# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (*Unaudited*) As at 30 June 2013

ASSETS	Note	<u>30 June</u> <u>2013</u> RM	Audited 31 December 2012 RM
Current assets			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4	290,334,218	288,648,829
Dividends receivable	5	320,538	70,986
Tax recoverable Receivables	6	337,888 2,991	337,888 2,712
Shariah-compliant deposits with a licensed	7	4,936,921	3,756,300
bank Bank balance with a licensed bank	7	402,642	17,714
TOTAL ASSETS		296,335,198	292,834,429
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Amount due to Manager		96,793	95,672
Amount due to Trustee		12,099	11,959
Auditors' remuneration		-	26,600
Tax agent's fee Payables	8	6,000 162,195	6,000 77,309
ayabics	O		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		277,087	217,540
NET ASSET VALUE OF THE FUND	10	296,058,111	292,616,889
EQUITY			
Unit holders' capital		270,329,673	273,494,713
Accumulated gain / (losses)		25,728,438	19,122,176
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS		296,058,111	292,616,889
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION	10	256,700,000	259,500,000
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT (RM)		1.1533	1.1276

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (*Unaudited*) For the financial period from 1 April 2013 to 30 June 2013

		1 April 2013	1 April 2012
		<u>to</u> 30 June 2013	<u>to</u> 30 June 2012
	Note	RM	RM
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Gross dividend income Profit from short term Shariah-compliant		3,933,940	3,796,200
deposits		19,000	17,002
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	4	16,584,205	3,576,364
		20,537,145	7,389,566
EXPENSES			
Management fee	13	(289,598)	(300,989)
Trustee's fee	14	(36,200)	(37,623)
License fee	15	(28,842)	(31,008)
Brokerage fees		(36,246)	(50,565)
Purification of non Shariah-compliant income		(46,834)	(90,559)
Other expenses	16	(47,060)	-
		(484,780)	(510,744)
NET INCOME BEFORE TAXATION		20,052,365	6,878,822
TAXATION	17	(82,786)	(99,791)
NET INCOME AFTER TAX AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		19,969,579	6,779,031
Net income after taxation is made up as follows:			
Realised amount		12,357,569	(9,955,558)
Unrealised amount		7,612,010	16,734,589
		19,969,579	6,779,031

# **STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (***Unaudited***)** For the financial period ended 30 June 2013

	Note	<u>YTD</u> 30 June 2013 RM	<u>YTD</u> 30 June 2012 RM
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Gross dividend income Profit from short term Shariah-compliant		5,691,540	6,297,346
deposits Net gain on financial assets at fair value		45,734	56,303
through profit and loss	4	7,863,444	17,433,097
EXPENSES		13,600,718	23,786,746
Management fee	13	(566,196)	(610,016)
Trustee's fee	14	(70,774)	(76,252)
License fee	15	(55,336)	(57,498)
Brokerage fees		(76,046)	(56,490)
Purification of non Shariah-compliant income		(87,714)	(146,850)
Other expenses	16	(76,154)	-
		(932,220)	(947,106)
NET INCOME BEFORE TAXATION		12,668,498	22,839,640
TAXATION		(102,936)	43,011
NET INCOME AFTER TAX AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		12,565,562	22,882,651
Net income after taxation is made up as follows:			
Realised amount		15,410,488	(4,047,728)
Unrealised amount		(2,844,926)	26,930,379
		12,565,562	22,882,651
Income distribution per unit to unit holders	18	0.023	0.018

## **STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Unaudited)**

## For the financial period from 1 April 2013 to 30 June 2013

	Unit holders' Capital RM	Accumulated Gains/ (Losses) RM	Total RM
Balance as at 1 April 2013	273,067,273	5,758,859	278,826,132
Total Comprehensive Income for the period	-	19,969,579	19,969,579
Distribution for the period	-	-	-
Cancellation of units	(2,737,600)	-	(2,737,600)
At 30 June 2013	270,329,673	25,728,438	296,058,111

## For the financial period ended 30 June 2013

	Note	Unit holders' Capital RM	Accumulated Gains/ (Losses) RM	Total RM
Balance as at 1 January 2013		273,494,713	19,122,176	292,616,889
Total Comprehensive Income for the period		-	12,565,562	12,565,562
Distribution for the period	18	-	(5,959,300)	(5,959,300)
Cancellation of units		(3,165,040)	- -	(3,165,040)
At 30 June 2013		270,329,673	25,728,438	296,058,111

# CASH FLOW STATEMENT (*Unaudited*) For the financial period from 1 April 2013 to 30 June 2013

		1 April 2013 to	1 April 2012 to
	<u>Note</u>	30 June 2013 RM	30 June 2012 RM
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash used in purchase of investments Proceeds from sales of investments Dividends received Profit from short term Shariah-compliant deposits Capital repayment received Management fee paid Trustee fee paid License fee paid Purification of non Shariah-compliant income		(15,050,933) 15,148,142 3,659,182 19,000 - (286,364) (35,795) (28,981)	(20,946,465) 21,191,572 3,412,730 17,002 35,474 (303,057) (37,882) (31,812) (320,000)
Payment for other fees and expenses		(102,594)	(48,656)
Net cash inflow from operating activities		3,321,657	2,968,906
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Payment of income distribution Proceeds from units created Payments for cancellation of units		- - (18,557)	(5,254,200) - -
Net cash outflow from financing activities		(18,557)	(5,254,200)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		3,303,100	(2,285,294)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		2,036,463	6,885,280
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	7	5,339,563	4,599,986
Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Cash and bank balances Short term Shariah-compliant deposits		402,642 4,936,921	577,661 4,022,325
	7	5,339,563	4,599,986

# CASH FLOW STATEMENT (*Unaudited*) For the financial period ended 30 June 2013

	<u>Note</u>	30 June 2013 RM	30 June 2012 RM
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash used in purchase of investments Proceeds from sales of investments Dividends received Profit from short term Shariah-compliant deposits Capital repayment received Management fee paid Trustee fee paid License fee paid Purification of non Shariah-compliant income Payment for other fees and expenses		(30,191,513) 33,153,412 5,338,625 45,734 - (565,075) (70,634) (57,940) - (102,830)	(23,905,924) 23,684,743 5,806,637 56,303 35,474 (652,787) (81,598) (78,028) (242,217) (78,022)
Net cash inflow from operating activities		7,549,779	4,544,581
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Payment of income distribution Proceeds from units created Payments for cancellation of units	22 22	(5,959,300) - (24,930)	(5,254,200) - (1,873,210)
Net cash outflow from financing activities		(5,984,230)	(7,127,410)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,565,549	(2,582,829)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		3,774,014	7,182,815
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	7	5,339,563 ————	4,599,986
Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Cash and bank balances Short term Shariah-compliant deposits	7	402,642 4,936,921 5,339,563	577,661 4,022,325 4,599,986

# SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

Unless otherwise stated, the following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items that are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

#### A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Exchange Traded Fund ("the Fund") have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") and International Financial Reporting Standards.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. It also requires Directors to exercise their judgment in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgment are based on the Directors' best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note L.

## Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations to existing standards that are applicable to the Fund but not yet effective

The Fund will apply the new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations in the following period:

- (i) Financial year beginning on/after 1 January 2013
  - MFRS 13 "Fair value measurement" (effective from 1 January 2013) aims to improve consistency and reduce complexity by providing a precise definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use across MFRSs. The requirements do not extend the use of fair value accounting but provide guidance on how it should be applied where its use is already required or permitted by other standards. The enhanced disclosure requirements are similar to those in MFRS 7 "Financial instruments: Disclosures", but apply to all assets and liabilities measured at fair value, not just financial ones.

# SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2013 (CONTINUED)

#### A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations to existing standards that are applicable to the Fund but not yet effective (continued)

- (i) Financial year beginning on/after 1 January 2013 (continued)
  - Amendment to MFRS 7 "Financial instruments: Disclosures" (effective from 1 January 2013) requires more extensive disclosures focusing on quantitative information about recognised financial instruments that are offset in the statement of financial position and those that are subject to master netting or similar arrangements irrespective of whether they are offset.
- (ii) Financial year beginning on/after 1 January 2014
  - Amendment to MFRS 132 "Financial instruments: Presentation" (effective from 1 January 2014) does not change the current offsetting model in MFRS 132. It clarifies the meaning of 'currently has a legally enforceable right of set-off' that the right of set-off must be available today (not contingent on a future event) and legally enforceable for all counterparties in the normal course of business. It clarifies that some gross settlement mechanisms with features that are effectively equivalent to net settlement will satisfy the MFRS 132 offsetting criteria.
- (iii) Financial year beginning on/after 1 January 2015
  - MFRS 9 "Financial instruments classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities" (effective from 1 January 2015) replaces the multiple classification and measurement models in MFRS 139 with a single model that has only two classification categories: amortised cost and fair value. The basis of classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.
  - The accounting and presentation for financial liabilities and for de-recognising financial instruments has been relocated from MFRS 139, without change, except for financial liabilities that are designated at fair value through profit or loss("FVTPL"). Entities with financial liabilities designated at FVTPL recognise changes in the fair value due to changes in the liability's credit risk directly in other comprehensive income ("OCI"). There is no subsequent recycling of the amounts in OCI to profit or loss, but accumulated gains or losses may be transferred within equity.

The guidance in MFRS 139 on impairment of financial assets and hedge accounting continues to apply.

MFRS 7 requires disclosures on transition from MFRS 139 to MFRS 9.

The Fund will apply these standards when effective. The adoption of these standards and amendments will not have significant impact on the results of the Fund.

# SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2013 (CONTINUED)

#### B INCOME FROM SHARIAH-COMPLIANT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Revenue arising from assets yielding profit is recognised on an accruals basis (taking into account the effective yield of the asset).

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

#### C NON SHARIAH-COMPLIANT INCOME

Any income or distribution received by the Fund from its investment portfolio which relates to interest income or dividend income from fortuitous activities (does not comply with the Shariah principles) of the underlying companies is considered Non Shariah-compliant Income.

This Non Shariah-compliant Income is subject to an income purification process as determined by the Shariah Adviser from time to time and without limitation, the Non Shariah-compliant Income may be distributed to organisations considered beneficial to the public at large which are endorsed by the Shariah Adviser and approved by the Trustee.

#### D TAXATION

Current tax expense is determined according to the Malaysian tax laws and includes all taxes based upon the taxable profits.

#### E CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balances and deposits that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### F AMOUNT DUE TO / FROM STOCKBROKERS

Amounts due from and to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet settled or delivered on the statement of financial position date respectively.

These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective profit method, less provision for impairment for amounts due from brokers. A provision for impairment of amounts due from brokers is established when there is objective evidence that the Fund will not be able to collect all amounts due from the relevant broker. Significant financial difficulties of the broker, probability that the broker will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are considered indicators that the amount due from brokers is impaired. Once a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been written down as a result of an impairment loss, profit income is recognised using the rate of profit used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

# SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2013 (CONTINUED)

#### F AMOUNT DUE TO / FROM STOCKBROKERS (CONTINUED)

The effective profit method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating the profit income or profit expense over the relevant period. The effective profit rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts throughout the expected life of the financial instrument, or, when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective profit rate, the Fund estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees and points paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective profit rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

#### G FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

#### (i) Classification

The Fund designates its investment in equity securities as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at inception.

Financial assets are designated at fair value through profit or loss when they are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis.

#### (ii) Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date – the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value. Transaction costs are expensed in the income statement.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss' in the period in which they arise.

Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as part of gross dividend income when the Fund's right to receive payments is established.

In accordance with the Deed, quoted investments in Malaysia are valued at the last done market price quoted on Bursa Malaysia at the date of the statement of financial position.

# SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2013 (CONTINUED)

#### H CREATION AND CANCELLATION OF UNITS

The Fund issues cancellable units, which are cancelled at the unit holder's option and are classified as equity. Cancellable units can be put back to the Fund at any time for shares and cash equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value.

Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unit holders with the total number of outstanding units. In accordance with the SC Guidelines on Exchange Traded Funds, investment positions are valued based on the last traded market price for the purpose of determining the net asset value per unit for creations and cancellations.

#### I PRESENTATION AND FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia, which is the Fund's presentation and functional currency.

#### J SEGMENT REPORTING

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of the Fund's manager that undertakes strategic decisions for the Fund.

#### K REALISED AND UNREALISED PORTIONS OF NET INCOME AFTER TAX

The analysis of realised and unrealised net income after tax as disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income is prepared in accordance with the SC Guidelines on Exchange Traded Funds.

#### L CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Financial Reporting Standards and the SC Guidelines on Exchange Traded Funds requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the financial year. Although these estimates are based on the Manager's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated by the Manager and the Trustee and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

#### 1 INFORMATION ON THE FUND

The Exchange Traded Fund (the "Fund") was constituted under the name MyETF Dow Jones Islamic Market Malaysia Titans 25 pursuant to the execution of a trust deed dated 17 January 2008 (the "Deed") entered into between *i*-VCAP Management Sdn. Bhd. (the "Manager") and Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad (the "Trustee").

The Fund was launched on 22 January 2008 and will continue its operations until terminated by the Trustee or the Manager as provided under Clause 25 of the Deed.

The Fund is an exchange traded fund that is designed to provide investment results that closely correspond to the performance of the Dow Jones Islamic Market Malaysia Titans 25 Index ("Benchmark Index") regardless of its performance. The Benchmark Index is a free float-adjusted, market capitalization weighted index representing securities of 25 leading Shariah-compliant Malaysian companies listed on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. All investments will be subjected to the SC Guidelines on Exchange Traded Funds, the Deed and the objective of the Fund.

As provided in the Deed, the financial year shall end on 31 December.

The Manager is a company incorporated in Malaysia. The principal activity of the Manager is the provision of Shariah investment management services.

#### 2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks which include market risk, cash flow profit rate risk and credit/default risk from the following financial instruments:

	Financing and	Asset at fair value through profit or	Total
	Receivables RM	loss RM	RM
30 June 2013			
Financial Assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	290,334,218	290,334,218
Other Receivables	661,417	-	661,417
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,339,563	-	5,339,563
Total	6,000,980	290,334,218	296,335,198

All current liabilities are financial liabilities which are carried at amortised cost.

Financial risk management is carried out through internal control processes adopted by the Manager and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated in the SC Guidelines on Exchange Traded Funds.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2013 (CONTINUED)

#### 2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Market risk

#### Price Risk

The Fund is exposed to equity securities price risk arising from investments held by the Fund for which prices in the future are uncertain. The very nature of an exchange traded fund, however, helps mitigate this risk because a fund would generally hold a well-diversified portfolio of securities from different market sectors so that the collapse of any one security or any one market sector would not impact too greatly on the value of the fund.

At 30 June, the fair value of equities exposed to price risk was as follows:

	Fa	ir Value
	2013	2012
	RM	RM
Financial Assets at fair value through profit or loss	290,334,218	288,648,829
Thansa risson at iam value timeag. From or issu	=======================================	=======================================

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's unrealized income or loss to equity price movements as at 30 June 2013. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the Dow Jones Islamic Market Malaysia Titans 25 Index ("the Index") increased by 10% and decreased by 10%, with all other variables held constant, and that the fair value of the Fund's portfolio of equity securities moved according to their historical correlation with the Index.

30 June 2013			Change in
% Change in benchmark index	Benchmark Index	Market Value RM	unrealised gain RM
-10%	922.40	264,578,670	(25,755,549)
0%	1,024.89	290,334,218	-
10%	1,127.38	316,089,767	25,755,549

The Index is used as a benchmark as the Fund is designed to provide investment results that closely correspond to the performance of the Index.

#### Cash flow profit rate risk

The Fund holds a limited amount cash and cash equivalents that exposed the Fund to cash flow profit rate risk. The Fund's policy requires cash and cash equivalents to comprise no more than 10% of the fund's assets.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2013 (CONTINUED)

#### 2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Credit/Default risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

The credit risk arising from placements of deposits in licensed financial institutions is managed by ensuring that the Fund will only place deposits in reputable licensed financial institutions. For amount due from stockbrokers, the settlement terms are governed by the relevant rules and regulations as prescribed by Bursa Securities. The settlement terms of the proceeds from the creation of units receivable from the Manager are governed by the SC's Guidelines on Exchange Traded Funds.

The credit/default risk is minimal as all transactions in quoted investments are settled/ paid upon delivery using approved brokers.

The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancements at 30 June 2013 is the carrying amount of the financial assets as set out below.

	30 June 2013 RM	31 December 2012 RM
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,339,563	3,774,014
Other Assets	661,417	411,586
Total	6,000,980	4,185,600

None of these assets is impaired nor past due but not impaired.

At 30 June 2013, all cash and cash equivalents are placed with Bank Islam Malaysia Berhad.

#### 3 CAPITAL AND LIABILITY RISK MANAGEMENT

The capital of the Fund is represented by the net assets attributable to unit holders. The amount of net asset attributable to unit holders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily creations and cancellations of units at the discretion of unit holders. The Manager will provide Perfect Basket which comprise a portfolio of the Benchmark Index shares in substantially the same composition and weighting as the Benchmark Index and cash component to be delivered by the investors in the case of creations and to be transferred to the unit holders in the case of cancellations. The Fund maintains sufficient quantity of shares and cash in proportion to the Perfect Basket.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2013 (CONTINUED)

#### 4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	30 June 2013 RM	31 December 2012 RM
Designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception - Shares quoted in Malaysia	290,334,218	288,648,829
	Quarter Ended 30 June 2013 RM	Quarter Ended 30 June 2012 RM
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
- Realised - Change in unrealised	9,292,732 7,291,473	(12,718,153) 16,294,517
	16,584,205	3,576,364
	Year to Date 30 June 2013 RM	Year to Date 30 June 2012 RM
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
- Realised - Change in unrealised	11,028,907 (3,165,463)	(9,057,211) 26,490,308
	7,863,444	17,433,097

#### 5 DIVIDENDS RECEIVABLE

Dividends Receivable represents dividends declared on the Fund's component stocks at the Ex-Date and not yet received at the end of the financial period.

Dividends Receivable – Non Shariah-compliant Income represents the portion of the dividends receivable which relates to income that does not comply with Shariah principles.

The level of Non Shariah-compliant Income is based on the impure ratio for each component stock as determined by S&P Dow Jones Indices.

Dividends declared are recognized on the Ex-Date and are reversed out from the receivables upon receipt by the Fund.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2013 (CONTINUED)

#### 6 RECEIVABLES

		30 June 2013 RM	31 December 2012 RM
	Other Receivables	2,991 	2,712
7	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
		30 June 2013 RM	31 December 2012 RM
	Shariah compliant deposits with a licensed bank Cash at Bank – From Shariah-compliant Income Cash at Bank – From Non Shariah-compliant Income	4,936,921 313,424 89,218 5,339,563	3,756,300 12,027 5,687 3,774,014

The effective average profit rate of short term deposits per annum as at the date of the statement of assets and liabilities is as follows:

	30 June 2013 %pa	31 December 2012 %pa
Shariah compliant deposits with a licensed bank	3.01	2.90

As at the end of the financial period ended 30 June 2013, the Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed bank of the Fund have a weighted average maturity period of 7 days (31 December 2012: 3 Days) and are denominated in Ringgit Malaysia.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2013 (CONTINUED)

### 8 PAYABLES

	Note	30 June 2013 RM	31 December 2012 RM
Amount due to Index Licensor Amount due to Shariah Adviser		55,403 4,500	58,008 4,500
Amount due to beneficial organisations	9	93,954	6,240
Amount due to Participating Dealer		3,962	4,112
Other payables		4,376	4,449
		162,195	77,309

#### 9 AMOUNT DUE TO BENEFICIAL ORGANISATIONS

Amount due to beneficial organisations is the Non Shariah-compliant Income portion of dividends received and receivable as at 30 June. It comprises the following amounts:

	30 June 2013	31 December 2012
	RM	RM
Cash at Bank – Non Shariah-compliant Income	89,218	5,687
Dividends Receivable - Non Shariah-compliant Income	4,736	553
	93,954	6,240

Cash at bank – Non Shariah-compliant Income represents the portion of dividends already received during the financial period which relates to income that does not comply with Shariah principles.

The level of Non Shariah-compliant Income is based on the impure ratio for each component stock as determined by S&P Dow Jones Indices.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2013 (CONTINUED)

### 10 NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION AND NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS

Net Asset Value (NAV) attributable to unit holders is represented by:

(2)		
(a)	270,329,673 31,687,738 (5,959,300)	273,494,713 27,725,126 (8,602,950)
	296,058,111	292,616,889
	(a)	31,687,738 (5,959,300)

### (a) UNIT HOLDERS' CONTRIBUTION / UNITS IN CIRCULATION

	30 June	2013	31 Decem	ber 2012
	No. of Units	RM	No. of Units	RM
At beginning of year	259,500,000	292,616,889	410,300,000	411,303,163
Created during the year	-	-		-
Redeemed during the				
year	(2,800,000)	(3,165,040)	(150,800,000)	(154,366,400)
Net Income Distribution		(5,959,300)	-	(8,602,950)
	256,700,000	283,492,549	259,500,000	248,333,813
Total Comprehensive				
Income for the year		12,565,562	=	44,283,076
At the end of the	050 700 000	000 050 111	050 500 000	000 040 000
financial year	256,700,000	296,058,111	259,500,000	292,616,889
Approved size of Fund	10,000,000,000			

In accordance with the Deed, the Manager may increase the size of the Fund from time to time with the approval of the Trustee and the SC. The maximum number of units that can be issued out for circulation by the Fund is 10,000,000,000. As at 30 June 2013, the number of units not yet issued by the Fund is 9,743,300,000 (2012: 9,740,500,000).

The Manager, i-VCAP Management Sdn. Bhd., did not hold any units in the Fund as at 30 June 2013.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2013 (CONTINUED)

## 11 TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS

Details of transactions with the brokers for the period ended 30 June 2013 are as follows:

Name of brokers	Value of trade	Percentage of total trades	Brokerage fees	Percentage of total brokerage
	RM	%	RM	%
Maybank Investment Bank Bhd CIMB Investment Bank Bhd RHB Investment Bank Bhd	25,639,448 21,194,680 16,510,797	40.48 33.45 26.07	30,797 25,426 19,823	40.50 33.44 26.06
	63,344,925	100.00	76,046	100.00

All the brokers listed above are not related to the Manager.

### 12 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND PARTIES RELATED TO THE MANAGER

The related parties of and their relationship with the Fund are as follows:

Related parties	Relationship
i-VCAP Management Sdn. Bhd. ("i-VCAP")	The Manager
Valuecap Sdn Bhd ("Valuecap")	Holding company of the Manager
Directors of Valuecap and shareholders of Valuecap with significant influence	Other related parties

There are no units that were held by the Manager as at the end of the period.

		30 June 2013	31 De	ecember 2012
	No. of units	RM	No. of units	RM
Valuecap and other related parties at NAV - Legally (direct holding) - Beneficially (indirectly through nominee banks/ investment banks)	243,110,300	280,379,109	243,110,300	274,131,174
	243,110,300	280,379,109	243,110,300	274,131,174

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2013 (CONTINUED)

#### 13 MANAGEMENT FEE

The Manager is entitled to a management fee at a rate not exceeding 1.0% per annum on the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Fund calculated on daily basis, as provided under Clause 14.1 of the Deed.

For the financial period ended 30 June 2013, the management fee was recognised at a rate of 0.4% (2012: 0.4%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on daily basis.

There will be no further liability to the Manager in respect of management fee other than the amounts recognised above.

#### 14 TRUSTEE'S FEE

The Trustee is entitled to an annual fee, inclusive of custodian fee, at a rate not exceeding 0.08% per annum on the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Fund, as provided under Clause 14.2 of the Deed.

For the financial period ended 30 June 2013, the Trustee's fee was recognised at a rate of 0.05% (2012: 0.05%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, inclusive of local custodian fee, calculated on daily basis.

There will be no further liability to the Trustee in respect of trustee fee other than the amounts recognised above.

#### 15 LICENSE FEE

License fee is payable to S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC ("S&P Dow Jones"), the Benchmark Index provider.

For the financial period ended 30 June 2012, the License Fee was recognised at a rate of 0.04% (2012: 0.04%) per annum of the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Fund, calculated on daily basis.

There will be no further liability to S&P Dow Jones in respect of license fee other than the amounts recognised above.

#### 16 OTHER EXPENSES

Included in Other Expenses are professional fees, other than Management, Trustee's and License Fees, and other expenses as permitted by the Deed, paid or provided for during the year.

With effect from 11 March 2010, the rate at which Other Expenses are accrued for had been reduced from 0.05% per annum of the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Fund to 0.025%. Commencing 18 February 2012, the accrual has been suspended.

With effect from 1 February 2013, the accrual for Other Expenses was re-activated at 0.065% per annum of the NAV of the Fund, calculated on daily basis.

The expenses are reversed out from the accrual on their respective payment dates.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2013 (CONTINUED)

### 17 TAXATION

	<u>1 April to</u> <u>30 June 2013</u> RM	<u>1 April to</u> <u>30 June 2012</u> RM
Current taxation Current year	82,786	99,791

The numerical reconciliation between net income before taxation multiplied by the Malaysian statutory tax rate and tax expense of the Fund is as follows:

	<u>1 April to</u> <u>30 June 2013</u> RM	1 April to 30 June 2012 RM
Net income before taxation	20,052,365	6,878,822
Tax at Malaysian statutory rate of 25% Tax effect of:	5,013,091	1,719,706
Income not subject to tax	(905,449)	(853,509)
Gains exempt from tax	(4,138,811)	(886,566)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	113,955	120,160
	82,786	99,791

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2013 (CONTINUED)

#### 18 INCOME DISTRIBUTION

Distribution to unit holders is from the following sources:

Exempt Dividend Income Profits from Money Market Placements	YTD 30 June 2013 RM 7,498,517 126,220 7,624,737	YTD 30 June 2012 RM 8,946,684 218,194  9,164,878
Less: Expenses Exempt Non Shariah-compliant Income Fund Related Expenses Dividend Tax Expense	(267,596) (1,540,892) 143,051	(444,516) (2,993,823) (472,339)
Total Amount of Income Distribution	5,959,300	5,254,200
Distribution Date Income distributable per unit (sen) Distribution yield	27 February 2013 2.30 2.05%	9 March 2012 1.80 1.74%

The Net Asset Value per unit prior and subsequent to the income distribution for period ended 30 June 2013 was as follows:

<u>Distribution date</u>	Cum-distribution RM	Distribution <u>per unit</u> RM	Ex-distribution RM
27 February 2013	1.0751	0.0230	1.0521

A final income distribution for the financial year ended 31 December 2012 of 2.30 sen per unit was declared on 8 February 2013 based on the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2012 with an ex-date on 27 February 2013 and entitlement date on 1 March 2013. The total amount of income distributed was RM5,959,300 based on 259,100,000 of MyETF-DJIM25's units in circulation, which was paid out to unit holders on 26 March 2013.

Subsequent to 30 June 2013, an interim income distribution for the financial year ending 31 December 2013 of 1.50 sen per unit was declared on 30 July 2013 based on the financial position as at 30 June 2013 with an ex-date of 15 August 2013 and entitlement date of 19 August 2013. Based on 256,700,000 of MyETF-DJIM25's units in circulation on 30 June 2013, the indicative total distribution amount will be RM3,850,500.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2013 (CONTINUED)

#### 19 MANAGEMENT EXPENSE RATIO ("MER")

	30 June 2013	30 June 2012
	%	%
MER	0.27	0.24

MER is derived from the following calculation:

$$MER = \frac{(A + B + C + D + E + F) \times 100}{G}$$

A = Management fee B = Trustee's fee C = Licensing fee

D = Auditors' remuneration

E = Tax agent's fee

F = Administrative expenses

G = Average net asset value of Fund calculated on daily basis

The average net asset value of the Fund for the financial year calculated on daily basis is RM285,434,532 (30 June 2012: RM306,797,650)

#### 20 PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

	<u>30 June 2013</u>	<u>30 June 2012</u>
	%	%
PTR (times)	0.11	0.08

PTR is derived from the following calculation:

(Total acquisition for the financial year + total disposal for the financial year)  $\div$  2 Average net asset value of the Fund for the financial year calculated on daily basis

where: total acquisition for the financial year = RM33,207,041 (30 June 2012: RM23,721,890) total disposal for the financial year = RM30,144,013 (30 June 2012: RM23,250,204)

The average net asset value of the Fund for the financial year calculated on daily basis is RM285,434,532 (30 June 2012: RM306,797,650)

#### 21 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Fund is designed to provide investment results that closely correspond to the performance of the Benchmark Index. The manager attempts to achieve a tracking error of less than 3% between the Net Asset Value of the fund and the Benchmark Index.

The internal reporting provided to the CEO for the fund's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of MFRS. The CEO is responsible for the performance of the fund and considers the business to have a single operating segment.

There were no changes in the reportable segments during the period.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2013 (CONTINUED)

#### 22 NON CASH TRANSACTIONS

Creations and cancellations are done by transferring the Perfect Basket from and to the Unit holders respectively. A reconciliation of the cash flows used in creation and cancellation and the total creation and cancellation as presented in the statement of changes in equity is presented below:

	30 June 2013 RM	30 June 2012 RM
Creation - Fair value of Benchmark Index shares	-	-
- Cash component	-	-
		-
Cancellation		
<ul><li>Fair value of Benchmark Index shares</li><li>Cash component</li></ul>	3,140,110 24,930	117,108,550 1,873,210
	3,165,040	118,981,760

#### 23 FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the amount at which a financial asset could be exchanged or a financial liability could be settled between knowledgeable and willing parties in an arm's length transactions.

The amendment MFRS7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' requires the Fund to classify fair value measurement using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data, (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The level in fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The Fund's financial asset designated as fair value through profit or loss is an investment whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and therefore classified within level 1.

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the financial asset measured at fair value at 30 June 2013:

Financial Assets at fair value through profit and loss

Level 1 RM 290,334,218

Quoted Shares in Malaysia

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2013 (CONTINUED)

## 24 SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DISCLOSED PURSUANT TO BURSA MALAYSIA SECURITIES BERHAD LISTING REQUIREMENTS

The following analysis of realised and unrealised retained profits / (accumulated losses) at the legal entity level is prepared in accordance with Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad's Listing Requirements and the Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, "Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements", as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants whilst the disclosure is based on the prescribed format by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

	30 June 2013 RM
Total retained profits/accumulated losses of the Fund - Realised - Unrealised	(36,154,989) 61,883,427
	25,728,438

The analysis between realised and unrealised above is prepared on a different basis as compared to the analysis of realised and unrealised as disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income