart Way to Create More Time (2016). Mainstreaming Islamic Finance: Unveiling The Critical Success and Failure Factors An Insider And Global Perspective (2018). Sava Ada 25 Jam Sehari (2016). Be The Eagle Amongst The Birds (2018), Shariah is Life (2018), PULUN (2018), Anak Desa ke Persada Antarabangsa (2018), and Membumikan Syariah: Menjelajahi Dimensi Syariah Secara 360 Darjah (2018).

# Suhaida Mahpot

Chief Executive Officer

Suhaida Mahpot is the Chief Executive Officer for Amanie Advisors in Kuala Lumpur office. She joined Amanie in 2008 and was amongst the pioneers in the company. She is a specialist in sukuk advisory and has been partnering with Tan Sri Dr Mohd Daud Bakar for the last 10 years to advise numerous sukuk locally and internationally.

One of the sukuk advised by her has been awarded as Best Securitisation Sukuk at The Asset Triple A Islamic Finance Award (2017). Apart from sukuk advisory, her primarily focus is on Shariah governance, structuring, enhancement and conversion exercises, establishment of Islamic financial entities as well as development of Islamic products. She holds a Bachelor of Economics (Islamic Economic & Finance) from International Islamic University Malaysia, and currently pursuing MSc in Islamic Finance with INCEIF. Her career in banking & financial industry started as a trainee under Capital Market Graduated Trainee Scheme organized by the SC.

Prior to joining Amanie, she worked with Affin Investment Bank Bhd since 2006 as an executive for debt & capital markets department. She completed various project financing deals using private debt securities instruments ranging from infrastructure & utilities, real estate, plantation and many others

# 12. TRUSTEE'S DELEGATE

The trustee has appointed Deutsche Bank (Malaysia) Berhad ("DBMB") as the custodian of the Fund assets. DBMB is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Deutsche Bank AG. DBMB offers its clients access to a growing domestic custody network that covers over 30 markets globally and a unique combination of local expertise backed by the resources of a global bank. In its capacity as the appointed custodian. DBMB's roles encompass safekeeping of the Fund assets, trade settlement management, corporate actions notification and processing, securities holding and cash flow reporting, and income collection and processing. All investments of the Fund are registered in the name of the Trustee for the Fund, or where the custodial function is delegated, in the name of the custodian to the order of the Trustee for the Fund. As custodian, DBMB shall act only in accordance with instructions from the Trustee.







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